



सत्यमेव जयते

GOVERNMENT OF MECHALAYA



# GENDER STATISTICS 2023



DIRECTORATE OF ECONOMICS AND STATISTICS

## **PREFACE**

GENDER STATISTICS Publication aims at highlighting the gender inequality that is prevailing in the state and to provide a base for creating programmes and policies which will work towards the upliftment of the status of women especially in the political, economic and social field. This gender Statistic Report 2023 is the 1<sup>st</sup> publication series released by the Directorate of Economics and Statistics which focuses on demography, health, education, employment and other social obstacles.

The Directorate gratefully acknowledges the kind cooperation extended by different departments and Non-Governmental Organization by supplying the requisite information for incorporation in this publication.

I would like to express my sincere gratitude to all Officers and staff of the Publication Section engaged in bringing out this publication.

Comments and suggestion for further improvement in terms of quality, coverage, content, presentation etc in the upcoming publication would be highly appreciated.

Dated: Shillong  
August 2023

**(A.M Laloo)**  
Director  
Economics and Statistics  
Meghalaya



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## 1. INTRODUCTION

Women and girls represent half of the world's population and therefore also half of its potential. But, today gender inequality persists everywhere and stagnates social progress. Inequalities faced by girls can begin right at birth and follow them all their lives. In some countries, girls are deprived of access to health care or proper nutrition, leading to a higher mortality rate.

As girls move into adolescence, gender disparities widen. Child marriage affects girls far more than boys. Marrying young also affects girls' education. Disadvantages in education translate into lack of access to skills and limited opportunities in the labor market. Women's and girls' empowerment is essential to expand economic growth and promote social development. The full participation of women in labor forces would add percentage points to most national growth rates— double digits in many cases.

Regardless of where you live in, gender equality is a fundamental human right. Advancing gender equality is critical to all areas of a healthy society, from reducing poverty to promoting the health, education, protection and the well-being of girls and boys.

### NEED FOR GENDER STATISTICS

Gender statistics are needed to measure and monitor the realities of the lives of women and men, and of girls and boys. A broad diversity of topics and issues is covered under the heading of gender statistics, reflecting the changing roles of women and men in society, in the economy and in families and households. Gender statistics help policymakers to formulate and monitor policies and plans, monitor changes, and inform the public.



## STATUS OF WOMEN UNDER SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS (SDGS) 2030

The effort towards gender equality and empowerment of women was recognized with the onset of Millennium Development Goals and got a big boost with the focus of SDGs on gender equality and women's rights. Out of 17 Sustainable Development Goals, Goal 5 aims at achieving gender equality and empowers all women and girls. Its targets are-

- End all forms of discrimination against all women and girls everywhere
- Eliminate all forms of violence against all women and girls in the public and private spheres, including trafficking and sexual and other types of exploitation
- Eliminate all harmful practices, such as child, early and forced marriage and female genital mutilation
- Recognize and value unpaid care and domestic work through the provision of public services, infrastructure and social protection policies and the promotion of shared responsibility within the household and the family as nationally appropriate
- Ensure women's full and effective participation and equal opportunities for leadership at all levels of decision making in political, economic and public life
- Ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health and reproductive rights as agreed in accordance with the programme of Action of the International conference on population and Development and the Beijing Platform for Action and the outcome documents of their review.

## IMPORTANT CONSTITUTIONAL AND LEGAL PROVISION FOR WOMEN IN INDIA AND MEGHALAYA

### A. CONSTITUTIONAL PROVISIONS

The Constitution of India not only grants equality to women but also empowers the State to adopt measures in favour of women for neutralizing the cumulative socio economic, education and political disadvantages faced by them. Fundamental Rights, among others, ensure equality before the law and equal protection of law; prohibits discrimination against any citizen on grounds of religion, race, caste, sex or place of birth, and guarantee equality of opportunity to all citizens in matters relating to employment. Articles 14, 15 (1), 15(3), 16, 21, 39(a), 39(d), 39(A) and 42,46,47,51 (A) (e), 243 D (3), 243 D (4), 243 T (3) and 243 T (4) of the Constitution are of specific importance in this regard.



## Constitutional Privileges

- a. Equality before law for women (Article 14)
- b. The State shall not discriminate against any citizen on grounds of religion, race, caste, sex, place of birth or any of them (Article 15(i))
- c. The State to make special provision in favour of women and children (Article 15 (3))
- d. Equality of opportunity for all citizens in matters relating to employment or appointment to any office under the State (Article 16)
- e. Protection of life and personal liberty. No person shall be deprived of his life or personal liberty except according to procedure established by law (Article 21)
- f. The State to direct its policy towards securing for men and women equality, the right to an adequate means of livelihood (Article 39(a)); and equal pay for equal work for both men and women (Article 39(d))
- g. To promote justice, on a basis of equal opportunity and to provide free legal aid by suitable legislation or scheme or in any other way to ensure that opportunities for securing justice are not denied to any citizen by reason of economic or other disabilities (Article 39 A)
- h. The State to make provision for securing just and humane conditions of work and for maternity relief (Article 42)
- i. The State to promote with special care the educational and economic interests of the weaker sections of the people and to protect them from social injustice and all forms of exploitation (Article 46)
- j. The State to raise the level of nutrition and the standard of living of its people (Article 47)
- k. To promote harmony and the spirit of common brotherhood amongst all the people of India and to renounce practices derogatory to the dignity of women (Article 51(A) (e))
- l. Not less than one-third (including the number of seats reserved for women belonging to the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes) of the total number of seats to be filled by direct election in every Panchayat to be reserved for women and such seats to be allotted by rotation to different constituencies in a Panchayat (Article 243 D(3))
- m. Not less than one-third of the total number of offices of Chairpersons in the Panchayat at each level to be reserved for women (Article 243 D (4))
- n. Not less than one-third (including the number of seats reserved for women belonging to the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes) of the total number of seats to be filled by direct election in every Municipality shall be reserved for women and such seats to be allotted by rotation to different constituencies in a Municipality (Article 243 T(3))
- o. Offices of Chairpersons in Municipalities shall be reserved for the Scheduled Castes, the Scheduled Tribes and women in such manner as the legislature of a State may by law provide (Article 243 T(4))

## **B. LEGAL PROVISIONS**

### **Legal Rights**

To uphold the Constitutional mandate, the State has enacted various legislative measures intended to ensure equal rights, to counter social discrimination and various forms of violence and atrocities and to provide support services especially to working women. Although women may be victims of crimes such as 'Murder', 'Robbery', 'Cheating' etc., the crimes, which are directed specifically against women, are characterised as 'Crime against Women'. These are broadly classified under two categories.

#### **I) Punishments for crimes Under the India Penal Code (IPC)**

- i. Rape (Sec. 376 IPC)
- ii. Kidnapping & Abduction for different purpose (Sec. 363-373)
- iii. Homicide for Dowry, Dowry Deaths or their attempts (Sec. 302/304-B IPC)
- iv. Torture, both mental and physical (Sec. 498-A IPC)
- v. Molestation (Sec. 354 IPC)
- vi. Sexual Harassment (Sec. 509 IPC)
- vii. Importation of girls (up to 21 years of age) (Sec. 366-B IPC)

#### **II) The Crimes identified under the Special Laws (SLL)**

Although all laws are not gender specific, the provisions of law affecting women significantly have been reviewed periodically and amendments were carried out to keep pace with the emerging requirements. Some acts which have special provisions to safeguard women and their interests are:

- i. The Employees State Insurance Act, 1948
- ii. The Plantation Labour Act, 1951
- iii. The Family Courts Act, 1954
- iv. The Special Marriage Act, 1954
- v. The Hindu Marriage Act, 1955
- vi. The Hindu Succession Act, 1956 with amendment in 2005
- vii. Immoral Traffic (Prevention) Act, 1956

- viii. The Maternity Benefit Act, 1961 (Amended in 1995)
- ix. Dowry Prohibition Act, 1961
- ix. The Medical Termination of Pregnancy Act, 1971
- x. The Contract Labour (Regulation and Abolition) Act, 1976
- xi. The Equal Remuneration Act, 1976
- xii. The Prohibition of Child Marriage Act, 2006
- xiii. The Criminal Law (Amendment) Act, 1983
- xiv. The Factories (Amendment) Act, 1986
- xv. Indecent Representation of Women (Prohibition) Act, 1986
- xvi. Commission of Sati (Prevention) Act, 1987
- xvii. The Protection of Women from Domestic violence Act, 2005

### III) **Some Important Acts**

- i) The Pre-Conception and Pre-Natal Diagnostic Techniques (Prohibition of Sex Selection) Act, 1994

## C. SPECIAL INITIATIVES FOR WOMEN

### i) **National Commission for Women**

In January 1992, the Government set-up this apex statutory body with a specific mandate to study and monitor all matters relating to the constitutional and legal safeguards provided for women, review the existing legislation to suggest amendments wherever necessary, etc., It is for protecting and promoting the interests of women. It generates legal awareness among women, thus equipping them with the knowledge of their rights and with a capacity to use their rights. It assists women in redressed of their grievances through services. It facilitates speedy delivery of justice to women by organizing Lok Adalats in different parts of the country.

### ii) **Reservation for Women in Local Self-Government**

The 73<sup>rd</sup> Constitutional Amendment Acts passed in 1992 by Parliament ensure one-third of the total seats for women in all elected offices in local bodies whether in rural areas or urban areas.



**iii) The National Plan of Action for the Girl Child(1991-2000)**

The plan of Action is to ensure survival, protection and development of the girl child with the ultimate objective of building up a better future for the girl child.

**iv) National Policy for the Empowerment of Women, 2001**

The Department of Women & Child Development in the Ministry of Human Resource Development has prepared a “**National Policy for the Empowerment of Women**” in the year 2001. The goal of this policy is to bring about the advancement, development and empowerment of women.

**v) Hindu Succession (Amendment) Act, 2005**

The Hindu Succession (Amendment) Act is to remove gender discriminatory provisions in the Hindu Succession Act, 1956 and gives the following rights to daughters under Section 6:

- 1) On and from the commencement of the Hindu Succession (Amendment) Act 2005, in a Joint Hindu family governed by the Mitakshara law, the daughter of a coparcener shall,-
  - a. by birth become a coparcener in her own right in the same manner as the son;
  - b. have the same rights in the coparcenaries property as she would have had if she had been a son;
  - c. be subject to the same liabilities in respect of the said coparcenary property as that of a son, and any reference to a Hindu Mitakshara coparceners shall be deemed to include a reference to a daughter of a coparcener;
- 2) Any property to which a female Hindu becomes entitled by virtue of sub-section (1) shall be held by her with the incidents of coparcenary ownership and shall be regarded, notwithstanding anything contained in this Act, or any other law for the time being in force, as property capable of being disposed of by her by testamentary disposition.

3) Where a Hindu dies after the commencement of the Hindu Succession Act, 2005, his interest in the property of a Joint Hindu family governed by the Mitakshara law, shall devolve by testamentary or intestate succession, as the case may be under this Act and not by survivorship, and the Coparcenary property shall be deemed to have been divided as if a partition had taken place and,-

- a) The daughter is allotted the same share as is allotted to a son;
- b) The share of the pre-deceased son or a pre-deceased daughter shall be allotted to the surviving child of such pre-deceased son or of such pre-deceased daughter and
- c) The share of the pre-deceased child of a pre-deceased son or of a pre-deceased daughter as such child would have got had he or she been alive at the time of the partition, shall be allotted to the child of such pre-deceased child of the pre-deceased son or a pre-deceased daughter, as the case may be.

**vi) The Protection of Women from Domestic Violence Act, 2005**

This Act is to provide more effective protection of the rights of women guaranteed under the Constitution who are victims of violence of any kind occurring within the family and for matter connected therewith or incidental thereto.

**vii) Women's Reservation Bill (The Constitution 108<sup>th</sup> Amendment Bill) 2008**

It proposes to amend the Constitution of India to reserve one-third of all seats in the Lok Sabha, and in all state legislative assemblies for women. One third of the total number of seats reserved for SCs and STs shall be reserved for women of those groups in the Lok Sabha and Legislative Assemblies. The Rajya Sabha passed the bill but the Lok Sabha has not yet voted on the bill. This will be helpful in increasing the political participation of women.

**viii) The Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013**

This act is to provide protection against sexual harassment of women at work place and for the prevention and redress of complaints of sexual harassment and for matters connected therewith or incidental there to. It is because an enacted sexual harassment results in violation of the fundamental rights of a woman to equality under article 14 and 15 of the constitution of India and her right to life and to live with dignity under article 21 of the constitution and right to practice any profession or to carry on any occupation, trade or business which includes a right to safe environment free from sexual harassment.

**ix) The criminal law (amendment) Act, 2013**

This legislation passed by Parliament is the result of protest against Delhi rape case also known as Nirbhaya case. This legislation provides amendment in Indian penal code, Code of Criminal Procedure and Indian evidence act on laws related to sexual offences. This Act reorganized certain acts as new offences and prescribed the punishments for those offences like acid attack, act with intent to disrobe a women, voyeurism, stalking & sexual harassment into the Indian penal code.

**D. NATIONAL MISSION FOR EMPOWERMENT OF WOMEN**

National Mission for Empowerment of Women (NMEW) aims to achieve holistic empowerment of women through convergence of schemes/programmes of different Ministries/Department of Government of India as well as State Governments.

Under the Scheme National Mission for Empowerment of Women, technical support to Ministry of Women and Child Development is being provided by domain experts who are involved in the implementation and monitoring of new initiatives of the Ministry like Beti Bachao Beti Padhao (BBBP Scheme), One Stop Centres and Women Helpline etc.

State Resource Centre for Women (SRCW) has been established to provide technical assistance to Department of Women and Child Development /Social Welfare in respective States/UT Administration on issues related to women. 24 SRCWs are functional.

**The following schemes are for Empowerment of Vulnerable and Marginalized Groups and Women in Difficult Circumstances**

- a) Schemes of National Scheduled Tribes Finance and development Corporation (NSTFDC)
- b) Integrated Child Development Scheme
- c) National Rural Health Mission
- d) Janani Suraksha Yojana
- e) Integrated Child Protection Scheme
- f) Swadhar - A scheme for Women in Difficult Circumstances
- g) Targeted Public Distribution System (TPDS)
- h) Antyodaya Anna Yojna (AAY)
- i) Ujjawala- A Scheme for Prevention of Trafficking and Rescue, Rehabilitation and Reintegration



- j) Rashtriya Swasthya Bima Yojana(RSBY)
- k) Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan
- l) Indira Gandhi Matritva Sahyog Yojana (IGMSY) - A Conditional Maternity Benefit Scheme
- m) Rajiv Gandhi Scheme for Empowerment of Adolescent Girls (RGSEAG) Sabla
- n) Swayam Siddha
- o) Scheme for Working Women Hostel
- p) STEP (Support to Training and Employment Programme for Women)
- q) Swarnjayanti Gram Swarozgar Yojana
- r) Indira Awaas Yojana (IAY)
- s) Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act (MGNREGA)

#### **E. MEGHALAYA STATE COMMISSION FOR WOMEN ACT 2005**

An ACT to provide for the constitution of a women's Commission to improve the status of women in the state of Meghalaya and to inquire into unfair practices affecting women and for matters connected therewith or incidental thereto;

#### **POWERS OF THE COMMISSION**

1. The Commission shall, for the purpose of any inquiry under this Act have the same power as are vested in a Civil Court while trying a suit under the Code of Civil procedure, 1908( Central Act 5 of 1908), in respect of the following matters namely :-
  - a. Summoning and enforcing the attendance of any witness and examining him/her ;
  - b. Requiring the discovery and production of any document;
  - c. Receiving evidence on affidavit;
  - d. Requisitioning any public records or copy thereof from any Public office;
  - e. Issuing commissions for examination of witnesses
2. Any proceeding before the commission shall be deemed to be a judicial proceedings within the meaning of section 193 and 228 of the Indian Penal Code (Central Act 45 of 1860) and the commission shall be deemed to be a court for the purpose of section 195 of the Code of criminal Procedure 1973( Central Act 2 of 1974)



## 2. DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS

### ❖ Introduction

Meghalaya Population during 2001 was 23.18 lakhs which has increased to 29.66 lakhs in 2011 census. As per Census 2011, population of Meghalaya comprises of 14.91 lakhs males and 14.75 lakhs females. The percentage share of female population to total population is 49.64% in rural areas and 50.03% in urban areas. The decadal growth rate of population in 2001 was 30.65% which decreased to 27.95% during 2011. The decadal growth rate of female population for the corresponding years was 31.79% and 29.08% respectively. (refer Table No. 2.1, 2.2, 2.3 & 2.3A).

**District wise Population in Meghalaya since 1991-2011**

SL NO	Name	Total Population 2011			Total Population 2001			Total Population 1991		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
1	MEGHALAYA	2966889	1491832	1475057	2318822	1176087	1142735	1774778	907687	867091
2	East Garo Hills	145798	74352	71446	250582	127474	123108	188830	96444	92386
3	North Garo Hills	172119	86871	85248	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
4	South Garo Hills	142334	73170	69164	100980	52007	48973	NA	NA	NA
5	West Garo Hills	465735	234216	231519	518390	263424	254966	480100	244960	235140
6	South West Garo Hills	177556	89943	87613	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
7	East Khasi Hills	825922	410749	415173	660923	333553	327370	665218	341670	323548
8	West Khasi Hills	284290	143380	140910	296049	150419	145630	220157	112860	107297
9	South West Khasi Hills	99171	50335	48836	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
10	Ribhoi	258840	132531	126309	192790	99319	93471	NA	NA	NA
11	East Jaintia Hills	122939	61233	61706	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
12	West Jaintia Hills	272185	135052	137133	299108	149891	149217	220473	111753	108720

Source : Census

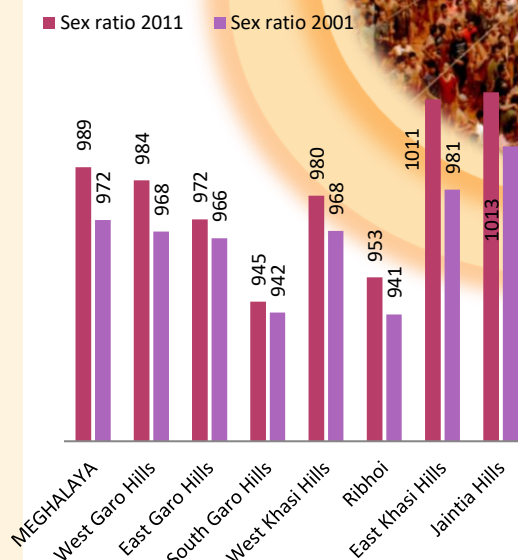




## ❖ Sex Ratio

In 1991 the sex ratio (number of females per 1000 males) in Meghalaya was 955 which increased to 972 in 2001 and further increased to 989 in 2011. As per census 2011 sex ratio of the state for rural and urban areas stand as 986 and 1001 respectively. (refer Table No.2.4 & 2.4A). At the district level, Jaintia Hills has the highest sex ratio of 1015 followed by East Khasi Hills with a sex ratio of 1011. The lowest sex ratio was recorded in South Garo Hills with 945 females per thousand males followed by Ri-Bhoi district with 953. (refer Table No.2.4 & 2.4A).

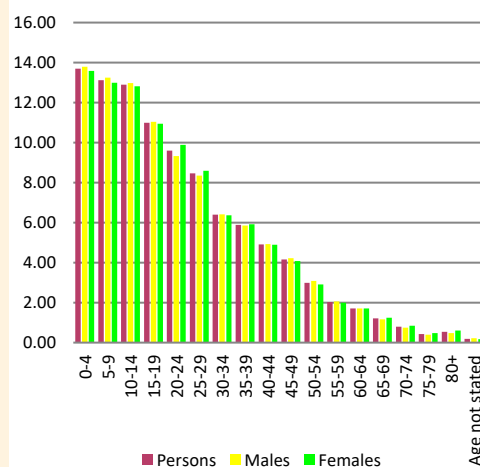
## District wise Sex Ratio



## ❖ Population by age group

Under population by age cohorts, it is seen that age group of 0-4 years has the highest percentage of population i.e. 13.69%. Under this age group female child population is 13.58% and male child population is 13.80%. The age group of 5-9 comes in second at 13.12% with 12.9% female population and 13.24% male population. This shows that the state of Meghalaya has majority of its population in the young age group. (refer Table No: 2.6).

## Percentage distribution of population in Meghalaya by age group and sex as per 2011 Census



## ❖ Marital status in Age group

Female population in the age group of less than 14 years who never married was 70.57%, currently married is 0.72% and 0.29% for widow/divorced/separated. The corresponding status for the age group of 15-29 years was 26.30% (never married), 37.88% (currently married) and 12.33% (widow/divorced/separated) respectively. For the age group of 30-59 and 60+ years who never married was 2.57% and 0.40% respectively, currently married was 55.98% and 5.25% respectively and widowed/divorced/separated was 53.01% and 34.18% respectively. (refer to Table No 2.7).

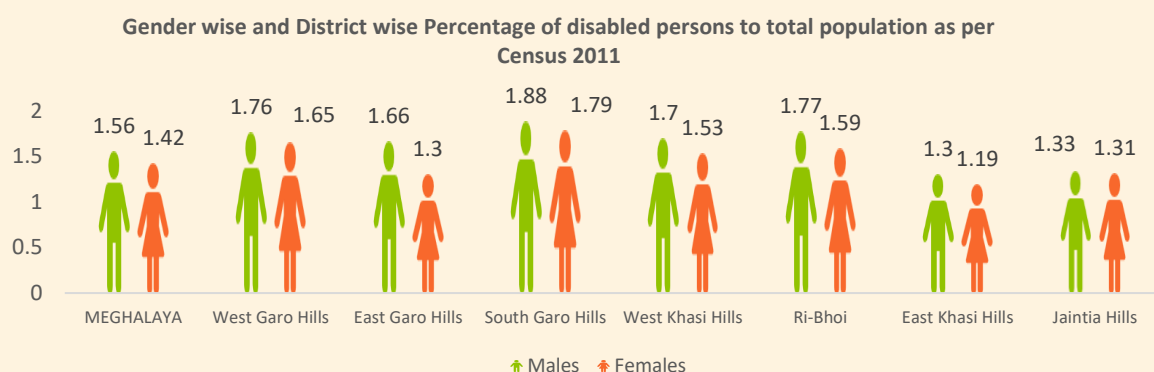




## ❖ Disabled Persons

As per census 2011, Meghalaya has 44317 (1.49% to total population) numbers of disabled persons, of which 23326 are males and 20991 are females. In the category of age

group disability, maximum number of disabled is in the age group of 20-49 years with total disabled population of 17525, with male disabled population being 9242 and female disabled being 8283. In the district, South Garo Hills has the maximum no of disabled population which constitute about 1.84% of the total population of the district, with male disability being 1.88% and female disability being 1.79% .Meanwhile East Khasi Hills has the least no of disabled population being only 1.24% of the total population of the district, with male disability being 1.30% and female disability being 1.19%. (refer Table No.2.8, 2.8A & 2.9).



In female disability according to types of disability, there are 3486 females with seeing disability, 5802 with hearing disability 1295 with speech disability, 2314 with movement disability and 1097 with mental retardation. (refer Table No.2.10 & 2.10A).

Percentage of female disability by Type		
SL NO	Types of Disability	% of Female disabled out of total disabled persons
1	In seeing	49.94
2	In Hearing	46.97
3	In Speech	47.84
4	In Movement	43.56
5	Mental Retardation	47.04
6	Mental Illness	49.83
7	Any Other	47.39
8	Multiple Disability	47.54
Source : Census		

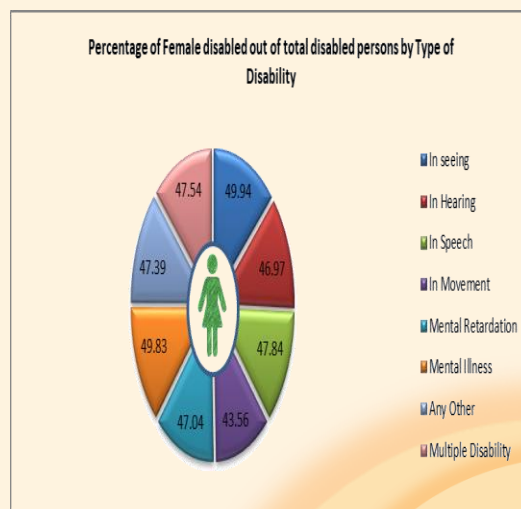


TABLE NO: 2.1

## District-wise Population in Meghalaya since 1991-2011

SL NO	Name	Total Population 2011			Total Population 2001			Total Population 1991		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
1	MEGHALAYA	2966889	1491832	1475057	2318822	1176087	1142735	1774778	907687	867091
2	East Garo Hills	145798	74352	71446	250582	127474	123108	188830	96444	92386
3	North Garo Hills	172119	86871	85248	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
4	South Garo Hills	142334	73170	69164	100980	52007	48973	NA	NA	NA
5	West Garo Hills	465735	234216	231519	518390	263424	254966	480100	244960	235140
6	South West Garo Hills	177556	89943	87613	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
7	East Khasi Hills	825922	410749	415173	660923	333553	327370	665218	341670	323548
8	West Khasi Hills	284290	143380	140910	296049	150419	145630	220157	112860	107297
9	South West Khasi Hills	99171	50335	48836	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
10	Ribhoi	258840	132531	126309	192790	99319	93471	NA	NA	NA
11	East Jaintia Hills	122939	61233	61706	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
12	West Jaintia Hills	272185	135052	137133	299108	149891	149217	220473	111753	108720

Source : Census of India





TABLE NO: 2.2

## District-wise percentage share of female population to total population -2011

SL NO	District	Females Population			Females Population %			sex ratio ( females per 1000 males)		
		Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
1	Meghalaya	1475057	1177179	297878	49.72	49.64	50.03	989	985.70	1001.03
2	East Garo Hills	71446	59584	11862	49.00	49.16	48.23	961	967.01	931.45
3	North Garo Hills	85248	75378	9870	49.53	49.42	50.37	981	977.08	1014.91
4	South Garo Hills	69164	62733	6431	48.59	48.55	48.98	945	943.78	959.85
5	West Garo Hills	231519	193897	37622	49.71	49.61	50.26	988	984.35	1010.37
6	South West Garo Hills	87613	87613	0	49.34	49.34	0.00	974	974.10	0.00
7	East Khasi Hills	415173	231032	184141	50.27	50.29	50.25	1011	1011.48	1009.88
8	West Jaintia Hills	137133	122378	14755	48.24	50.21	51.90	1015	1008.25	1078.98
9	East Jaintia Hills	61706	61706	0	62.22	50.19	0.00	1008	1007.73	0.00
10	South West Khasi Hills	48836	48836	0	18.87	49.24	0.00	970	970.22	0.00
11	West Khasi Hills	140910	119140	21770	114.62	49.40	50.50	983	976.20	1020.39
12	Ri- Bhoi	126309	114882	11427	46.41	49.18	45.25	953	967.79	826.49

Source : Census of India

TABLE NO: 2.3

## Decadal Variation In Population Since 1901

State	Census Year	Persons	Variation since the preceding census		Males	Females
			Absolute	Percentage		
Meghalaya	1901	340524	-----	---	167256	173268
	1911	394005	+53,481	+15.71	195706	198299
	1921	422403	+28,398	+7.21	211216	211187
	1931	480837	+58,434	+13.83	243993	236844
	1941	555820	+74,983	+15.59	282666	273154
	1951	605674	+49,854	+8.97	310706	294968
	1961	769380	+163,706	+27.03	397288	372092
	1971	1011699	+242,319	+31.50	520967	490732
	1981	1335819	+324,120	+32.04	683710	652109
	1991	1774778	+438,959	+32.86	907687	867091
	2001	2318822	+544,044	+30.65	1176087	1142735
	2011	2966889	+648,067	+27.95	1491832	1475057

TABLE NO: 2.3A

## Decadal Variation In Female Population Since 1901

State	Census Year	Females	Variation since the preceding census for females	
			Absolute	Percentage
Meghalaya	1901	173268	-----	-----
	1911	198299	+25031	+14.45
	1921	211187	+12888	+6.50
	1931	236844	+25657	+12.15
	1941	273154	+36310	+15.33
	1951	294968	+21814	+7.99
	1961	372092	+77124	+26.15
	1971	490732	+118640	+31.88
	1981	652109	+161377	+32.88
	1991	867091	+214982	+32.97
	2001	1142735	+275644	+31.79
	2011	1475057	+332322	+29.08

Source : Census of India





TABLE NO: 2.4

## District-wise Sex ratio in Meghalaya since 1991-2011

SL NO	Name	Sex ratio 2011	Sex ratio 2001	Sex ratio 1991
1	MEGHALAYA	989	972	955
2	West Garo Hills	984	968	960
3	East Garo Hills	972	966	958
4	South Garo Hills	945	942	NA
5	West Khasi Hills	980	968	951
6	Ri-Bhoi	953	941	NA
7	East Khasi Hills	1011	981	947
8	Jaintia Hills	1013	996	973

Source : Census of India

TABLE NO: 2.4A

## District and Location wise Sex Ratio as per census 2011

SL NO	District	sex ratio ( females per 1000 males)		
		Total	Rural	Urban
1	MEGHALAYA	989	986	1001
2	West Garo Hills	984	981	1010
3	East Garo Hills	972	973	968
4	South Garo Hills	945	944	960
5	West Khasi Hills	980	974	1020
6	Ri-Bhoi	953	968	826
7	East Khasi Hills	1011	1011	1010
8	Jaintia Hills	1013	1008	1079

Source : Census of India



TABLE NO: 2.5

District-wise child Population of 0-6 aged group and Population of aged 7 and above -2011 census

SL NO	DISTRICT	Total Population 2011			0-6 Years Population			7 Years Above Population		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
1	Meghalaya	2966889	1491832	1475057	568536	288646	279890	2398353	1203186	1195167
2	East Garo Hills	145798	74352	71446	28290	14247	14043	117508	60105	57403
3	North Garo Hills	172119	86871	85248	29781	15081	14700	142338	71790	70548
4	South Garo Hills	142334	73170	69164	27909	14136	13773	114425	59034	55391
5	West Garo Hills	465735	234216	231519	82109	41552	40557	383626	192664	190962
6	South West Garo Hills	177556	89943	87613	30405	15398	15007	147151	74545	72606
7	East Khasi Hills	825922	410749	415173	139055	70805	68250	686867	339944	346923
8	West Jaintia Hills	272185	135052	137133	61055	30960	30095	211130	104092	107038
9	East Jaintia Hills	122939	61233	61706	29856	15051	14805	93083	46182	46901
10	South West Khasi Hills	99171	50335	48836	21791	11071	10720	77380	39264	38116
11	West Khasi Hills	284290	143380	140910	65423	33271	32152	218867	110109	108758
12	Ri- Bhoi	258840	132531	126309	52862	27074	25788	205978	105457	100521

Source: Census 2011





TABLE NO: 2.6

Percentage distribution of population in Meghalaya by age group and sex as per 2011 Census

SL NO	Age-group	Total			Rural			Urban		
		Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
2	All ages	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
3	0-4	13.69	13.80	13.58	14.82	14.89	14.75	9.18	9.41	8.96
4	5-9	13.12	13.24	12.99	13.99	14.10	13.88	9.64	9.83	9.46
5	10-14	12.90	12.97	12.82	13.30	13.38	13.22	11.29	11.32	11.27
6	15-19	10.99	11.04	10.95	10.72	10.81	10.62	12.10	11.96	12.25
7	20-24	9.61	9.33	9.89	9.18	8.82	9.54	11.31	11.35	11.28
8	25-29	8.47	8.36	8.58	8.09	7.95	8.23	9.98	9.98	9.98
9	30-34	6.39	6.42	6.36	6.02	6.03	6.01	7.88	7.98	7.77
10	35-39	5.89	5.85	5.92	5.61	5.60	5.62	7.00	6.87	7.12
11	40-44	4.90	4.92	4.89	4.68	4.70	4.67	5.78	5.81	5.75
12	45-49	4.15	4.23	4.07	3.99	4.06	3.92	4.80	4.91	4.68
13	50-54	2.99	3.08	2.90	2.85	2.96	2.74	3.54	3.54	3.53
14	55-59	2.03	2.06	1.99	1.93	1.97	1.90	2.40	2.41	2.39
15	60-64	1.71	1.70	1.71	1.68	1.69	1.67	1.81	1.74	1.88
16	65-69	1.21	1.17	1.24	1.21	1.20	1.23	1.17	1.06	1.28
17	70-74	0.80	0.75	0.85	0.79	0.76	0.83	0.82	0.70	0.95
18	75-79	0.43	0.39	0.47	0.42	0.39	0.44	0.50	0.40	0.60
19	80+	0.54	0.47	0.60	0.51	0.47	0.56	0.62	0.47	0.77
20	Age not stated	0.19	0.22	0.17	0.20	0.22	0.19	0.17	0.24	0.09

Source : Census 2011

TABLE NO: 2.7

Percentage distribution of population by sex ,Marital Status and Age Group as per Census 2011

Age-group	Meghalaya Total					
	males %			females %		
	Never married	Currently Married	W/S/D	Never married	Currently Married	W/S/D
All ages	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Less than 14	63.82	0.31	0.64	70.57	0.72	0.29
15-29 YEARS	31.85	24.12	12.45	26.30	37.88	12.33
30-59 YEARS	3.70	65.34	51.96	2.57	55.98	53.01
60+	0.41	9.99	34.59	0.40	5.25	34.18
Age not stated	0.21	0.24	0.36	0.16	0.17	0.20
Less than 18	74.57	0.75	1.18	81.47	2.53	0.80
Less than 21	83.68	2.46	2.46	88.90	8.64	2.66
Meghalaya rural						
All ages	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Less than 14	66.96	0.33	0.62	74.47	0.78	0.32
15-29 YEARS	29.32	25.33	12.82	23.23	39.26	13.70
30-59 YEARS	3.12	63.92	51.44	1.78	54.47	51.45
60+	0.39	10.20	34.72	0.34	5.30	34.32
Age not stated	0.21	0.22	0.40	0.18	0.19	0.22
Less than 18	77.53	0.81	1.18	84.87	2.72	0.95
Less than 21	86.00	2.68	2.53	91.49	9.38	3.13
Meghalaya Urban						
All ages	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Less than 14	50.63	0.23	0.72	54.63	0.50	0.19
15-29 YEARS	42.54	19.70	10.66	38.84	32.37	8.13
30-59 YEARS	6.14	70.53	54.50	5.77	61.99	57.80
60+	0.49	9.23	33.94	0.68	5.05	33.74
Age not stated	0.20	0.31	0.18	0.08	0.10	0.15
Less than 18	62.11	0.55	1.16	67.61	1.76	0.35
Less than 21	73.89	1.68	2.15	78.33	5.66	1.23

Source : Census of India



TABLE NO: 2.8

Gender-wise and District-wise number of disabled persons as per Census 2011

SL NO	Area Name	Total number of disabled persons		
		Persons	Males	Females
1	MEGHALAYA	44317	23326	20991
2	West Garo Hills	10960	5699	5261
3	East Garo Hills	4709	2674	2035
4	South Garo Hills	2617	1378	1239
5	West Khasi Hills	6198	3290	2908
6	Ri-Bhoi	4361	2352	2009
7	East Khasi Hills	10270	5332	4938
8	Jaintia Hills	5202	2601	2601

Source : Census of India

TABLE NO: 2.8A

Gender-wise and District-wise Percentage of disabled persons to total population as per Census 2011

SL NO	Area Name	Percentage number of disabled persons		
		Persons	Males	Females
1	MEGHALAYA	1.49	1.56	1.42
2	West Garo Hills	1.70	1.76	1.65
3	East Garo Hills	1.48	1.66	1.30
4	South Garo Hills	1.84	1.88	1.79
5	West Khasi Hills	1.62	1.70	1.53
6	Ri-Bhoi	1.68	1.77	1.59
7	East Khasi Hills	1.24	1.30	1.19
8	Jaintia Hills	1.32	1.33	1.31

Source : Census of India





TABLE NO: 2.9

## District-wise and age group wise distribution of disabled person as per Census 2011

SL NO	DISTRICT	0 - 19 YEARS			20-49 YEARS			50 YEARS & ABOVE		
		Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
1	MEGHALAYA	17413	9286	8127	17525	9242	8283	9379	4798	4581
2	West Garo Hills	3617	1916	1701	4316	2244	2072	3027	1539	1488
3	East Garo Hills	1681	889	792	1956	1122	834	1072	663	409
4	South Garo Hills	958	521	437	1089	559	530	570	298	272
5	West Khasi Hills	2859	1553	1306	2146	1122	1024	1193	615	578
6	Ri-Bhoi	1765	943	822	1793	961	832	803	448	355
7	East Khasi Hills	4128	2206	1922	4205	2224	1981	1937	902	1035
8	Jaintia Hills	2405	1258	1147	2020	1010	1010	777	333	444

Source : Census of India



TABLE NO: 2.10

## Gender-wise types of Disability

SL NO	Types of Disability	Persons	Males	Females
1	In seeing	6980	3494	3486
2	In Hearing	12353	6551	5802
3	In Speech	2707	1412	1295
4	In Movement	5312	2998	2314
5	Mental Retardation	2332	1235	1097
6	Mental Illness	2340	1174	1166
7	Any Other	8717	4586	4131
8	Multiple Disability	3576	1876	1700

Source : Census of India

TABLE NO: 2.10A

## Percentage of female disability by type

SL NO	Types of Disability	Persons	Females	% of Female disabled out of total disabled persons
1	In seeing	6980	3486	49.94
2	In Hearing	12353	5802	46.97
3	In Speech	2707	1295	47.84
4	In Movement	5312	2314	43.56
5	Mental Retardation	2332	1097	47.04
6	Mental Illness	2340	1166	49.83
7	Any Other	8717	4131	47.39
8	Multiple Disability	3576	1700	47.54

Source : Census of India



TABLE NO: 2.11

## Educational level of Total Disabled Population, Census 2011

SL NO	Educational level	INDIA			MEGHALAYA		
		Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
1	Total	26814994	14988593	11826401	44317	23326	20991
2	Illiterate	12196641	5640240	6556401	23172	11455	11717
3	Literate	14618353	9348353	5270000	21145	11871	9274
4	Literate but below primary	2840345	1706441	1133904	7733	4204	3529
5	Primary but below middle	3554858	2195933	1358925	4901	2627	2274
6	Middle but below matric/secondary	2448070	1616539	831531	3334	1926	1408
7	Matric/Secondary but below graduate	3448650	2330080	1118570	2938	1857	1081
8	Graduate and above	1246857	839702	407155	657	393	264

Source : Census of India

TABLE NO: 2.12

## Total number of disabled person in age group ,Census 2011

SL NO	Age-group	INDIA			MEGHALAYA		
		Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
1	<b>Total</b>	2,68,14,994	1,49,88,593	1,18,26,401	44317	23326	20991
2	<b>0-4</b>	12,91,637	6,90,506	6,01,131	3330	1729	1601
3	<b>5-9</b>	19,55,926	10,81,831	8,74,095	4459	2456	2003
4	<b>10-19</b>	46,17,073	26,10,723	20,06,350	9624	5101	4523
5	<b>20-29</b>	41,90,732	24,19,434	17,71,298	7362	3898	3464
6	<b>30-39</b>	36,36,301	21,13,099	15,23,202	5281	2748	2533
7	<b>40-49</b>	31,16,130	18,51,895	12,64,235	4882	2596	2286
8	<b>50-59</b>	24,92,780	14,30,952	10,61,828	3557	1848	1709
9	<b>60-69</b>	26,57,913	13,94,443	12,63,470	2969	1524	1445
10	<b>70-79</b>	17,69,486	8,84,940	8,84,546	1618	774	844
11	<b>80-89</b>	7,23,632	3,37,195	3,86,437	633	279	354
12	<b>90+</b>	2,25,588	97,417	1,28,171	240	95	145
13	<b>Age Not Stated</b>	1,37,796	76,158	61,638	362	278	84

Source : Census of India



### 3. HEALTH & FAMILY WELFARE

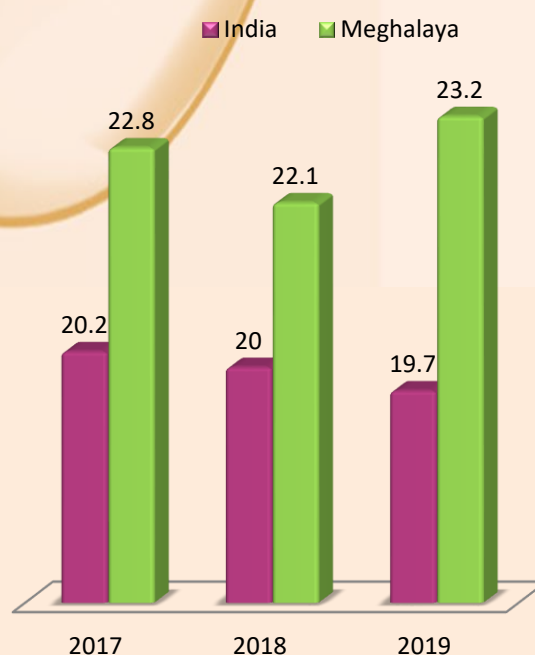
#### ❖ Introduction

A healthy population is crucial for the well-being and development of any society. A healthy population is one where individuals have access to adequate healthcare and resources to maintain their physical, mental, and social well-being. There are many reasons why having a healthy population is essential, ranging from economic growth to social benefits. One of the most important reasons for a healthy population is that it leads to an improved quality of life. One can live longer, have more energy, and experience fewer health problems. A healthy population is also essential for economic growth. Healthy individuals are more productive and can contribute to the workforce more effectively. One can work longer hours and take fewer sick days, which can increase their overall income and improve their financial stability. Furthermore, having a healthy population can help to reduce healthcare costs. Healthy individuals require fewer medical treatments and hospitalizations, which can lower healthcare expenses. This can free up resources for other healthcare needs and help to reduce the burden on the healthcare system. In addition to the economic benefits, a healthy population can have positive social outcomes. Healthy individuals are more likely to have increased access to education and employment opportunities, which can lead to better overall outcomes. One can also engage more actively in their communities and contribute to social change.

#### ❖ Crude Birth rate

The crude birth rate is defined as the number of babies born within the population of a given geographical region in a given year. Crude birth rate specifies the number of live births estimated at midyear and is reported per 1,000 living people. Birth Rate is a crude measure of fertility of a population and is a crucial determinant of population growth. As per Sample Registration System Statistical Report, Crude Birth Rate (CBR) in Meghalaya during the year 2019 is 23.2 against 19.7 in India. In Meghalaya the Crude Birth Rate (CBR) continues to increase from 22.8 in 2017 to 23.2 in 2019. (refer Table No. 3. 1)

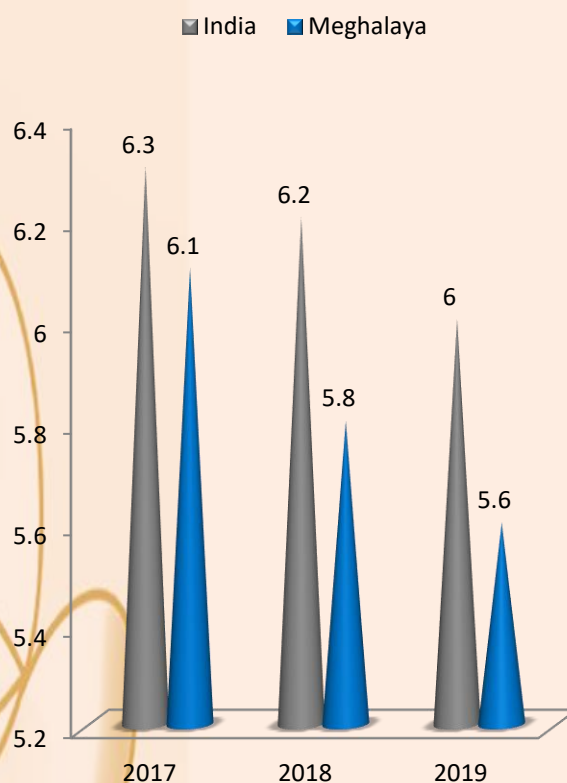
**Crude Birth Rate in India and Meghalaya**



### ❖ Crude Death rate

Mortality is one of the basic components of population change and the related data is essential for demographic studies and public health administration. Death rate is one of the simplest measures of mortality and is defined as the number of deaths per thousand population in a given region and time period. As per Sample Registration System Statistical Report, Crude Death Rate (CDR) in Meghalaya during the year 2019 is 5.6 against 6 in India. CDR in Meghalaya decreases from 6.1 in 2017 to 5.6 in 2019 against all India CDR which decreases from 6.3 in 2017 to 6 in 2019. (refer Table No. 3. 2).

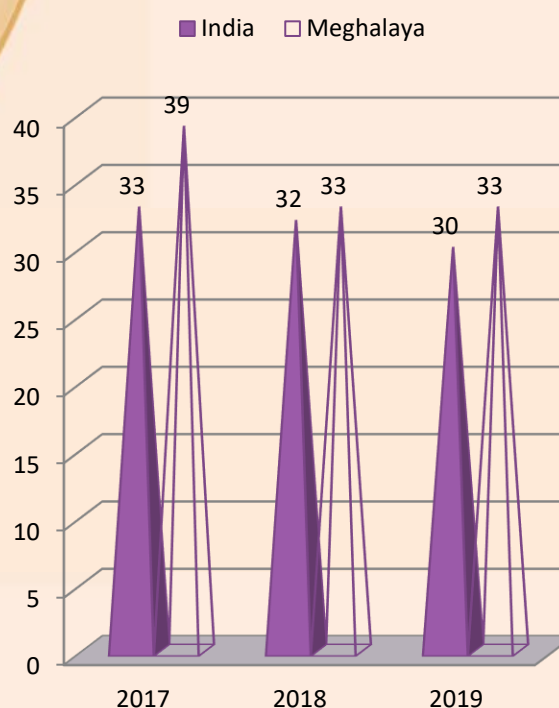
**Crude Death Rate in India and Meghalaya**



### ❖ Infant Mortality Rate

The Infant Mortality Rate (IMR), which is widely accepted as a crude indicator of the overall health scenario of a country or a region, is defined as the infant deaths (less than one year) per thousand live births in a given time period and for a given region. As per Sample Registration System Statistical Report, the Infant Mortality Rate (IMR) in Meghalaya is higher than India IMR. In the year 2017 Meghalaya Mortality Rate (IMR) was 39 whereas India IMR was 33 and during the year 2019 Meghalaya Mortality Rate (IMR) stood at 33 whereas India IMR was 30. (refer Table No. 3.3)

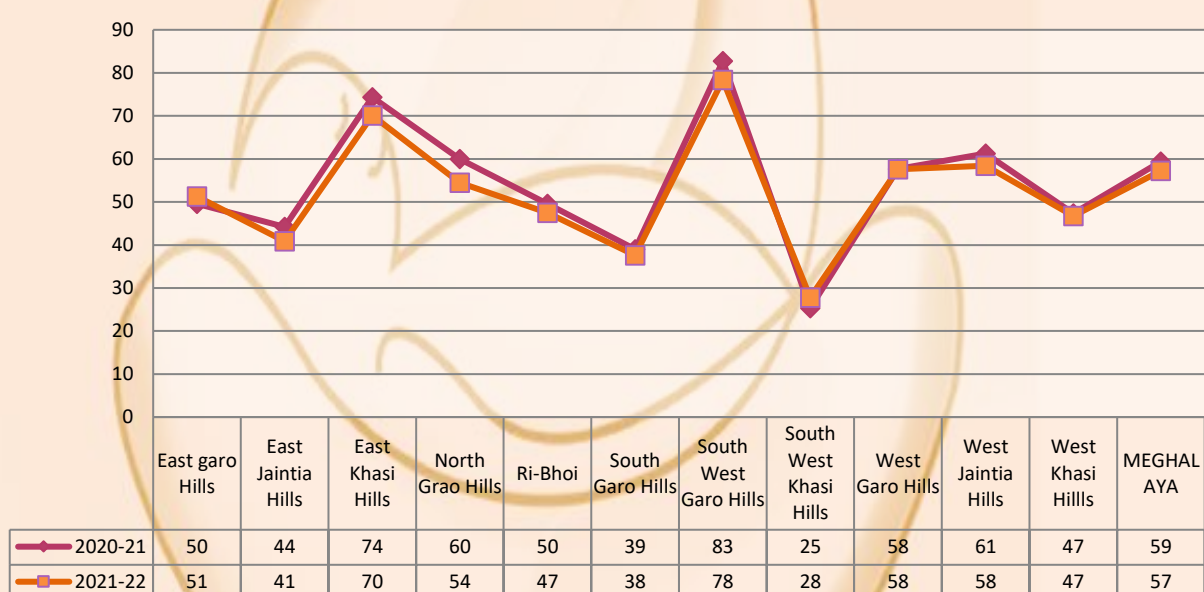
**Infant Mortality Rate in India and Meghalaya**



### ❖ Reported Deliveries

The total deliveries in the state of Meghalaya for the year 2020-21 was 84254, out of which only 59% was institutional deliveries while for the year 2021-2022 total deliveries was 47508, out of which 57% was institutional deliveries. Among the districts during the year 2021-22, it can be seen that South West Garo Hills has the highest percentage of Institutional deliveries with 78%, followed by East Khasi Hills with 70%. However South West Khasi Hills with 28% of Institutional Deliveries ranks the lowest followed by South Garo Hills with 38% of Institutional deliveries against the total reported deliveries. (refer Table No. 3. 5)

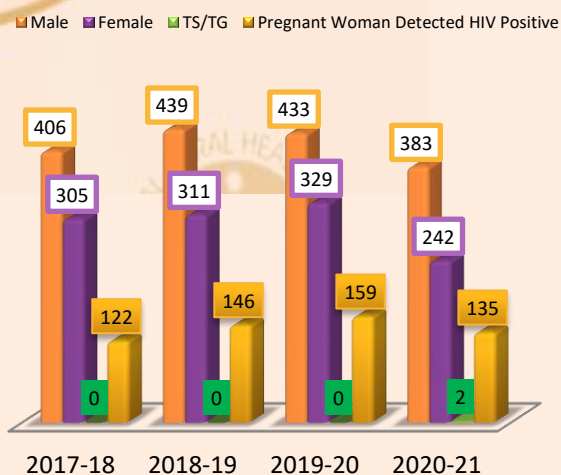
**Percentage of Institutional Delivery against Total Reported Deliveries**



### ❖ HIV AIDS Positive

As reported by Meghalaya AIDS control society during the year 2020-21, 10621 males, 39651 females (including pregnant women) & 5 transgender were tested for HIV at ICTCs Centres, of which 383 males, 377 females (including pregnant women) and 2 Transgender were tested HIV +ve. (refer Table no 3.13).

**General Clients Detected HIV Positive at ICTCs**





**TABLE NO: 3.1**  
**Crude Birth Rate in India and Meghalaya**

YEARS	Location	Crude Birth rate		
		total	rural	urban
2017	India	20.2	21.8	16.8
	Meghalaya	22.8	24.8	13.7
2018	India	20	21.6	16.7
	Meghalaya	22.1	24	13.6
2019	India	19.7	21.4	16.4
	Meghalaya	23.2	25.5	13

Source: Sample Registration Report

**TABLE NO: 3.2**  
**Death rate by sex and residence**

YEARS	Location	Total			Rural			Urban		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
2017	India	6.3	6.7	5.9	6.9	7.3	6.4	5.3	5.6	4.9
	Meghalaya	6.1	6.9	5.2	6.3	7.3	5.4	4.8	5.2	4.4
2018	India	6.2	6.6	5.7	6.7	7.2	6.2	5.1	5.5	4.7
	Meghalaya	5.8	6.6	5.1	6.1	6.9	5.3	4.5	4.9	4.2
2019	India	6	6.5	5.4	6.5	7	5.9	5	5.4	4.5
	Meghalaya	5.6	6.2	4.9	5.8	6.5	5.1	4.5	4.7	4.3

Source: Sample Registration Report

**TABLE NO: 3.3**  
**Infant Mortality rate by sex and residence**

YEARS	Location	Total		
		Total	Male	Female
2017	India	33	32	34
	Meghalaya	39	42	36
2018	India	32	32	33
	Meghalaya	33	34	31
2019	India	30	30	31
	Meghalaya	33	34	33

Infant mortality rates for smaller States and Union Territories are based on three-year period 2017-19. On account of wide year-to-year fluctuations due to inadequate sample size, the infant mortality rate by sex, separately for rural and urban areas, is not given

Source: Sample Registration Report





TABLE NO: 3.4

## MATERNAL HEALTH

Pregnant women Registered within First Trimester												
	2018-19			2019-20			2020-21			2021-22		
Districts	PW Registered within First Trimester	Number of pregnant women Registered for ANC	% of PW Registered within First Trimester	PW Registered within First Trimester	Number of pregnant women Registered for ANC	% of PW Registered within First Trimester	PW Registered within First Trimester	Number of pregnant women Registered for ANC	% of PW Registered within First Trimester	PW Registered within First Trimester	Number of pregnant women Registered for ANC	% of PW Registered within First Trimester
East Garo Hills	1659	5507	30%	1671	5632	30%	2005	5384	37%	1817	5047	36%
East Jaintia Hills	1366	4511	30%	1511	4624	33%	1506	4395	34%	1454	4450	33%
East Khasi Hills	17021	61875	28%	19530	59097	33%	14352	35331	41%	14963	36023	42%
North Garo Hills	1648	4809	34%	1912	5364	36%	2031	5351	38%	1773	4605	39%
Ri-Bhoi	3553	8668	41%	4031	8440	48%	4294	8336	52%	4146	8064	51%
South Garo Hills	1468	4285	34%	1307	4242	31%	1746	4943	35%	1620	4425	37%
South West Garo Hills	2405	5346	45%	2642	4831	55%	2734	4879	56%	2425	4597	53%
South West Khasi Hills	833	3658	23%	1002	4044	25%	1147	4195	27%	1156	3898	30%
West Garo Hills	5222	15800	33%	5783	16291	35%	5889	15487	38%	5921	15154	39%
West Jaintia Hills	4452	14360	31%	4278	12971	33%	3948	9770	40%	3775	10495	36%
West Khasi Hills	4129	12211	34%	4707	13461	35%	4837	12691	38%	4533	12256	37%
<b>Meghalaya</b>	<b>43756</b>	<b>141030</b>	<b>31%</b>	<b>48374</b>	<b>138997</b>	<b>35%</b>	<b>44489</b>	<b>110762</b>	<b>40%</b>	<b>43583</b>	<b>109014</b>	<b>40%</b>

Source - Director of Health Service (MCH&amp;FW) Cum Joint Mission Director (NHM)

**TABLE NO: 3.5**  
**Reported Delivery**

	2018-19				2019-20				2020-21				2021-22			
Districts	Home Delivery	Institutional Delivery (including C-section)	Total Delivery	Institutional Delivery against Total Reported Deliveries	Home Delivery	Institutional Delivery (including C-section)	Total Delivery	Institutional Delivery against Total Reported Deliveries	Home Delivery	Institutional Delivery (including C-section)	Total Delivery	Institutional Delivery against Total Reported Deliveries	Home Delivery	Institutional Delivery (including C-section)	Total Delivery	Institutional Delivery against Total Reported Deliveries
East Garo Hills	2675	1644	4319	<b>38%</b>	2750	1778	4528	<b>39%</b>	2125	2091	4216	<b>50%</b>	2097	2207	4304	<b>51%</b>
East Jaintia Hills	1521	1006	2527	<b>40%</b>	1560	1148	2708	<b>42%</b>	1545	1224	2769	<b>44%</b>	1582	1093	2675	<b>41%</b>
East Khasi Hills	5374	19541	24915	<b>78%</b>	6031	21329	27360	<b>78%</b>	5999	17402	23401	<b>74%</b>	6857	16077	22934	<b>70%</b>
North Garo Hills	1684	1618	3302	<b>49%</b>	1824	1736	3560	<b>49%</b>	1448	2171	3619	<b>60%</b>	1497	1792	3289	<b>54%</b>
Ri-Bhoi	3097	2735	5832	<b>47%</b>	3172	3105	6277	<b>49%</b>	3218	3165	6383	<b>50%</b>	3273	2958	6231	<b>47%</b>
South Garo Hills	1807	829	2636	<b>31%</b>	1907	911	2818	<b>32%</b>	1998	1276	3274	<b>39%</b>	1827	1100	2927	<b>38%</b>
South West Garo Hills	1741	2237	3978	<b>56%</b>	911	3117	4028	<b>77%</b>	675	3234	3909	<b>83%</b>	818	2959	3777	<b>78%</b>
South West Khasi Hills	2044	660	2704	<b>24%</b>	2118	819	2937	<b>28%</b>	2210	749	2959	<b>25%</b>	2087	803	2890	<b>28%</b>
West Garo Hills	6503	7634	14137	<b>54%</b>	6235	8552	14787	<b>58%</b>	5681	7744	13425	<b>58%</b>	5674	7709	13383	<b>58%</b>
West Jaintia Hills	3803	6254	10057	<b>62%</b>	4248	6239	10487	<b>59%</b>	3866	6107	9973	<b>61%</b>	4217	5929	10146	<b>58%</b>
West Khasi Hills	5367	4597	9964	<b>46%</b>	5727	5274	11001	<b>48%</b>	5438	4888	10326	<b>47%</b>	5567	4881	10448	<b>47%</b>
<b>Meghalaya</b>	<b>35616</b>	<b>48755</b>	<b>84371</b>	<b>58%</b>	<b>36483</b>	<b>54008</b>	<b>90491</b>	<b>60%</b>	<b>34203</b>	<b>50051</b>	<b>84254</b>	<b>59%</b>	<b>35496</b>	<b>47508</b>	<b>83004</b>	<b>57%</b>

Source - - Director of Health Service (MCH&FW) Cum Joint Mission Director (NHM)



TABLE NO: 3.6

## 4 Ante Natal Care (ANC) Coverage Rate

	2018-19			2019-20			2020-21			2021-22		
Districts	Number of pregnant women Registered for ANC	Number of pregnant women received 4 ANC check ups	4 ANC Coverage Rate	Number of pregnant women Registered for ANC	Number of pregnant women received 4 ANC check ups	4 ANC Coverage Rate	Number of pregnant women Registered for ANC	Number of pregnant women received 4 ANC check ups	4 ANC Coverage Rate	Number of pregnant women Registered for ANC	Number of pregnant women received 4 ANC check ups	4 ANC Coverage Rate
East Garo Hills	5507	2778	50%	5632	2877	51%	5384	2945	55%	5047	2371	47%
East Jaintia Hills	4511	1059	23%	4624	1259	27%	4395	1318	30%	4450	1190	27%
East Khasi Hills	61875	19778	32%	59097	24085	41%	35331	19345	55%	36023	19637	55%
North Garo Hills	4809	2462	51%	5364	2993	56%	5351	3659	68%	4605	2809	61%
Ri-Bhoi	8668	4360	50%	8440	5677	67%	8336	5420	65%	8064	4528	56%
South Garo Hills	4285	1820	42%	4242	1968	46%	4943	2327	47%	4425	1990	45%
South West Garo Hills	5346	2824	53%	4831	4331	90%	4879	3629	74%	4597	3265	71%
South West Khasi Hills	3658	1646	45%	4044	2108	52%	4195	2366	56%	3898	1954	50%
West Garo Hills	15800	6692	42%	16291	10625	65%	15487	8855	57%	15154	8427	56%
West Jaintia Hills	14360	2701	19%	12971	3196	25%	9770	3777	39%	10495	3111	30%
West Khasi Hills	12211	6205	51%	13461	8946	66%	12691	8533	67%	12256	8252	67%
<b>Meghalaya</b>	<b>141030</b>	<b>52325</b>	<b>37%</b>	<b>138997</b>	<b>68065</b>	<b>49%</b>	<b>110762</b>	<b>62174</b>	<b>56%</b>	<b>109014</b>	<b>57534</b>	<b>53%</b>

Source - Director of Health Service (MCH&amp;FW) Cum Joint Mission Director (NHM)

TABLE NO: 3.7

## Live Birth &amp; Still Birth

Districts	2018-19		2019-20		2020-21		2021-22	
	Live Birth	Still Birth	Live Birth	Still Birth	Live Birth	Still Birth	Live Birth	Still Birth
East Garo Hills	4256	65	4426	108	4124	101	4235	84
East Jaintia Hills	2486	51	2675	58	2740	61	2620	65
East Khasi Hills	24580	638	26881	669	22854	748	22423	811
North Garo Hills	3255	67	3576	55	3577	55	3228	62
Ri-Bhoi	5818	70	6235	92	6327	130	6163	135
South Garo Hills	2609	46	2778	52	3212	68	2869	65
South West Garo Hills	3939	40	3979	57	3844	82	3686	101
South West Khasi Hills	2675	59	2899	82	2903	100	2851	77
West Garo Hills	13932	269	14583	342	13121	423	13103	373
West Jaintia Hills	9908	235	10429	270	9797	298	9953	295
West Khasi Hills	9799	218	10917	210	10137	232	10270	254
<b>Meghalaya</b>	<b>83257</b>	<b>1758</b>	<b>89378</b>	<b>1995</b>	<b>82636</b>	<b>2298</b>	<b>81401</b>	<b>2322</b>

Source - Director of Health Service (MCH&amp;FW) Cum Joint Mission Director (NHM)



TABLE NO: 3.8

## Female Sterilisation

Districts		East Garo Hills	East Jaintia Hills	East Khasi Hills	North Garo Hills	Ri Bhoi	South Garo Hills	South West Garo Hills	South West Khasi Hills	West Garo Hills	West Jaintia Hills	West Khasi Hills	Meghalaya
2018-19	Laparoscopic sterilization	0	0	24	3	0	0	0	0	0	0		27
	Mini-Lap sterilization	65	0	496	0	20	0	42	0	223	106	41	993
	Post-Partum Sterilization	25	0	629	2	0	0	0	0	311	233	126	1326
	Post Abortion Sterilization	3	0	18	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	4	26
	Female sterilization	93	0	1167	5	20	0	43	0	534	339	171	2372
2019-20	Laparoscopic sterilization	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
	Mini-Lap sterilization	51	0	469	0	51	0	4	0	133	96	43	847
	Post-Partum Sterilization	22	0	751	1	18	0	65	0	425	308	161	1751
	Post Abortion Sterilization	4	0	2	0	0	0	7	0	0	1	4	18
	Female sterilization	77	0	1226	1	69	0	76	0	558	405	208	2620
2020-21	Laparoscopic sterilization	0	0	21	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	22
	Mini-Lap sterilization	3	0	440	0	30	0	0	0	54	69	45	641
	Post-Partum Sterilization	21	0	533	0	54	0	60	0	376	328	123	1495
	Post Abortion Sterilization	1	4	2	0	4	0	0	0	10	2	0	23
	Female sterilization	25	4	996	0	89	0	60	0	440	399	168	2181
2021-22	Laparoscopic sterilization	0	0	23	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	23
	Mini-Lap sterilization	31	0	442	0	37	0	0	0	67	38	20	635
	Post-Partum Sterilization	94	0	547	0	104	0	39	0	334	249	159	1526
	Post Abortion Sterilization	0	0	1	0	12	0	6	0	4	20	0	43
	Female sterilization	125	0	1013	0	153	0	45	0	405	307	179	2227

Source - Director of Health Service (MCH&amp;FW) Cum Joint Mission Director (NHM)



TABLE NO: 3.8A

## Intrauterine contraceptive device (IUCD) Insertion

Districts		East Garo Hills	East Jaintia Hills	East Khasi Hills	North Garo Hills	Ri Bhoi	South Garo Hills	South West Garo Hills	South West Khasi Hills	West Garo Hills	West Jaintia Hills	West Khasi Hills	Meghalaya
2018-19	Interval IUCD Insertion	235	59	810	58	408	17	198	30	405	188	224	2632
	PPIUCD Insertion	12	1	130	4	82	0	40	1	200	17	41	528
	Post-Abortion IUCD Insertion	6	1	25	3	1	0	6	0	10	1	2	55
	IUCD Insertion	253	61	965	65	491	17	244	31	615	206	267	3215
2019-20	Interval IUCD Insertion	293	52	720	48	288	12	327	16	397	188	221	2562
	PPIUCD Insertion	62	0	151	4	96	0	109	1	161	29	56	669
	Post-Abortion IUCD Insertion	10	0	18	5	3	0	1	0	6	5	2	50
	IUCD Insertion	365	52	889	57	387	12	437	17	564	222	279	3281
2020-21	Interval IUCD Insertion	228	65	494	26	301	11	239	67	240	152	228	2051
	PPIUCD Insertion	44	4	114	4	77	0	311	4	184	10	97	849
	Post-Abortion IUCD Insertion	0	0	14	1	3	0	0	0	17	0	3	38
	IUCD Insertion	272	69	622	31	381	11	550	71	441	162	328	2938
2021-22	Interval IUCD Insertion	176	39	484	40	174	3	170	21	236	127	172	1642
	PPIUCD Insertion	75	0	156	4	55	0	158	1	297	4	111	861
	Post-Abortion IUCD Insertion	1	0	34	0	0	0	4	0	11	0	4	54
	IUCD Insertion	252	39	674	44	229	3	332	22	544	131	287	2557

Source - Director of Health Service (MCH&amp;FW) Cum Joint Mission Director (NHM)





TABLE NO: 3.9

## Maternal Death

Districts		East Garo Hills	East Jaintia Hills	East Khasi Hills	North Garo Hills	Ri Bhoi	South Garo Hills	South West Garo Hills	South West Khasi Hills	West Garo Hills	West Jaintia Hills	West Khasi Hills	Total
2018-19	Bleeding	3	0	8	1	0	0	1	0	16	4	4	37
	High fever	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	Abortion	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
	Obstructed/Prolonged labour	3	0	0	1	0	2	1	0	2	0	2	11
	Severe hypertension/fits	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	3	6	4	17
	Due to other Causes (including causes not known)	3	2	23	3	9	5	4	3	23	9	13	97
2019-20	Bleeding	4	0	6	1	2	3	1	1	10	2	7	37
	High fever	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	Abortion	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	3
	Obstructed/Prolonged labour	2	0	2	0	0	1	1	1	6	0	0	13
	Severe hypertension/fits	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	3	3	2	10
	Due to other Causes (including causes not known)	4	4	37	2	10	8	2	6	29	1	7	110
2020-21	Bleeding	4	0	2	2	2	2	4	2	11	4	5	38
	High fever	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	3
	Abortion	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	Obstructed/Prolonged labour	4	0	2	2	1	2	0	2	3	0	2	18
	Severe hypertension/fits	1	1	5	1	1	0	1	2	1	2	1	16
	Due to other Causes (including causes not known)	4	0	52	3	7	14	5	11	48	6	18	168
2021-22	Bleeding	5	1	2	2	2	1	3	7	5	2	6	36
	High fever	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	2
	Abortion	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	1	5
	Obstructed/Prolonged labour	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	2	0	2	7
	Severe hypertension/fits	0	1	4	0	1	0	2	0	2	1	2	13
	Due to other Causes (including causes not known)	4	3	76	2	5	4	3	6	39	7	16	165
Total Maternal Death	Total Maternal Death 2018-19	10	2	34	5	9	7	6	4	45	19	23	164
	Total Maternal Death 2019-20	10	4	48	3	12	12	4	9	49	7	16	174
	Total Maternal Death 2020-21	13	1	62	8	12	18	10	19	63	12	26	244
	Total Maternal Death 2021-22	10	5	84	4	11	6	8	13	50	10	27	228

Source - Director of Health Service (MCH&amp;FW) Cum Joint Mission Director (NHM)



**TABLE NO: 3.10**  
**Infant Death**

	Districts	East Garo Hills	East Jaintia Hills	East Khasi Hills	North Garo Hills	Ri Bhoi	South Garo Hills	South West Garo Hills	South West Khasi Hills	West Garo Hills	West Jaintia Hills	West Khasi Hills	Total
<b>2018-19</b>	Infant deaths within 24 hrs	3	6	143	14	17	14	7	20	45	64	49	<b>382</b>
	Infant Deaths after 24 hrs - 4 weeks	11	10	332	19	13	19	18	25	119	106	48	<b>720</b>
	Neonatal Death(0-4 weeks)	14	16	475	33	30	33	25	45	164	170	97	<b>1102</b>
	Total Infant death (1 -12 months)	43	34	371	35	60	42	49	43	129	90	76	<b>972</b>
	Total infant death(0-12 months)	57	50	846	68	90	75	74	88	293	260	173	<b>2074</b>
<b>2019-20</b>	Infant deaths within 24 hrs	11	20	121	7	27	6	11	20	48	67	66	<b>404</b>
	Infant Deaths after 24 hrs - 4 weeks	29	16	384	23	36	21	28	50	120	97	77	<b>881</b>
	Neonatal Death(0-4 weeks)	40	36	505	30	63	27	39	70	168	164	143	<b>1285</b>
	Total Infant death (1 -12 months)	32	36	368	33	73	71	130	83	182	124	107	<b>1239</b>
	Total infant death(0-12 months)	72	72	873	63	136	98	169	153	350	288	250	<b>2524</b>
<b>2020-21</b>	Infant deaths within 24 hrs	2	15	129	15	39	25	11	19	61	62	48	<b>426</b>
	Infant Deaths after 24 hrs - 4 weeks	37	28	327	25	53	36	55	47	172	133	79	<b>992</b>
	Neonatal Death(0-4 weeks)	39	43	456	40	92	61	66	66	233	195	127	<b>1418</b>
	Total Infant death (1 -12 months)	67	57	460	50	98	125	154	102	256	131	146	<b>1646</b>
	Total infant death(0-12 months)	106	100	916	90	190	186	220	168	489	326	273	<b>3064</b>
<b>2021-22</b>	Infant deaths within 24 hrs	6	11	149	2	20	8	8	26	39	63	51	<b>383</b>
	Infant Deaths after 24 hrs - 4 weeks	15	22	338	17	58	30	34	27	130	87	68	<b>826</b>
	Neonatal Death(0-4 weeks)	21	33	487	19	78	38	42	53	169	150	119	<b>1209</b>
	Total Infant death (1 -12 months)	30	21	367	19	80	44	71	77	120	80	103	<b>1012</b>
	Total infant death(0-12 months)	51	54	854	38	158	82	113	130	289	230	222	<b>2221</b>

Source - Director of Health Service (MCH&FW) Cum Joint Mission Director (NHM)



TABLE NO: 3.11

## District-wise Proportion of Births Attended by Skilled Health Professionals During 2017-18 to 2020-21

YEAR		2018-19			2019-20			2020-21			2021-22		
Sl. No	DISTRICT	TOTAL DELIVERY	SBA (ID+HD)	%	TOTAL DELIVERY	SBA (ID+HD)	%	TOTAL DELIVERY	SBA (ID+HD)	%	TOTAL DELIVERY	SBA (ID+HD)	%
1	East Garo Hills	4319	1814	42%	4528	1924	42%	4216	2639	63%	4304	3046	71%
2	East Jaintia Hills	2527	1126	45%	2708	1278	47%	2769	1308	47%	2675	1218	46%
3	East Khasi Hills	24915	19591	79%	27360	21379	78%	23401	17503	75%	22934	16190	71%
4	North Garo Hills	3302	1817	55%	3560	1929	54%	3619	2297	63%	3289	1931	59%
5	Ri Bhoi	5832	2838	49%	6277	3181	51%	6383	3254	51%	6231	3059	49%
6	South Garo Hills	2636	886	34%	2818	978	35%	3274	1375	42%	2927	1267	43%
7	South West Garo Hills	3978	2310	58%	4028	3156	78%	3909	3265	84%	3777	2995	79%
8	South West Khasi Hills	2704	670	25%	2937	827	28%	2959	783	26%	2890	813	28%
9	West Garo Hills	14137	7713	55%	14787	8652	59%	13425	7900	59%	13383	7842	59%
10	West Jaintia Hills	10057	6313	63%	10487	6338	60%	9973	6179	62%	10146	6017	59%
11	West Khasi Hills	9964	4967	50%	11001	5730	52%	10326	5190	50%	10448	5625	54%
<b>Meghalaya</b>		<b>84371</b>	<b>50045</b>	<b>59%</b>	<b>90491</b>	<b>55372</b>	<b>61%</b>	<b>84254</b>	<b>51693</b>	<b>61%</b>	<b>83004</b>	<b>50003</b>	<b>60%</b>

SBA- SKILLED BIRTH ATTENDANTS

Source - Director of Health Service (MCH&amp;FW) Cum Joint Mission Director (NHM)



TABLE NO: 3.12

## District Level Prevalence Of Severe Anaemic In Women During 2021-22

Sl. No	DISTRICT	ANAEMIA	SEVERE
		Number of PW having HB level <11 (tested cases)	Number of PW having HB Level <7 (tested cases)
1	East Garo Hills	2349	87
2	East Jaintia Hills	2429	36
3	East Khasi Hills	22820	1032
4	North Garo Hills	4455	97
5	Ri Bhoi	5925	221
6	South Garo Hills	4190	58
7	South West Garo Hills	2815	165
8	South West Khasi Hills	3621	125
9	West Garo Hills	13476	709
10	West Jaintia Hills	8002	161
11	West Khasi Hills	7118	629
<b>Meghalaya</b>		<b>77200</b>	<b>3320</b>

Source - Director of Health Service (MCH&amp;FW) Cum Joint Mission Director (NHM)

TABLE NO: 3.13

## HIV Testing &amp; Positive Status Among the Beneficiaries tested at ICTCs

Year	TESTED FOR HIV					
	General Clients Tested for HIV at ICTCs				Pregnant Woman Tested for HIV	Total Tested for HIV
	Male	Female	TS/TG	Total		
<b>2017-18</b>	20581	20584	0	41165	29960	71125
<b>2018-19</b>	22244	20673	0	42917	32114	75031
<b>2019-20</b>	22796	22333	2	45131	35469	80600
<b>2020-21</b>	10621	11734	5	22360	27917	50277

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## HIV Testing &amp; Positive Status Among the Beneficiaries tested at ICTCs

Year	DETECTED HIV POSITIVE					
	General Clients Detected HIV Positive at ICTCs				Pregnant Woman Detected HIV Positive	Total Detected HIV Positive
	Male	Female	TS/TG	Total		
<b>2017-18</b>	406	305	0	711	122	833
<b>2018-19</b>	439	311	0	750	146	896
<b>2019-20</b>	433	329	0	762	159	921
<b>2020-21</b>	383	242	2	627	135	762

contd...



**HIV Testing & Positive Status Among the Beneficiaries tested at ICTCs**

Year	% OF HIV Positivity					
	General Clients % of HIV Positivity at ICTCs				Pregnant Woman % of HIV Positivity	Total % of HIV Positivity
	Male	Female	TS/TG	Total		
<b>2017-18</b>	1.97%	1.48%	0	1.73%	0.41%	1.17%
<b>2018-19</b>	1.97%	1.50%	0	1.75%	0.45%	1.19%
<b>2019-20</b>	1.90%	1.47%	0.00%	1.69%	0.45%	1.14%
<b>2020-21</b>	3.61%	2.06%	40.00%	2.80%	0.48%	1.52%

SOURCE: Project Director, Meghalaya AIDS Control Society, Shillong.

**TABLE NO: 3.14**

**District-wise HIV Testing & Positive Status Among the Pregnant Woman tested at ICTCs**

Sl No	District	2017-18		2018-19	
		Tested	Positive	Tested	Positive
1	East Garo Hills	914	1	911	1
2	East Jaintia Hills	1569	28	1557	18
3	East Khasi Hills	12533	35	12335	41
4	North Garo Hills	0	0	0	0
5	Ri Bhoi	2483	4	2900	0
6	South Garo Hills	534	0	642	0
7	South West Garo Hills	0	0	0	0
8	South West Khasi Hills	1500	0	969	0
9	West Garo Hills	2734	1	2929	2
10	West Jaintia Hills	4874	53	6413	72
11	West Khasi Hills (including Eastern West Khasi Hills)	2819	0	3458	12
<b>Meghalaya</b>		<b>29960</b>	<b>122</b>	<b>32114</b>	<b>146</b>

contd...

Sl No	District	2019-20		2020-21	
		Tested	Positive	Tested	Positive
1	East Garo Hills	1019	0	716	1
2	East Jaintia Hills	1307	23	1297	22
3	East Khasi Hills	15076	52	10780	45
4	North Garo Hills	0	0	0	0
5	Ri Bhoi	3162	4	3205	6
6	South Garo Hills	626	0	732	0
7	South West Garo Hills	0	0	0	0
8	South West Khasi Hills	831	1	1002	0
9	West Garo Hills	4162	5	2673	0
10	West Jaintia Hills	5637	65	4240	54
11	West Khasi Hills (including Eastern West Khasi Hills)	3649	9	3272	7
<b>Meghalaya</b>		<b>35469</b>	<b>159</b>	<b>27917</b>	<b>135</b>

SOURCE: Project Director, Meghalaya AIDS Control Society, Shillong.



TABLE NO: 3.15

## No of People Living with HIV (PLHIV) Alive and on Antiretroviral Therapy (ART)

Year	Adult				Children			Total
	Male	Female	TS/TG	Total	Male	Female	Total	
2017-18	756	910	1	1667	44	66	110	1777
2018-19	975	1204	1	2180	62	82	144	2324
2019-20	1121	1452	0	2573	72	100	172	2745
2020-21	1240	1610	1	2851	84	112	196	3047

SOURCE: Project Director, Meghalaya AIDS Control Society, Shillong.

TABLE NO: 3.16

## District-wise key Epidemiological Estimates, HIV Estimation 2019

SI No	District	Prevalence	PLHIV (TOTAL)	New Infection (15+ years )	ARD ( 15+ years )	PMTCT	District Priority
1	East Garo Hills	0.199	249	<25	<25	<25	Very low
2	East Jaintia Hills	2.806	2593	192	69	64	High
3	East Khasi Hills	0.651	3379	242	90	83	Moderate
4	North Garo Hills	0.145	108	<25	<25	<25	Very low
5	Ri Bhoi	0.332	540	37	<25	<25	Low
6	South Garo Hills	0.199	172	<25	<25	<25	Very low
7	South West Garo Hills	<0.10	<100	<25	<25	<25	Very low
8	South West Khasi Hills	0.305	210	<25	<25	<25	low
9	West Garo Hills	<0.10	242	<25	<25	<25	Very low
10	West Jaintia Hills	1.403	3264	97	88	81	High
11	West Khasi Hills (including Eastern West Khasi Hills)	0.26	444	37	<25	<25	Low

Source: District Level HIV estimate and prioritization in India 2019,NACO





**TABLE NO: 3.17**  
**Access to Anti-Retroviral Therapy Drugs by Sex**

Year	2018-19						2019-20						2020-21					
District	Adult			Children		Total	Adult			Children		Total	Adult			Children		Total
	Male	Female	TS/TG	Male	Female		Male	Female	TS/TG	Male	Female		Male	Female	TS/TG	Male	Female	
East Garo Hills	1	2	-	-	-	3	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
East Jaintia Hills	81	75	0	7	7	170	85	114	-	3	7	209	69	71	-	-	5	145
East Khasi Hills	104	82	1	1	3	191	84	92	0	5	11	192	88	59	1	1	-	149
North Garo Hills	1	1	-	-	-	2	1	1	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	0
Ri Bhoi	11	14	-	-	-	25	16	17	-	-	1	34	13	16	-	1	-	30
South Garo Hills	0	1	-	-	-	1		4	-	-	-	4		1	-	-	-	1
South West Garo Hills	0	0	-	-	-	0	1	2	-	-	-	3	1	1	-	-	-	2
South West Khasi Hills		2	-	-	-	2	4	7	-	1	-	12	5	1	-	-	1	7
West Garo Hills	3	6	-	-	-	9	3	4	-	-	1	8	7	3	-	-	-	10
West Jaintia Hills	85	126	-	-	-	211	98	145	-	5	9	257	71	112	-	7	10	200
West Khasi Hills (including Eastern West Khasi Hills)	13	19	-	-	-	32	11	22	-	-	2	35	16	20	-	-	-	36
Meghalaya	299	328	1	8	10	646	304	409	0	15	31	759	270	284	1	9	16	580

SOURCE: Project Director, Meghalaya AIDS Control Society, Shillong.



# NATIONAL FAMILY HEALTH SURVEY REPORT

**TABLE NO: 3.18  
MEGHALAYA KEY INDICATORS**

Indicators	NFHS-5 (2019-20)			NFHS-4 (2015-16)
Population and Household Profile	Urban	Rural	Total	Total
1. Female population age 6 years and above who ever attended school (%)	94.7	83.4	85.9	83.0
2. Population below age 15 years (%)	29.7	39.2	37.3	36.5
3. Sex ratio of the total population (females per 1,000 males)	1,118	1,020	1,039	1,005
4. Sex ratio at birth for children born in the last five years (females per 1,000 males)	915	1,001	989	1,009
5. Children under age 5 years whose birth was registered with the civil authority (%)	87.5	81.2	82.1	79.8
6. Deaths in the last 3 years registered with the civil authority (%)	60.9	52.8	54.4	na
7. Population living in households with electricity (%)	97.3	90.6	91.9	91.8
8. Population living in households with an improved drinking-water source <sup>1</sup> (%)	93.6	75.6	79.2	70.3
9. Population living in households that use an improved sanitation facility <sup>2</sup> (%)	81.3	83.3	82.9	61.4
10. Households using clean fuel for cooking <sup>3</sup> (%)	76.7	21.7	33.7	21.8
11. Households using iodized salt (%)	97.5	88.7	90.6	99.1
12. Households with any usual member covered under a health insurance/financing scheme (%)	52.8	66.5	63.5	34.6
13. Children age 5 years who attended pre-primary school during the school year 2019-20 (%)	36.3	30.3	31.2	na
Characteristics of Adults (age 15-49 years)				
14. Women who are literate <sup>4</sup> (%)	97.1	85.5	88.2	na
15. Men who are literate <sup>4</sup> (%)	92.9	81.5	83.7	na
16. Women with 10 or more years of schooling (%)	61.4	27.3	35.1	33.6
17. Men with 10 or more years of schooling (%)	63.9	27.7	34.7	34.5
18. Women who have ever used the internet (%)	57.8	28.0	34.7	na
19. Men who have ever used the internet (%)	59.2	38.5	42.1	na
Marriage and Fertility				
20. Women age 20-24 years married before age 18 years (%)	9.1	19.1	16.9	16.9
21. Men age 25-29 years married before age 21 years (%)	(4.8)	20.8	17.9	13.6
22. Total fertility rate (children per woman)	1.6	3.3	2.9	3.0
23. Women age 15-19 years who were already mothers or pregnant at the time of the survey (%)	3.2	8.4	7.2	8.6
24. Adolescent fertility rate for women age 15-19 years <sup>5</sup>	18	58	49	48

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Infant and Child Mortality Rates (per 1,000 live births)				
<b>25. Neonatal mortality rate (NNMR)</b>	(14.2)	20.6	19.8	18.3
<b>26. Infant mortality rate (IMR)</b>	(23.4)	33.6	32.3	29.9
<b>27. Under-five mortality rate (U5MR)</b>	23.4	42.6	40.0	39.6
Current Use of Family Planning Methods (currently married women age 15–49 years)				
<b>28. Any method<sup>6</sup> (%)</b>	25.9	27.8	27.4	24.3
<b>29. Any modern method<sup>6</sup> (%)</b>	21.0	22.9	22.5	21.9
<b>30. Female sterilization (%)</b>	7.1	5.2	5.6	6.2
<b>31. Male sterilization (%)</b>	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
<b>32. IUD/PPIUD (%)</b>	2.9	4.7	4.4	2.1
<b>33. Pill (%)</b>	6.0	8.9	8.3	11.7
<b>34. Condom (%)</b>	3.9	2.4	2.7	1.3
<b>35. Injectables (%)</b>	0.7	1.2	1.1	0.6
Unmet Need for Family Planning (currently married women age 15–49 years)				
<b>36. Total unmet need<sup>7</sup> (%)</b>	21.9	28.2	26.9	21.2
<b>37. Unmet need for spacing<sup>7</sup> (%)</b>	13.3	19.5	18.3	15.3
Quality of Family Planning Services				
<b>38. Health worker ever talked to female non-users about family planning (%)</b>	18.7	30.4	27.4	24.2
<b>39. Current users ever told about side effects of current method<sup>8</sup> (%)</b>	61.4	68.4	67.2	61.3
<p>Note: Major indicators are highlighted in grey.</p> <p>LHV = Lady health visitor; ANM = Auxiliary nurse midwife; na = Not available</p> <p>* Percentage not shown; based on fewer than 25 unweighted cases</p> <p>For all indicators other than 25, 26, 27: ( ) Based on 25–49 unweighted cases</p> <p>For indicators 25, 26 and 27: ( ) Based on 250–499 unweighted person-years of exposure to the risk of death</p> <p><sup>1</sup>Piped water into dwelling/yard/plot, piped to neighbour, public tap/standpipe, tube well or borehole, protected dug well, protected spring, rainwater, tanker truck, cart with small tank, bottled water, community RO plant.</p> <p><sup>2</sup>Flush to piped sewer system, flush to septic tank, flush to pit latrine, flush to don't know where, ventilated improved pit (VIP)/biogas latrine, pit latrine with slab, twin pit/composting toilet, which is not shared with any other household. This indicator does not denote access to toilet facility.</p> <p><sup>3</sup>Electricity, LPG/natural gas, biogas.</p> <p><sup>4</sup>Refers to women/men who completed standard 9 or higher and women/men who can read a whole sentence or part of a sentence.</p> <p><sup>5</sup>Equivalent to the age-specific fertility rate for the 3-year period preceding the survey, expressed in terms of births per 1,000 women age 15–19.</p> <p><sup>6</sup>Any method includes other methods that are not shown separately; Any modern method includes other modern methods that are not shown separately.</p> <p><sup>7</sup>Unmet need for family planning refers to fecund women who are not using contraception but who wish to postpone the next birth (spacing) or stop childbearing altogether (limiting). Specifically, women are considered to have unmet need for spacing if they are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· At risk of becoming pregnant, not using contraception, and either do not want to become pregnant within the next two years, or are unsure if or when they want to become pregnant.</li> <li>· Pregnant with a mistimed pregnancy.</li> <li>· Postpartum amenorrhoeic for up to two years following a mistimed birth and not using contraception. Women are considered to have unmet need for limiting if they are:</li> <li>· At risk of becoming pregnant, not using contraception, and want no (more) children.</li> <li>· Pregnant with an unwanted pregnancy.</li> <li>· Postpartum amenorrhoeic for up to two years following an unwanted birth and not using contraception.</li> </ul> <p>Women who are classified as infertile have no unmet need because they are not at risk of becoming pregnant. Unmet need for family planning is the sum of unmet need for spacing plus unmet need for limiting.</p> <p><sup>8</sup>Based on current users of female sterilization, IUD/PPIUD, injectables, and pills who started using that method in the past 5 years.</p>				



Indicators	NFHS-5 (2019-20)			NFHS-4 (2015-16)
	Urban	Rural	Total	Total
<b>Maternal and Child Health</b>				
<b>Maternity Care (for last birth in the 5 years before the survey)</b>				
40. Mothers who had an antenatal check-up in the first trimester (%)	63.2	52.3	53.9	53.3
41. Mothers who had at least 4 antenatal care visits (%)	67.5	49.6	52.2	50.0
42. Mothers whose last birth was protected against neonatal tetanus <sup>9</sup> (%)	84.8	81.6	82.1	79.2
43. Mothers who consumed iron folic acid for 100 days or more when they were pregnant (%)	47.5	42.3	43.1	36.2
44. Mothers who consumed iron folic acid for 180 days or more when they were pregnant (%)	28.7	19.2	20.6	13.0
45. Registered pregnancies for which the mother received a Mother and Child Protection (MCP) card (%)	87.5	94.3	93.3	93.6
46. Mothers who received postnatal care from a doctor/nurse/LHV/ANM/midwife/other health personnel within 2 days of delivery (%)	54.8	42.0	43.9	47.5
47. Average out-of-pocket expenditure per delivery in a public health facility (Rs.)	3,353	3,190	3,219	3,319
48. Children born at home who were taken to a health facility for a check-up within 24 hours of birth (%)	0.0	1.6	1.6	1.4
49. Children who received postnatal care from a doctor/nurse/LHV/ANM/midwife/other health personnel within 2 days of delivery (%)	59.1	42.5	44.9	na
<b>Delivery Care (for births in the 5 years before the survey)</b>				
50. Institutional births (%)	82.7	54.3	58.1	51.4
51. Institutional births in public facility (%)	57.4	47.9	49.1	39.5
52. Home births that were conducted by skilled health personnel <sup>10</sup> (%)	2.2	7.3	6.6	2.6
53. Births attended by skilled health personnel <sup>10</sup> (%)	82.4	61.2	64.0	53.8
54. Births delivered by caesarean section (%)	21.6	6.1	8.2	7.6
55. Births in a private health facility that were delivered by caesarean section (%)	51.0	34.6	40.8	31.4
56. Births in a public health facility that were delivered by caesarean section (%)	15.2	8.1	9.2	9.8

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Child Vaccinations and Vitamin A Supplementation				
57. Children age 12-23 months fully vaccinated based on information from either vaccination card or mother's recall <sup>11</sup> (%)	58.3	64.7	63.8	61.4
58. Children age 12-23 months fully vaccinated based on information from vaccination card only <sup>12</sup> (%)	76.0	80.5	80.0	81.3
59. Children age 12-23 months who have received BCG (%)	93.1	88.7	89.3	85.9
60. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of polio vaccine <sup>13</sup> (%)	63.5	69.3	68.5	71.0
61. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or DPT vaccine (%)	69.6	73.7	73.1	73.9
62. Children age 12-23 months who have received the first dose of measles-containing vaccine (MCV) (%)	70.4	72.8	72.5	71.8
63. Children age 24-35 months who have received a second dose of measles-containing vaccine (MCV) (%)	12.2	14.5	14.2	na
64. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of rotavirus vaccine <sup>14</sup> (%)	5.5	3.9	4.1	na
65. Children age 12-23 months who have received 3 doses of penta or hepatitis B vaccine (%)	56.0	67.3	65.7	62.8
66. Children age 9-35 months who received a vitamin A dose in the last 6 months (%)	69.3	59.7	61.0	57.8
67. Children age 12-23 months who received most of their vaccinations in a public health facility (%)	78.3	96.1	93.6	92.4
68. Children age 12-23 months who received most of their vaccinations in a private health facility (%)	17.0	1.3	3.5	4.9
Treatment of Childhood Diseases (children under age 5 years)				
69. Prevalence of diarrhea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey (%)	11.8	10.2	10.4	10.6
70. Children with diarrhea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey who received oral rehydration salts (ORS) (%)	60.9	75.5	73.2	77.4
71. Children with diarrhea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey who received zinc (%)	42.2	40.2	40.5	57.8
72. Children with diarrhea in the 2 weeks preceding the survey taken to a health facility or health provider (%)	69.1	69.2	69.2	69.9
73. Prevalence of symptoms of acute respiratory infection (ARI) in the 2 weeks preceding the survey (%)	5.8	4.7	4.8	5.8
74. Children with fever or symptoms of ARI in the 2 weeks preceding the survey taken to a health facility or health provider (%)	66.6	74.0	72.9	74.9
<sup>9</sup> Includes mothers with two injections during the pregnancy for their last birth, or two or more injections (the last within 3 years of the last live birth), or three or more injections (the last within 5 years of the last birth), or four or more injections (the last within 10 years of the last live birth), or five or more injections at any time prior to the last birth. <sup>10</sup> Doctor/nurse/LHV/ANM/midwife/other health personnel. <sup>11</sup> Vaccinated with BCG, measles-containing vaccine (MCV)/MR/MMR/Measles, and 3 doses each of polio (excluding polio vaccine given at birth) and DPT or penta vaccine. <sup>12</sup> Among children whose vaccination card was shown to the interviewer, percentage vaccinated with BCG, measles-containing vaccine (MCV)/MR/MMR/Measles, and 3 doses each of polio (excluding polio vaccine given at birth) and DPT or penta vaccine. <sup>13</sup> Not including polio vaccination given at birth. <sup>14</sup> Since rotavirus is not being provided across all states and districts, the levels should not be compared.				

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Indicators	NFHS-5 (2019-20)			NFHS-4 (2015-16)
Child Feeding Practices and Nutritional Status of Children	Urban	Rural	Total	Total
75. Children under age 3 years breastfed within one hour of birth <sup>15</sup> (%)	70.8	79.9	78.8	60.6
76. Children under age 6 months exclusively breastfed <sup>16</sup> (%)	(64.5)	39.2	42.7	35.8
77. Children age 6-8 months receiving solid or semi-solid food and breastmilk <sup>16</sup> (%)	*	66.2	66.8	67.4
78. Breastfeeding children age 6-23 months receiving an adequate diet <sup>16,17</sup> (%)	37.5	28.0	29.0	24.2
79. Non-breastfeeding children age 6-23 months receiving an adequate diet <sup>16,17</sup> (%)	(43.7)	30.1	32.5	19.5
80. Total children age 6-23 months receiving an adequate diet <sup>16,17</sup> (%)	39.5	28.4	29.8	23.5
81. Children under 5 years who are stunted (height-for-age) <sup>18</sup> (%)	35.1	48.2	46.5	43.8
82. Children under 5 years who are wasted (weight-for-height) <sup>18</sup> (%)	13.0	12.0	12.1	15.3
83. Children under 5 years who are severely wasted (weight-for-height) <sup>19</sup> (%)	4.6	4.7	4.7	6.5
84. Children under 5 years who are underweight (weight-for-age) <sup>18</sup> (%)	22.2	27.3	26.6	28.9
85. Children under 5 years who are overweight (weight-for-height) <sup>20</sup> (%)	4.2	4.0	4.0	3.9
Nutritional Status of Adults (age 15-49 years)				
86. Women whose Body Mass Index (BMI) is below normal (BMI <18.5 kg/m <sup>2</sup> ) <sup>21</sup> (%)	10.2	11.0	10.8	12.1
87. Men whose Body Mass Index (BMI) is below normal (BMI <18.5 kg/m <sup>2</sup> ) (%)	8.6	9.1	9.0	11.6
88. Women who are overweight or obese (BMI ≥25.0 kg/m <sup>2</sup> ) <sup>21</sup> (%)	17.9	9.7	11.5	12.2
89. Men who are overweight or obese (BMI ≥25.0 kg/m <sup>2</sup> ) (%)	30.2	10.6	13.9	10.1
90. Women who have high risk waist-to-hip ratio (≥0.85) (%)	55.7	61.9	60.6	na
91. Men who have high risk waist-to-hip ratio (≥0.90) (%)	28.5	24.0	24.7	na
Anaemia among Children and Adults				
92. Children age 6-59 months who are anaemic (<11.0 g/dl) <sup>22</sup> (%)	38.8	46.0	45.1	48.0
93. Non-pregnant women age 15-49 years who are anaemic (<12.0 g/dl) <sup>22</sup> (%)	52.4	54.9	54.4	56.4
94. Pregnant women age 15-49 years who are anaemic (<11.0 g/dl) <sup>22</sup> (%)	40.2	45.9	45.0	53.3
95. All women age 15-49 years who are anaemic <sup>22</sup> (%)	51.8	54.3	53.8	56.2
96. All women age 15-19 years who are anaemic <sup>22</sup> (%)	44.6	54.6	52.5	52.1
97. Men age 15-49 years who are anaemic (<13.0 g/dl) <sup>22</sup> (%)	16.1	27.4	25.5	32.4
98. Men age 15-19 years who are anaemic (<13.0 g/dl) <sup>22</sup> (%)	(7.4)	35.0	30.1	25.2

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Blood Sugar Level among Adults (age 15 years and above)				
Women				
99. Blood sugar level - high (141-160 mg/dl) <sup>23</sup> (%)	3.0	5.5	5.0	na
100. Blood sugar level - very high (>160 mg/dl) <sup>23</sup> (%)	4.8	2.5	3.0	na
101. Blood sugar level - high or very high (>140 mg/dl) or taking medicine to control blood sugar level <sup>23</sup> (%)	10.3	9.3	9.5	na
Men				
102. Blood sugar level - high (141-160 mg/dl) <sup>23</sup> (%)	6.6	9.0	8.6	na
103. Blood sugar level - very high (>160 mg/dl) <sup>23</sup> (%)	7.6	3.5	4.2	na
104. Blood sugar level - high or very high (>140 mg/dl) or taking medicine to control blood sugar level <sup>23</sup> (%)	16.0	13.4	13.9	na
Hypertension among Adults (age 15 years and above)				
Women				
105. Mildly elevated blood pressure (Systolic 140-159 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 90-99 mm of Hg) (%)	13.6	9.0	10.0	na
106. Moderately or severely elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥160 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥100 mm of Hg) (%)	4.9	3.6	3.9	na
107. Elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥140 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥90 mm of Hg) or taking medicine to control blood pressure (%)	24.6	17.1	18.7	na
Men				
108. Mildly elevated blood pressure (Systolic 140-159 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic 90-99 mm of Hg) (%)	17.8	13.3	14.2	na
109. Moderately or severely elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥160 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥100 mm of Hg) (%)	5.8	3.4	3.8	na
110. Elevated blood pressure (Systolic ≥140 mm of Hg and/or Diastolic ≥90 mm of Hg) or taking medicine to control blood pressure (%)	28.5	19.9	21.4	na
<p><sup>15</sup>Based on the last child born in the 3 years before the survey.</p> <p><sup>16</sup>Based on the youngest child living with the mother.</p> <p><sup>17</sup>Breastfed children receiving 4 or more food groups and a minimum meal frequency, non-breastfed children fed with a minimum of 3 Infant and Young Child Feeding Practices (fed with other milk or milk products at least twice a day, a minimum meal frequency that is, receiving solid or semi-solid food at least twice a day for breastfed infants 6-8 months and at least three times a day for breastfed children 9-23 months, and solid or semi-solid foods from at least four food groups not including the milk or milk products food group).</p> <p><sup>18</sup>Below -2 standard deviations, based on the WHO standard. <sup>19</sup>Below -3 standard deviations, based on the WHO standard. <sup>20</sup>Above +2 standard deviations, based on the WHO standard.</p> <p><sup>21</sup>Excludes pregnant women and women with a birth in the preceding 2 months.</p> <p><sup>22</sup>Haemoglobin in grams per decilitre (g/dl). Among children, prevalence is adjusted for altitude. Among adults, prevalence is adjusted for altitude and for smoking status, if known. As NFHS uses the capillary blood for estimation of anaemia, the results of NFHS-5 need not be compared with other surveys using venous blood.</p> <p><sup>23</sup>Random blood sugar measurement.</p>				

Contd...



Indicators	NFHS-5 (2019-20)			NFHS-4 (2015-16)
Screening for Cancer among Adults (age 30-49 years)	Urban	Rural	Total	Total
<b>Women</b>				
111. Ever undergone a screening test for cervical cancer (%)	0.6	0.6	0.6	na
112. Ever undergone a breast examination for breast cancer (%)	1.3	0.2	0.5	na
113. Ever undergone an oral cavity examination for oral cancer (%)	0.4	0.4	0.4	na
<b>Men</b>				
114. Ever undergone an oral cavity examination for oral cancer (%)	2.3	0.9	1.2	na
<b>Knowledge of HIV/AIDS among Adults (age 15-49 years)</b>				
115. Women who have comprehensive knowledge <sup>24</sup> of HIV/AIDS (%)	23.8	11.8	14.5	13.3
116. Men who have comprehensive knowledge <sup>24</sup> of HIV/AIDS (%)	32.5	11.9	15.9	14.2
117. Women who know that consistent condom use can reduce the chance of getting HIV/AIDS (%)	60.6	52.2	54.1	47.0
118. Men who know that consistent condom use can reduce the chance of getting HIV/AIDS (%)	70.6	60.8	62.7	52.1
<b>Women's Empowerment (women age 15-49 years)</b>				
119. Currently married women who usually participate in three household decisions <sup>25</sup> (%)	93.3	92.0	92.3	91.4
120. Women who worked in the last 12 months and were paid in cash (%)	43.1	39.1	40.0	35.9
121. Women owning a house and/or land (alone or jointly with others) (%)	47.8	70.1	65.0	57.3
122. Women having a bank or savings account that they themselves use (%)	78.0	68.2	70.4	54.4
123. Women having a mobile phone that they themselves use (%)	78.2	64.3	67.5	64.3
124. Women age 15-24 years who use hygienic methods of protection during their menstrual period <sup>26</sup> (%)	85.0	59.1	64.9	63.7
<b>Gender Based Violence (age 18-49 years)</b>				
125. Ever-married women age 18-49 years who have ever experienced spousal violence <sup>27</sup> (%)	23.2	14.2	16.0	28.8
126. Ever-married women age 18-49 years who have experienced physical violence during any pregnancy (%)	2.5	1.4	1.6	0.4
127. Young women age 18-29 years who experienced sexual violence by age 18 (%)	0.0	0.6	0.5	0.0
<b>Tobacco Use and Alcohol Consumption among Adults (age 15 years and above)</b>				
128. Women age 15 years and above who use any kind of tobacco (%)	27.2	28.5	28.2	na
129. Men age 15 years and above who use any kind of tobacco (%)	47.0	60.6	57.7	na
130. Women age 15 years and above who consume alcohol (%)	1.0	1.6	1.5	na
131. Men age 15 years and above who consume alcohol (%)	28.5	33.5	32.4	na
<sup>24</sup> Comprehensive knowledge means knowing that consistent use of condoms every time they have sex and having just one uninfected faithful sex partner can reduce the chance of getting HIV/AIDS, knowing that a healthy-looking person can have HIV/AIDS, and rejecting two common misconceptions about transmission or prevention of HIV/AIDS.				
<sup>25</sup> Decisions about health care for herself, making major household purchases, and visits to her family or relatives.				
<sup>26</sup> Locally prepared napkins, sanitary napkins, tampons, and menstrual cups are considered to be hygienic methods of protection.				
<sup>27</sup> Spousal violence is defined as physical and/or sexual violence.				
<b>Source: National Family Health Survey (NFHS-5)</b>				

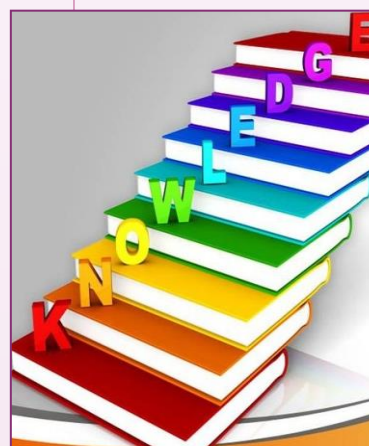




## 5. EDUCATION

### INTRODUCTION

Education is the most effective tool an individual can have to become a successful citizens. Among the social sector of the economy, Education plays a very important role to improve the quality of life of the people and open up opportunities for progress for each and every inhabitant of the country. Meghalaya is continuously striving for a qualitative progress in education in the North Eastern Region for which is known as the Educational Hub. The Government of Meghalaya is also emphasizing to reduce the gaps that exist in the state to ensure accessibility and quality of education, especially at the school level through intervention like the Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan (SSA), Rashtriya Madhyamik Shiksha Abhiyan (RMSA), Mid-Day Meal Scheme (MDM) and other state specific program like the Asian Development Banks (ADB) project, Rural Hostels and Residential schools etc.



### FINDINGS

#### ❖ Literacy Rate

As per Census 2011, the literacy rate of Meghalaya was 74% and the Literacy rate for females and males were 73% and 76% respectively. Amongst the district, East Khasi Hills has the highest literacy rate being 84% with male literacy rate being 85% and female literacy rate 84%. The District with the lowest literacy rate was recorded in East Jaintia Hills with just 58%, with male literacy rate being 57% and female literacy rate of 59%. The gap in literacy rate among male and female is low in West Khasi Hills and East Khasi Hills District and high in East Garo Hills, West Garo Hills and South West Garo Hills district. (refer Table No 4.1 & 4.2).

District Wise Literacy Rate, CENSUS 2011

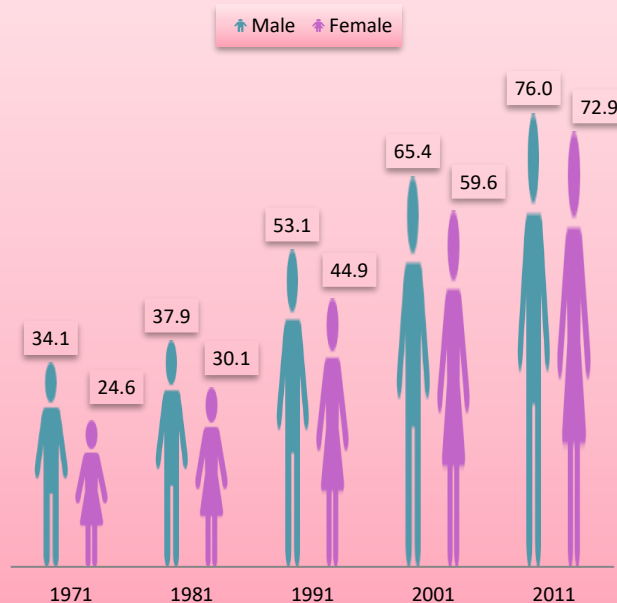
District	Literacy rate		
	Total		
	P	M	F
East Garo Hills	70	75	65
North Garo Hills	77	80	74
South Garo Hills	72	76	67
West Garo Hills	67	72	62
South West Garo Hills	69	74	64
East Khasi Hills	84	85	84
West Jaintia Hills	63	59	68
East Jaintia Hills	58	57	59
South West Khasi Hills	75	77	73
West Khasi Hills	79	79	79
Ribhoi	76	77	74
Meghalaya	74	76	73



### ❖ Decadal growth of literacy rate

There has been a steady increase in the literacy rate over the years in Meghalaya. During the years 2001, female literacy was 59.6% which has increased to 72.89% in 2011 whereas the male literacy rate in 2001 was 65.4% which has increased to 76% in 2011. Although Female Literacy Rate in Meghalaya has seen a huge increase from the last few decades and is currently higher than the national Female Literacy rate of 65.46%, yet there still exists a gender Literacy rate gap in the state. (refer Table No. 4.3 & 4.4)

**Gender wise progress of Literacy rate in Meghalaya from 1971 to 2011 as per Census**



### ❖ Enrollment Statistics

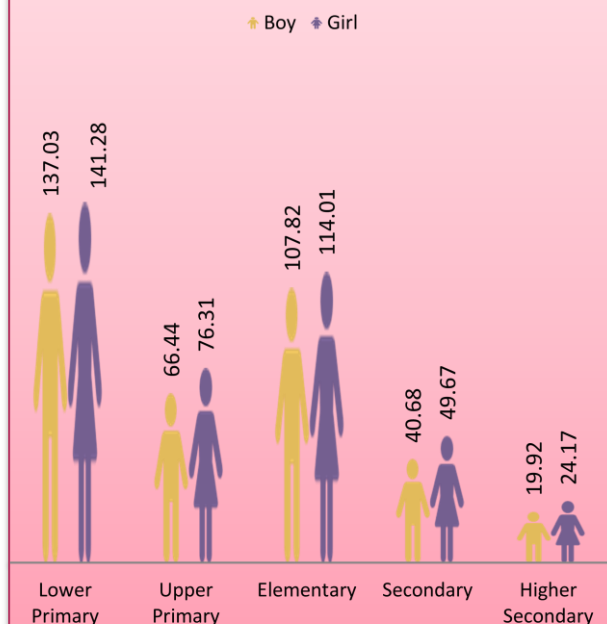
#### 1. Gross Enrollment Ratio (GER) –

During the 2020-21 Academic year the GER at primary level for females and males were 182.33 and 176.05 respectively, GER at Upper primary level were 120.26 for females and 104.47 males. At Elementary level it was 183.91 for females and 171.92 for males, while at Secondary level it was 94.51 for females and 75.7 for males and Higher Secondary level it was 45.61 for females and 36.55 for males. Overall the GER for Females is higher than for males as seen from the chart. (refer Table No.4.9)

**Gross Enrolment Ratio (GER) by Gender and Level of School Education In Meghalaya for the year 2020-21**



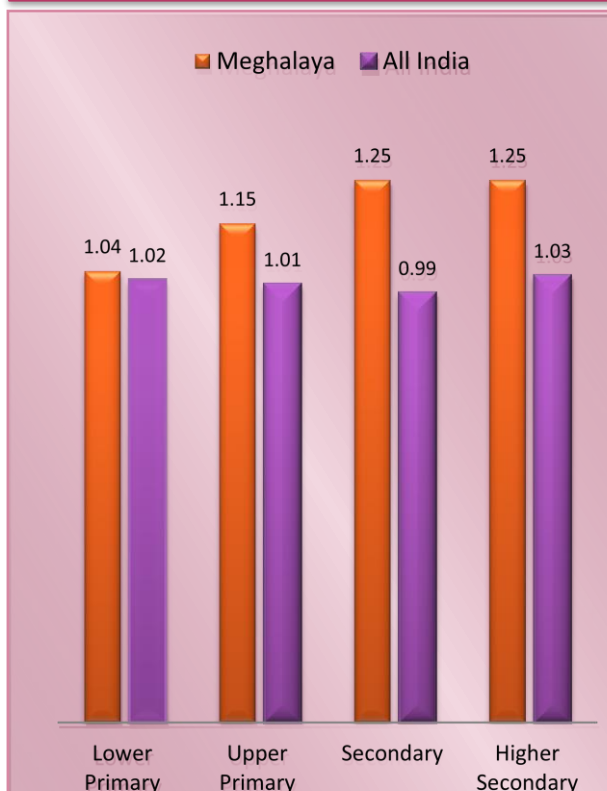
**Net Enrolment Rate by Gender and Level of School Education in Meghalaya for the year 2020-21**



## 2. Net Enrollment Ratio (NER) -

The Net Enrollment Ratio (NER) in school at Lower Primary level for females and males were 141.28 and 137.03 respectively, NER at Upper primary level was 76.31 for females and 66.44 for males, at Secondary levels it was 49.67 for females and 40.68 for males and at Higher Secondary Level it was at 24.17 for females and 19.92 for male. From the above it was found out that the Net Enrollment Ratio of female is higher than males in all educational level. (refer Table No.4.10).

## ❖ Gender Parity Index

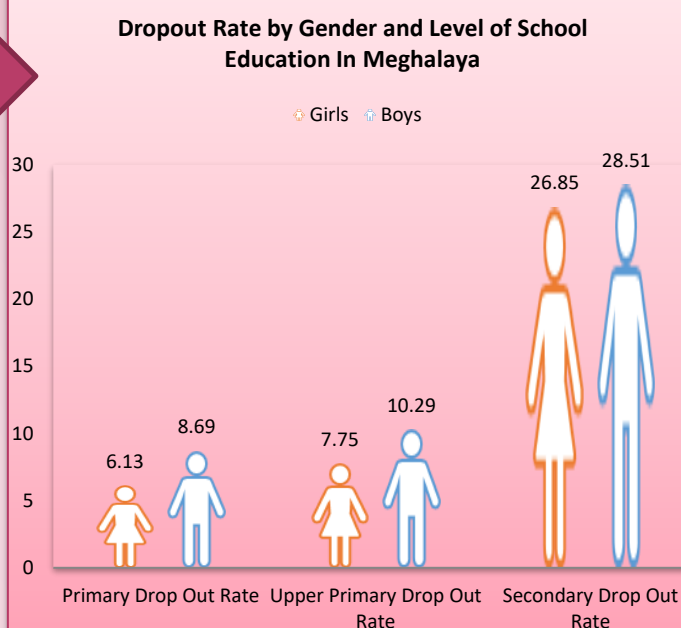


GPI at various levels reflect equitable participation of girls in the School system. In Meghalaya the Gender Parity Index (GPI) at Lower Primary Level is 1.04, at Upper primary level GPI is 1.15; and at Secondary level and Higher Secondary level both are at 1.25 which indicates that there are more number of girls than boys in all educational levels. From the figures it can be seen Meghalaya GPI is higher than the National GPI at all education levels. (refer Table No. 4.11)



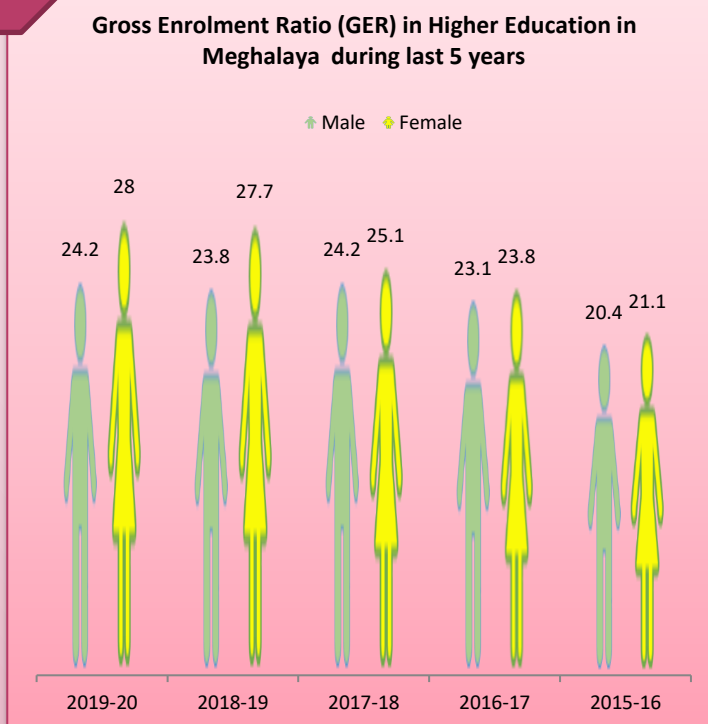
### ❖ Drop Out Rates

During the year 2020-21 the drop-out rates for girls and boys in the Lower Primary level was 6.13 and 8.69 respectively, at the Upper Primary level it was 7.75 for girls and 10.29 for boys and at the Secondary level it was 26.85 for girls and 28.51 for boys. (refer Table No 4.13)



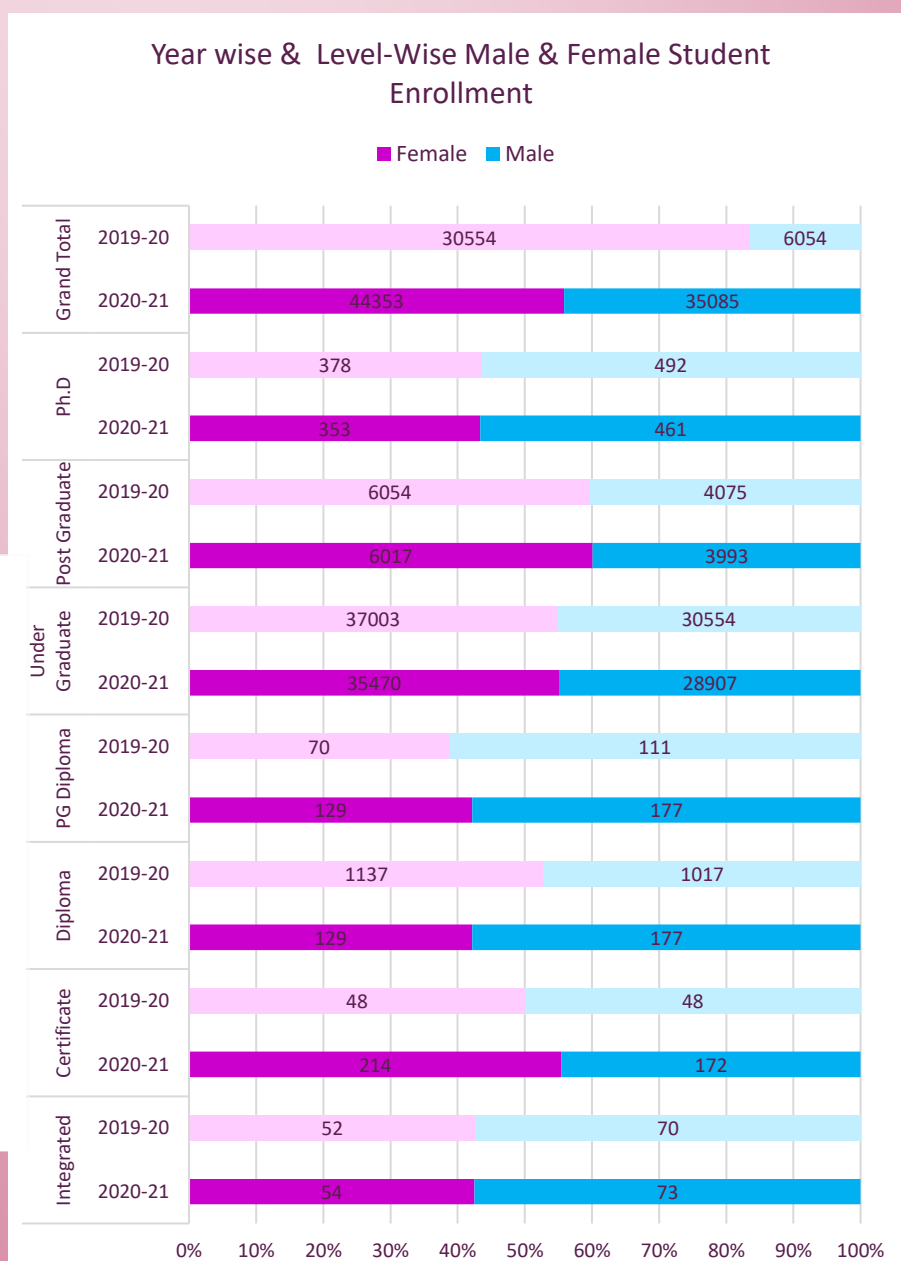
### ❖ Gross Enrollment ratio in Higher

During the last five years Gross Enrollment ratio (GER) in Higher education in Meghalaya has seen an improvement as both the GER for males and Females in the year 2019-2020 is 24.2 and 28 respectively which is higher as compared to the GER of males and females in the year 2015-16 which was 20.4 and 21.1 respectively. Also the female GER is higher than the male GER during the last five years in Meghalaya. (refer Table No. 4.19)



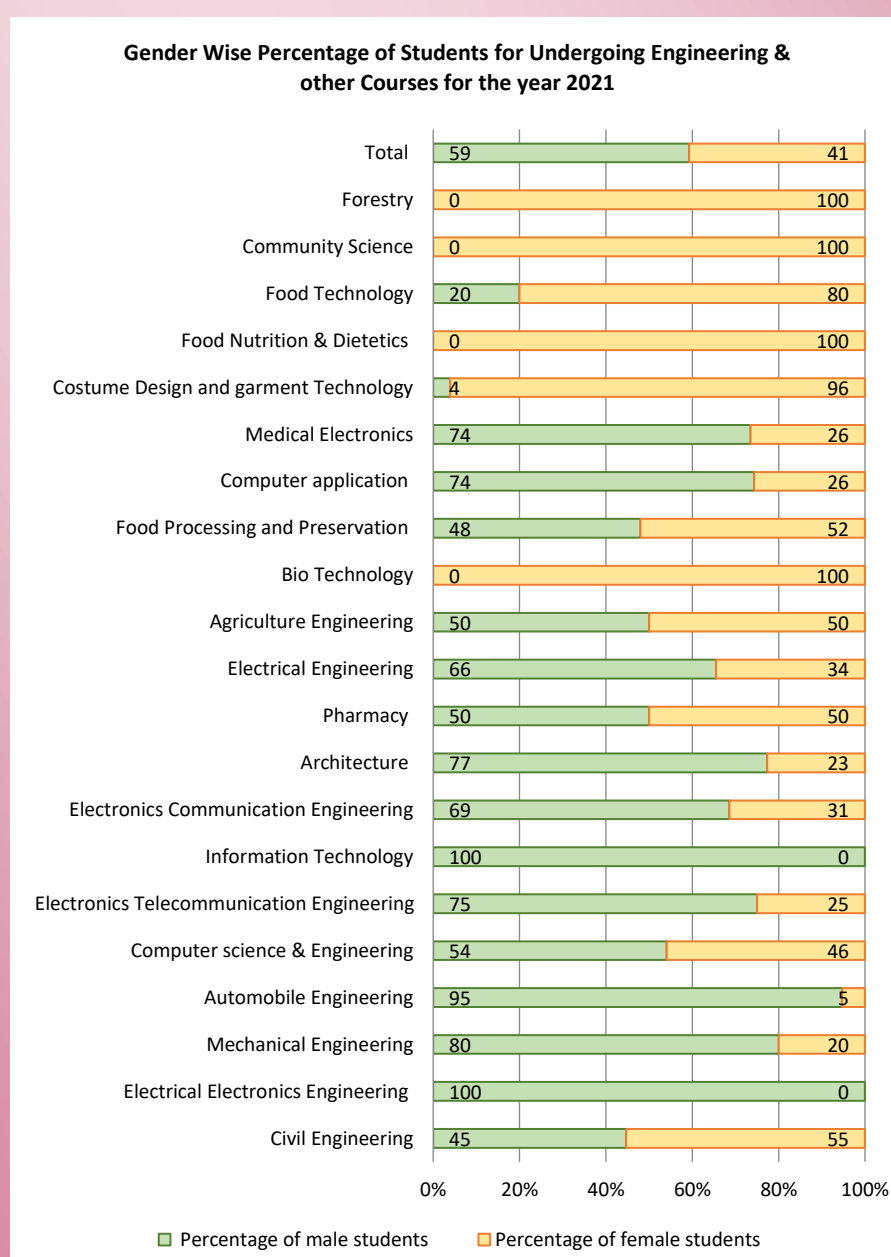
## ❖ Year wise & Level-Wise Male & Female Student Enrollment

The number of female student enrollment at various higher level of education is very encouraging as more females are enrolled in various level of education as compared to males over the past few years .The total no of female enrollment in 2019-20 is 44,765 as compared to male enrollment which is 36,377, and in 2020-21 the total no of females enrollment are 44,353 as compared to male enrollment which is 35,085. (refer Table No. 4.20)



❖ **Gender Wise Percentage of Students for Undergoing Engineering & other Courses for the year 2021**

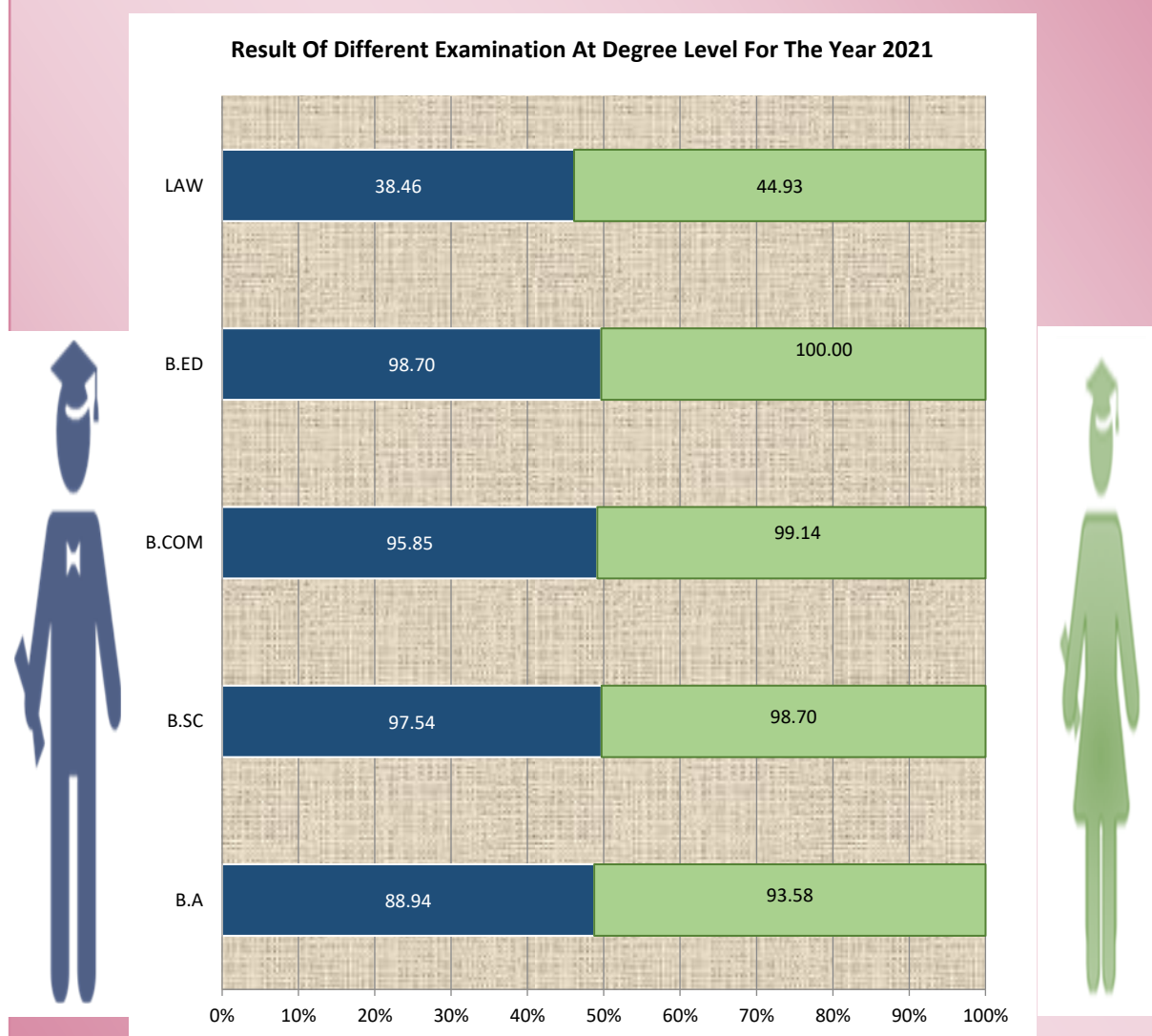
The percentage of females undergoing Engineering & other courses from the state is still less as compared to the percentage of males. The Total percentage of females are 40.7 percent as compared to males which is 59.3 percent for the year 2021. Female Students are more in number in courses such as Biotechnology, Costume Design, Food Nutrition & Dietetics, Community science and Forestry. (refer Table No. 4.21)





❖ **Result of different examination at degree level for the year 2021**

The overall pass Percentage of females in different Examination at degree level is far better as compared to the males pass percent in the year 2021. In B.A, B.Sc. and B.com examination female pass percent was 93.58, 98.70 and 99.14 respectively which was higher as compared to the males pass percent which was 88.94, 97.54 and 95.85 percent respectively. **(refer Table No. 4.26)**



**TABLE NO: 4.1**  
**District-wise Literacy rate**

District	Literacy rate								
	Total			Rural			Urban		
	Person	Male	Female	Person	Male	Female	Person	Male	Female
East Garo Hills	70	75	65	66	71	60	89	91	87
North Garo Hills	77	80	74	75	79	72	92	93	90
South Garo Hills	72	76	67	70	75	65	90	92	88
West Garo Hills	67	72	62	62	67	57	91	93	90
South West Garo Hills	69	74	64	69	74	64	0	0	0
East Khasi Hills	84	85	84	78	77	79	91	93	90
West Jaintia Hills	63	59	68	59	54	64	91	92	90
East Jaintia Hills	58	57	59	58	57	59	0	0	0
South West Khasi Hills	75	77	73	75	77	73	0	0	0
West Khasi Hills	79	79	79	77	78	77	88	88	88
Ri Bhoi	76	77	74	75	75	74	85	88	82
<b>Meghalaya</b>	74	76	73	70	71	68	91	92	89

Source: Census Office, RGI



**TABLE NO: 4. 2**  
**Literacy Rate, Block Wise**

Block	Literacy rate								
	Total			Rural			Urban		
	Person	Male	Female	Person	Male	Female	Person	Male	Female
Songsak	58	63	52	58	63	52	0	0	0
Dambo Rongjeng	68	74	63	68	74	63	0	0	0
Samanda	79	83	74	70	76	64	89	91	87
<b>East Garo Hills</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>65</b>	<b>66</b>	<b>71</b>	<b>60</b>	<b>89</b>	<b>91</b>	<b>87</b>
Bajengdoba	71	76	66	71	76	66	0	0	0
Resubelpara	81	83	79	77	80	75	92	93	90
Kharkutta	77	80	75	77	80	75	0	0	0
<b>North Garo Hills</b>	<b>77</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>74</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>72</b>	<b>92</b>	<b>93</b>	<b>90</b>
Gasuapara	69	75	62	69	75	62	0	0	0
Rongara	72	76	67	72	76	67	0	0	0
Baghmara	74	78	70	68	74	63	90	92	88
Chokpot	71	74	67	71	74	67	0	0	0
<b>South Garo Hills</b>	<b>72</b>	<b>76</b>	<b>67</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>65</b>	<b>90</b>	<b>92</b>	<b>88</b>
Dadenggre	57	65	50	57	65	50	0	0	0
Dalu Block	71	76	65	71	76	65	0	0	0
Gambegre	71	76	66	71	76	66	0	0	0
Rongram	84	87	81	74	79	69	91	93	90
Tikrikilla	65	72	59	65	72	59	0	0	0
Selsella	54	58	49	54	58	49	0	0	0
Demdema	54	58	49	54	58	49	0	0	0
<b>West Garo Hills</b>	<b>67</b>	<b>72</b>	<b>62</b>	<b>62</b>	<b>67</b>	<b>57</b>	<b>91</b>	<b>93</b>	<b>90</b>
Zikzak	67	73	62	67	73	62	0	0	0
Betasing	66	71	61	66	71	61	0	0	0
Damalgre	74	79	69	74	79	69	0	0	0
<b>South West Garo Hills</b>	<b>69</b>	<b>74</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>69</b>	<b>74</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>

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Block	Literacy rate								
	Total			Rural			Urban		
	Person	Male	Female	Person	Male	Female	Person	Male	Female
Myllem	90	92	89	83	83	83	92	94	90
Mawpat	89	91	87	83	84	82	90	92	88
Mawlai	90	91	89	77	75	78	92	93	91
K. Laitkroh	77	76	79	77	76	79	0	0	0
Mawkynrew	70	65	75	70	65	75	0	0	0
Mawphlang	85	85	86	85	85	86	0	0	0
Mawryngkneng	80	77	84	80	77	84	0	0	0
Shella Bholaganj	77	78	75	72	74	70	93	93	93
Mawsynram	75	77	73	75	77	73	0	0	0
Pynursla Block	79	79	79	79	79	79	0	0	0
Sohiong	74	72	76	74	72	76	0	0	0
<b>East Khasi Hills</b>	<b>84</b>	<b>85</b>	<b>84</b>	<b>78</b>	<b>77</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>91</b>	<b>93</b>	<b>90</b>
Thadlaskein	64	60	68	57	51	62	91	92	90
Amlarem	70	69	72	70	69	72	0	0	0
Laskein	57	50	64	57	50	64	0	0	0
<b>West Jaintia Hills</b>	<b>63</b>	<b>59</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>59</b>	<b>54</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>91</b>	<b>92</b>	<b>90</b>
Saipung	57	56	59	57	56	59	0	0	0
Khliehriat	59	58	59	59	58	59	0	0	0
<b>East Jaintia Hills</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>57</b>	<b>59</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>57</b>	<b>59</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
Ranikor	71	75	67	71	75	67	0	0	0
Mawkyrwat	78	79	77	78	79	77	0	0	0
<b>South West Khasi Hills</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>77</b>	<b>73</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>77</b>	<b>73</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
Mairang	81	79	82	79	77	81	88	88	89
Mawthadraishan	80	79	80	80	79	80	0	0	0
Mawsynrut	74	77	71	74	77	71	0	0	0
Nongstoin	81	81	80	77	78	76	88	88	88
<b>West Khasi Hills</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>77</b>	<b>78</b>	<b>77</b>	<b>88</b>	<b>88</b>	<b>88</b>
Jirang	75	78	71	75	78	71	0	0	0
Umling	78	81	76	77	80	74	83	84	81
Umsning	72	72	73	72	72	73	0	0	0
Bhoirymbong	76	76	77	74	72	76	91	94	86
<b>Ri Bhoi</b>	<b>76</b>	<b>77</b>	<b>74</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>74</b>	<b>85</b>	<b>88</b>	<b>82</b>
<b>Meghalaya</b>	<b>74</b>	<b>76</b>	<b>73</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>71</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>91</b>	<b>92</b>	<b>89</b>

Source: Census Office, RGI



TABLE NO: 4.3

Gender-wise progress of Literacy rate in Meghalaya from 1971 to 2011 census

EDUCATION	Year				
	1971	1981	1991	2001	2011
Total Literacy rate	29.49	34.08	49.1	62.6	74.43
Male	34.12	37.89	53.12	65.4	75.95
Female	24.56	30.08	44.85	59.61	72.89

Source : Census of India

TABLE NO: 4.4

Decade-wise Literacy rate by Sex in Meghalaya and India from 1971 to 2011 Census

Year	Meghalaya			India		
	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
1971	29.49	24.56	34.12	34.45	21.97	45.96
1981	34.08	30.08	37.89	43.57	29.76	56.38
1991	49.1	44.85	53.12	52.21	39.29	64.13
2001	62.56	59.61	65.4	64.83	53.67	75.26
2011	74.43	72.89	75.95	74.04	65.46	82.14

Source : Census of India

TABLE NO: 4.5

Number Of Literates by District

SL. NO	DISTRICT	LITERATES		
		TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE
1	2	3	4	5
1	East Garo Hills	82050	44908	37142
2	North Garo Hills	110097	57605	52492
3	South Garo Hills	82062	45003	37059
4	West Garo Hills	257166	138100	119067
5	South West Garo Hills	101535	55338	46197
6	East Khasi Hills	578030	287270	290760
7	West Jaintia Hills	133272	60902	72370
8	East Jaintia Hills	54255	26469	27786
9	South West Khasi Hills	58099	30205	27894
10	West Khasi Hills	172579	87102	85477
11	Ri- Bhoi	155859	80977	74882
Meghalaya		1785004	913879	871126

Source: Census 2011



TABLE NO: 4.6

## Number of Illiterates By District

SL. NO	DISTRICT	ILLITERATES		
		TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE
1	East Garo Hills	63748	29444	34304
2	North Garo Hills	62022	29266	32756
3	South Garo Hills	60272	28167	32105
4	West Garo Hills	208568	96116	112452
5	South West Garo Hills	76021	34605	41416
6	East Khasi Hills	247892	123479	124413
7	West Jaintia Hills	138913	74150	64763
8	East Jaintia Hills	68684	34764	33920
9	South West Khasi Hills	41072	20130	20942
10	West Khasi Hills	111711	56278	55433
11	Ri- Bhoi	102981	51554	51427
Meghalaya		1181884	577953	603931

Source: Census 2011

TABLE NO: 4.7

## Distribution of Educational Levels by Sex in Meghalaya as per Census 2011

Educational Level		Combined			Rural			Urban		
		Person	Male	Female	Person	Male	Female	Person	Male	Female
Total Population		2966889	1491832	1475057	2371439	1194260	1177179	595450	297572	297878
Illiterate		1181884	577953	603931	1056285	518624	537661	125599	59329	66270
Literate		1785005	913879	871126	1315154	675636	639518	469851	238243	231608
EDUCATIONAL LEVEL	Literate without educational level	78467	41109	37358	65400	34681	30719	13067	6428	6639
	Below primary	609064	311818	297246	527346	271443	255903	81718	40375	41343
	Primary	412929	203761	209168	327955	162619	165336	84974	41142	43832
	Middle	297897	151272	146625	200963	101714	99249	96934	49558	47376
	Matric/Secondary	160063	86803	73260	95587	52135	43452	64476	34668	29808
	Higher secondary/Intermediate/Pre-University/Senior secondary	126576	67422	59154	64374	34851	29523	62202	32571	29631
	Non-technical diploma or certificate not equal to degree	194	130	64	74	60	14	120	70	50
	Technical diploma or certificate not equal to degree	3477	2189	1288	786	502	284	2691	1687	1004
	Graduate & above	90519	46311	44208	27487	14884	12603	63032	31427	31605
	unclassified	5819	3064	2755	5182	2747	2435	637	317	320

Source :Census 2011





**TABLE NO: 4.8**  
**District-wise distribution of Educational Levels by Sex in Meghalaya as per Census 2011**

District	Total Population			Illiterate			Literate			Literate without educational level		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
West Garo Hills	643291	324159	319132	284589	130721	153868	358702	193438	165264	22986	12718	10268
East Garo Hills	317917	161223	156694	125770	58710	67060	192147	102513	89634	8537	4349	4188
South Garo Hills	142334	73170	69164	60272	28167	32105	82062	45003	37059	2775	1561	1214
West Khasi Hills	383461	193715	189746	152783	76408	76375	230678	117307	113371	13453	6902	6551
Ri Bhoi	258840	132531	126309	102981	51554	51427	155859	80977	74882	6296	3400	2896
East Khasi Hills	825922	410749	415173	247892	123479	124413	578030	287270	290760	13851	6944	6907
Jaintia Hills	395124	196285	198839	207597	108914	98683	187527	87371	100156	10569	5235	5334
District	Below primary			Primary			Middle			Matric/Secondary		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
West Garo Hills	109208	57030	52178	84416	43051	41365	65540	35089	30451	37938	22356	15582
East Garo Hills	63895	32445	31450	53917	27873	26044	37808	21103	16705	16218	9568	6650
South Garo Hills	29392	15299	14093	21504	11203	10301	15634	8688	6946	7583	4796	2787
West Khasi Hills	95071	49605	45466	61130	30345	30785	31263	15167	16096	13438	6841	6597
Ri Bhoi	66775	34718	32057	37994	19006	18988	21082	10682	10400	11093	6153	4940
East Khasi Hills	170320	86635	83685	113969	54335	59634	101378	49447	51931	58267	30137	28130
Jaintia Hills	74403	36086	38317	39999	17948	22051	25192	11096	14096	15526	6952	8574
District	Higher secondary/Intermediate/ Pre-University/Senior secondary			Non-technical diploma or certificate not equal to degree			Technical diploma or certificate not equal to degree			Graduate & above		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
West Garo Hills	26742	16101	10641	31	27	4	409	276	133	10295	6157	4138
East Garo Hills	8760	5228	3532	2	2	0	82	61	21	2427	1619	808
South Garo Hills	3871	2594	1277	9	4	5	25	16	9	917	651	266
West Khasi Hills	10075	5098	4977	2	2	0	144	100	44	5192	2776	2416
Ri Bhoi	7889	4415	3474	7	6	1	115	77	38	3948	2167	1781
East Khasi Hills	56763	28423	28340	124	77	47	2264	1404	860	60049	29326	30723
Jaintia Hills	12476	5563	6913	19	12	7	438	255	183	7691	3615	4076

Source : Census 2011

TABLE NO: 4.9

## Gross Enrollment in School for General Education In Meghalaya 2020-21

District	GER Lower Primary			GER Upper Primary			GER Elementary			GER Secondary			GER Hr.Secondary		
	Boy	Girl	All	Boy	Girl	All	Boy	Girl	All	Boy	Girl	All	Boy	Girl	All
West Garo Hills	194.42	197.62	196.01	108.2	124.17	116.13	185.98	197.98	191.91	82.59	97.66	89.98	42.81	47.51	45.12
East Garo Hills	170.8	176.71	173.7	95.27	103.41	99.26	163.34	172.02	167.59	69.98	77.99	73.88	26.68	30.79	28.69
South Garo Hills	182.66	189.47	185.96	115.9	125.17	120.4	181.55	189.06	185.21	65.02	76.95	70.89	18.74	19.41	19.06
West Khasi Hills	207.06	210.4	208.68	101.07	118.93	109.85	194.03	205.74	199.75	61.38	81.23	71.11	24.59	32.34	28.41
Ri Bhoi	190.12	197.11	193.49	103.37	121.92	112.43	180.73	194.13	187.23	70.16	90.31	80.04	25.68	35.23	30.3
East Khasi Hills	158.33	164.16	161.16	105.59	119.82	112.6	159.58	170.21	164.77	87.13	109.51	98.19	59.8	74.15	66.88
West Jaintia Hills	155.35	167.13	161.12	82.78	109.61	96.14	151.71	172.07	161.78	66.11	96.56	81.49	41.72	57.44	49.55
North Garo Hills	208.24	212.95	210.55	127.02	144.33	135.5	203.99	216.55	210.13	90.51	106.93	98.51	20.33	27.35	23.76
East Jaintia Hills	159.51	166.23	162.8	88.62	109.07	98.8	153.78	166.45	160.04	57.94	76.22	67.17	13.67	21.53	17.59
South West Khasi Hills	168.89	171	169.92	122.34	130.56	126.38	172.09	177.3	174.63	69.91	89.54	79.53	23.59	32.78	28.11
South West Garo Hills	152.71	165.56	158.65	118.48	123.24	120.84	153.67	165.71	159.34	74.95	83.27	79.03	9.08	9.1	9.09
Meghalaya	176.05	182.33	179.11	104.47	120.26	112.26	171.92	183.91	177.78	75.7	94.51	84.98	36.55	45.61	41

SOURCE :Director of School Education and Literacy, Meghalaya





TABLE NO: 4.10

## Net Enrollment In School for General Education In Meghalaya 2020-21

District Name	NER Lower Primary			NER Upper Primary			NER Elementary			NER Secondary			NER Hr.Secondary		
	Boy	Girl	All	Boy	Girl	All	Boy	Girl	All	Boy	Girl	All	Boy	Girl	All
West Garo Hills	150.87	152.61	151.73	69.58	80.82	75.16	115.27	121.13	118.18	44.39	56.14	50.15	23.06	25.96	24.49
East Garo Hills	128.28	130.50	129.37	60.51	66.08	63.24	99.76	103.35	101.52	44.79	53.65	49.11	13.73	17.61	15.63
South Garo Hills	139.01	142.95	140.92	69.78	78.94	74.22	110.92	116.96	113.85	34.49	43.44	38.99	7.79	9.27	8.50
West Khasi Hills	157.30	159.64	158.44	58.55	70.40	64.38	115.37	121.34	118.29	28.23	38.99	33.50	10.97	13.65	12.29
Ri Bhoi	146.11	148.72	147.37	61.93	70.74	66.24	110.84	115.54	113.12	33.95	41.47	37.64	10.86	16.20	13.44
East Khasi Hills	129.85	134.58	132.14	71.08	79.13	75.04	105.35	111.08	108.15	48.91	57.14	52.98	36.47	41.07	38.74
West Jaintia Hills	118.10	127.10	122.51	51.06	66.83	58.91	90.70	101.99	96.27	37.15	48.32	42.79	22.49	30.98	26.72
North Garo Hills	155.68	159.61	157.61	79.39	91.18	85.17	123.57	130.77	127.10	42.22	48.61	45.33	6.63	9.97	8.27
East Jaintia Hills	124.02	129.01	126.47	58.75	72.05	65.37	98.75	106.52	102.58	34.81	45.13	40.02	8.33	14.51	11.41
South West Khasi Hills	136.10	137.42	136.74	85.01	89.07	87.00	117.95	120.04	118.97	39.32	48.88	44.01	12.57	18.46	15.47
South West Garo Hills	115.52	124.40	119.62	73.31	77.59	75.43	99.86	105.52	102.55	38.09	38.58	38.33	4.37	4.03	4.21
Meghalaya	137.03	141.28	139.10	66.44	76.31	71.3	107.82	114.01	110.85	40.68	49.67	45.11	19.92	24.17	22.01

SOURCE : Director of School Education and Literacy, Meghalaya



**TABLE NO: 4.11**  
**District-wise No Of Girls Per Boys Enrolled(GPI)- 2020-21**

District	Lower Primary	Upper Primary	Secondary	Hr. Secondary
West Garo Hills	1.02	1.15	1.18	1.11
East Garo Hills	1.03	1.09	1.11	1.15
South Garo Hills	1.04	1.08	1.18	1.04
West Khasi Hills	1.02	1.18	1.32	1.32
Ri Bhoi	1.04	1.18	1.29	1.37
East Khasi Hills	1.04	1.13	1.26	1.24
West Jaintia Hills	1.08	1.32	1.46	1.38
North Garo Hills	1.02	1.14	1.18	1.35
East Jaintia Hills	1.04	1.23	1.32	1.57
South West Khasi Hills	1.01	1.07	1.28	1.39
South West Garo Hills	1.08	1.04	1.11	1.00
<b>Meghalaya</b>	<b>1.04</b>	<b>1.15</b>	<b>1.25</b>	<b>1.25</b>

SOURCE :Director of School Education and Literacy, Meghalaya

**TABLE NO: 4.12**  
**District-wise Enrollment by Sex in Various Educational Institution in Meghalaya 2020-21**

District Name	Lower Primary			Upper Primary			Secondary			Hr. Secondary			GRAND TOTAL
	Boy	Girl	All	Boy	Girl	All	Boy	Girl	All	Boy	Girl	All	
West Garo Hills	45051	45045	<b>90096</b>	19533	22102	<b>41635</b>	9543	10862	<b>20405</b>	4899	5258	<b>10157</b>	<b>162293</b>
East Garo Hills	14168	14065	<b>28233</b>	5744	5995	<b>11739</b>	2726	2887	<b>5613</b>	1030	1138	<b>2168</b>	<b>47753</b>
South Garo Hills	13977	13632	<b>27609</b>	6053	6155	<b>12208</b>	2198	2517	<b>4715</b>	657	641	<b>1298</b>	<b>45830</b>
West Khasi Hills	32960	31810	<b>64770</b>	11873	13518	<b>25391</b>	4412	5615	<b>10027</b>	1700	2172	<b>3872</b>	<b>104060</b>
Ri Bhoi	27140	26187	<b>53327</b>	10641	11995	<b>22636</b>	4651	5764	<b>10415</b>	1712	2196	<b>3908</b>	<b>90286</b>
East Khasi Hills	60125	58781	<b>118906</b>	28655	31540	<b>60195</b>	15385	18900	<b>34285</b>	10841	13096	<b>23937</b>	<b>237323</b>
West Jaintia Hills	24847	25691	<b>50538</b>	9156	12031	<b>21187</b>	4244	6325	<b>10569</b>	2701	3697	<b>6398</b>	<b>88692</b>
North Garo Hills	16597	16285	<b>32882</b>	7358	8040	<b>15398</b>	3415	3834	<b>7249</b>	760	979	<b>1739</b>	<b>57268</b>
East Jaintia Hills	13143	13163	<b>26306</b>	4613	5634	<b>10247</b>	1916	2572	<b>4488</b>	456	714	<b>1170</b>	<b>42211</b>
South West Khasi Hills	12651	12166	<b>24817</b>	5050	5214	<b>10264</b>	1954	2407	<b>4361</b>	634	856	<b>1490</b>	<b>40932</b>
South West Garo Hills	12433	11592	<b>24025</b>	5686	5831	<b>11517</b>	2735	2925	<b>5660</b>	328	318	<b>646</b>	<b>41848</b>
<b>Meghalaya</b>	<b>273092</b>	<b>268417</b>	<b>541509</b>	<b>114362</b>	<b>128055</b>	<b>242417</b>	<b>53179</b>	<b>64608</b>	<b>117787</b>	<b>25718</b>	<b>31065</b>	<b>56783</b>	<b>958496</b>

SOURCE :Director of School Education and Literacy, Meghalaya





TABLE NO: 4.13

## Dropout Rate by Sex in Various Educational Institution in Meghalaya 2020-21

District	Lower Primary			Upper Primary			Secondary		
	Boy	Girl	All	Boy	Girl	All	Boy	Girl	All
West Garo Hills	8.30	5.47	<b>6.89</b>	7.37	6.06	<b>6.68</b>	28.62	29.18	<b>28.92</b>
East Garo Hills	10.29	8.50	<b>9.40</b>	11.62	10.93	<b>11.27</b>	30.40	27.09	<b>28.72</b>
South Garo Hills	12.77	10.65	<b>11.73</b>	14.39	12.66	<b>13.52</b>	40.61	38.02	<b>39.26</b>
West Khasi Hills	9.62	7.63	<b>8.64</b>	14.25	10.42	<b>12.21</b>	32.62	31.13	<b>31.78</b>
Ri Bhoi	8.29	4.76	<b>6.57</b>	13.24	8.77	<b>10.88</b>	34.73	31.31	<b>32.86</b>
East Khasi Hills	5.36	2.92	<b>4.16</b>	7.34	4.12	<b>5.65</b>	16.78	16.37	<b>16.56</b>
West Jaintia Hills	9.58	4.58	<b>7.03</b>	8.44	5.86	<b>6.98</b>	17.81	16.27	<b>16.9</b>
North Garo Hills	10.76	9.54	<b>10.15</b>	10.58	10.22	<b>10.39</b>	41.96	41.77	<b>41.86</b>
East Jaintia Hills	8.44	6.05	<b>7.24</b>	14.36	11.07	<b>12.55</b>	36.76	33.05	<b>34.63</b>
South West Khasi Hills	13.22	12.58	<b>12.91</b>	17.71	15.75	<b>16.70</b>	40.59	34.00	<b>37.09</b>
South West Garo Hills	9.51	7.72	<b>8.64</b>	8.80	7.29	<b>8.03</b>	49.15	49.21	<b>49.18</b>
<b>Meghalaya</b>	8.69	6.13	<b>7.42</b>	10.29	7.75	<b>8.95</b>	28.51	26.85	<b>27.6</b>

SOURCE :Director of School Education and Literacy, Meghalaya

TABLE NO: 4.14

## Number of Government Female Teachers Per 100 Male Teachers in Meghalaya 2020-21

District	Total	Primary	Upper Primary	Secondary & Hr. Secondary
West Garo Hills	70	71	58	185
East Garo Hills	67	73	52	155
South Garo Hills	61	59	63	76
West Khasi Hills	116	126	106	133
Ri Bhoi	143	146	138	120
East Khasi Hills	241	258	220	334
West Jaintia Hills	290	346	228	230
North Garo Hills	63	68	50	118
East Jaintia Hills	194	211	164	167
South West Khasi Hills	97	112	83	164
South West Garo Hills	59	64	48	97
<b>Meghalaya</b>	<b>112</b>	<b>117</b>	<b>101</b>	<b>168</b>

SOURCE :Director of School Education and Literacy, Meghalaya

TABLE NO: 4.15

## GPI Teachers - Gender Parity Index 2020-21

District	Total	Primary	Upper Primary	Secondary & Hr. Secondary
West Garo Hills	0.70	0.71	0.58	1.85
East Garo Hills	0.67	0.73	0.52	1.55
South Garo Hills	0.61	0.59	0.63	0.76
West Khasi Hills	1.16	1.26	1.06	1.33
Ri Bhoi	1.43	1.46	1.38	1.20
East Khasi Hills	2.41	2.58	2.20	3.34
West Jaintia Hills	2.90	3.46	2.28	2.30
North Garo Hills	0.63	0.68	0.50	1.18
East Jaintia Hills	1.94	2.11	1.64	1.67
South West Khasi Hills	0.97	1.12	0.83	1.64
South West Garo Hills	0.59	0.64	0.48	0.97
<b>Meghalaya</b>	<b>1.12</b>	<b>1.17</b>	<b>1.01</b>	<b>1.68</b>

SOURCE :Director of School Education and Literacy, Meghalaya



TABLE NO: 4.16

**Meghalaya Board Of School Education**  
**Secondary School Leaving Certificate Examination, 2022**  
**Abstract Of Results**

Category	No. of Candidates		No. of Candidates passed in		Total Passed	Percentage of Pass
	Applied	Appeared	Passed in 6 Subjects	Passed in 5 Subjects		
REGULAR-1						
Male	10,776	10,701	6,288	1,907	8,195	76.58
Female	14,713	14,611	8,476	2,899	11,375	77.85
Total	25,489	25,312	14,764	4,806	19,570	77.32
REGULAR-2						
Male	6,307	6,232	1,965	1,177	3,142	50.42
Female	8,800	8,708	2,893	1,861	4,754	54.59
Total	15,107	14,940	4,858	3,038	7,896	52.85
NON- REGULAR						
Male	5,346	4,911	88	349	437	8.90
Female	5,984	5,638	183	518	701	12.43
Total	11,330	10,549	271	867	1,138	10.79
PRIVATE						
Male	202	189	3	13	16	8.47
Female	182	180	11	18	29	16.11
Total	384	369	14	31	45	12.20
COMPARTMENTAL						
Male	2,738	2,648	-	1,652	1,652	62.39
Female	3,618	3,546	-	2,374	2,374	66.95
Total	6,356	6,194	-	4,026	4,026	65.00
IMPROVEMENT						
Male	5	3	-	1	1	33.33
Female	4	4	-	2	2	50.00
Total	9	7	-	3	3	42.86
Grand Total	58,675	57,371	19,907	12,771	32,678	56.96

Source: Controller of Examinations Meghalaya Board of School Education, Tura



TABLE NO: 4.17

**Meghalaya Board of School Education**  
**Higher Secondary School Leaving Certificate Examination, 2022 (Science Stream )**

ABSTRACT OF RESULTS									
Category	No. of Candidates		No. of Candidates passed in					Total Passed	Passed Percentage
	Applied	Appeared	First Division	Second Division	Third Division	Compartmental	Improvement		
REGULAR									
Male	1175	1153	440	410	20	-	-	870	75.46
Female	1521	1502	583	500	6	-	-	1089	72.5
Total	2696	2655	1023	910	26	-	-	1959	73.79
NON-REGULAR									
Male	126	119	2	17	6	28	11	64	53.78
Female	211	207	11	33	1	56	11	112	54.11
Total	337	326	13	50	7	84	22	176	53.99
Grand Total	3033	2981	1036	960	33	84	22	2135	71.62

contd...

**Meghalaya Board Of School Education**  
**Higher Secondary School Leaving Certificate Examination, 2022 ( Arts Stream )**

## ABSTRACT OF RESULTS

Category	No. of Candidates		No. of Candidates passed in					Total Passed	Passed Percentage
	Applied	Appeared	First Division	Second Division	Third Division	Compartmental	Improvement		
REGULAR									
Male	8421	8345	639	2515	3811	-	-	6965	83.46
Female	11322	11248	1632	4254	4173	-	-	10059	89.43
Total	19743	19593	2271	6769	7984	-	-	17024	86.89
NON-REGULAR									
Male	1707	1580	1	3	235	392	48	679	42.97
Female	1615	1538	-	8	218	363	142	731	47.53
Total	3322	3118	1	11	453	755	190	1410	45.22
Grand Total	23065	22711	2272	6780	8437	755	190	18434	81.17

contd...



**Meghalaya Board Of School Education**  
**Higher Secondary School Leaving Certificate Examination, 2022 ( Commerce Stream )**

ABSTRACT OF RESULTS									
Category	No. of Candidates		No. of Candidates passed in					Total Passed	Passed Percentage
	Applied	Appeared	First Division	Second Division	Third Division	Compartmental	Improvement		
REGULAR									
Male	1018	1006	333	451	57	-	-	841	83.6
Female	856	854	386	345	21	-	-	752	88.06
Total	1874	1860	719	796	78	-	-	1593	85.65
NON-REGULAR									
Male	135	129	-	2	4	73	1	80	62.02
Female	60	58	-	3	-	36	-	39	67.24
Total	195	187	-	5	4	109	1	119	63.64
Grand Total	2069	2047	2272	801	8437	109	1	1712	83.63

Source: Controller of Examinations, Meghalaya Board of School Education, Tura

**TABLE NO: 4.18**

**Gross Enrolment Ratio (GER) in Higher Education (18-23 Years)**

GROUPS	MEGHALAYA			INDIA		
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
All	24.2	28.0	26.1	26.9	27.3	27.1
SC	99.8	82.3	91.6	22.8	24.1	23.4
ST	20.6	26.3	23.6	18.2	17.7	18.0

SOURCE :AISHE 2019-2020



TABLE NO: 4.19

## Gross Enrolment Ratio (GER) in Higher Education during last 5 years

Meghalaya									
YEARS	ALL			SC			ST		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
2015-16	20.8	20.4	21.1	50.1	55.3	44.3	17.1	15.7	18.4
2016-17	23.5	23.1	23.8	48.1	51.4	44.5	19.3	17.2	21.2
2017-18	24.7	24.2	25.1	44.3	50.4	37.4	19.5	18.4	20.6
2018-19	25.8	23.8	27.7	142.7	81.3	211.4	23.5	21.1	25.7
2019-20	26.1	24.2	28	91.6	99.8	82.3	23.6	20.6	26.3

SOURCE : AISHE 2019-2020

TABLE NO: 4.20

## Student Enrolment

## Year-wise &amp; Level-Wise Male &amp; Female Student Enrollment

Years			2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
Level	Integrated	Female	5	17	27	42	52	54
		Male	8	21	40	52	70	73
	Certificate	Female	78	81	141	0	48	214
		Male	88	193	113	0	48	172
	Diploma	Female	442	927	1253	1561	1137	2116
		Male	377	584	836	1128	1017	1302
	PG Diploma	Female	84	109	112	85	70	129
		Male	109	119	122	118	111	177
	Under Graduate	Female	28361	30653	28186	31956	37003	35470
		Male	27721	29273	28793	26149	30554	28907
	Post Graduate	Female	5309	5405	4856	5796	6054	6017
		Male	3674	3629	4512	3759	4075	3993
	M.Phil	Female	142	137	57	46	23	0
		Male	61	108	29	29	10	0
	Ph.D	Female	428	490	511	678	378	353
		Male	382	461	456	475	492	461
Grand Total		Female	34849	37819	35143	40164	44765	44353
		Male	32420	34388	34901	31710	36377	35085

SOURCE : Director of Higher and Technical Education, Meghalaya



TABLE NO: 4.21

**Gender-wise Percentage of Students for Undergoing Engineering & other Courses for the year 2021**

Name of course	No of Males	No of Females	Total	Gender-wise percentage of Male students	Gender-wise percentage of Female students
Civil Engineering	84	104	188	45	6
Electrical Electronics Engineering	1	0	1	100	0
Mechanical Engineering	68	17	85	80	20
Automobile Engineering	72	4	76	95	6
Computer Science & Engineering	46	39	85	54	46
Electronics Telecommunication Engineering	3	1	4	75	25
Information Technology	1	0	1	100	0
Electronics Communication Engineering	59	27	86	69	32
Architecture	65	19	84	77	23
Pharmacy	3	3	6	50	50
Electrical Engineering	57	30	87	66	35
Agriculture Engineering	3	3	6	50	50
Bio Technology	0	1	1	0	100
Food Processing And Preservation	12	13	25	48	52
Computer Application	29	10	39	74	27
Medical Electronics	25	9	34	74	27
Costume Design And Garment Technology	3	74	77	4	96
Food Nutrition & Dietetics	0	1	1	0	100
Food Technology	1	4	5	20	80
Community Science	0	3	3	0	100
Forestry	0	3	3	0	100
<b>Total</b>	<b>532</b>	<b>365</b>	<b>897</b>	<b>59.31</b>	<b>40.69</b>

Source : Director of Higher and Technical Education , Shillong



TABLE NO: 4.22

## District-wise students and Lecturers Strength by Gender in Colleges in Meghalaya ( 2020-21)

District	Students			Lecturers			Student Lecturer Ratio
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	
East Khasi Hills	5599	5632	<b>11231</b>	166	255	<b>421</b>	27:1
East Garo Hills	859	1037	<b>1896</b>	24	40	<b>64</b>	30:1
East Jaintia Hills	267	388	<b>655</b>	28	41	<b>69</b>	9:1
West Garo Hills	3284	4160	<b>7444</b>	94	112	<b>206</b>	36:1
South West Khasi Hills	277	423	<b>700</b>	10	22	<b>32</b>	22:1
West Jaintia Hills	1286	2201	<b>3487</b>	51	68	<b>119</b>	29:1
Ri Bhoi	839	986	<b>1825</b>	38	58	<b>96</b>	19:1
Eastern West Khasi Hills	108	130	<b>238</b>	13	13	<b>26</b>	9:1
South West Garo Hills	244	293	<b>537</b>	13	10	<b>23</b>	23:1
North Garo Hills	505	649	<b>1154</b>	20	16	<b>36</b>	30:1

Source : Director of Higher and Technical Education , Shillong

TABLE NO: 4.22 A

## District-wise students and Lecturers Strength by Gender in Colleges in Meghalaya ( 2021-22)

District	Students			Lecturers			Student Lecturer Ratio
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	
East Khasi Hills	7067	7014	<b>14081</b>	230	299	<b>529</b>	27:1
East Garo Hills	1125	1236	<b>2361</b>	25	40	<b>65</b>	36:1
East Jaintia Hills	326	415	<b>741</b>	28	43	<b>71</b>	10:1
West Garo Hills	3415	4379	<b>7794</b>	102	111	<b>213</b>	37:1
South West Khasi Hills	324	481	<b>805</b>	10	23	<b>33</b>	24:1
West Jaintia Hills	1561	2408	<b>3969</b>	58	91	<b>149</b>	27:1
Ri Bhoi	1060	1170	<b>2230</b>	40	58	<b>98</b>	23:1
Eastern West Khasi Hills	102	130	<b>232</b>	13	12	<b>25</b>	9:1
South West Garo Hills	182	201	<b>383</b>	13	10	<b>23</b>	17:1
North Garo Hills	602	710	<b>1312</b>	19	16	<b>35</b>	37:1

Source : Director of Higher and Technical Education , Shillong

The students and lecturers strength in colleges in Meghalaya comprises of information from

- 13 colleges in East Khasi
- 2 colleges in East Garo hills
- 2 Colleges in East Jaintia Hills
- 6 Colleges in West Garo Hills
- 1 Colleges in South West Khasi Hills
- 5 Colleges in West Jaintia Hills
- 2 Colleges in Ri Bhoi
- 1 college in Eastern West Khasi Hills
- 1 college in South West Garo Hills
- 1 College in North Garo Hills





TABLE NO: 4.23

**District-wise students and Lecturers Strength by Gender in B.Ed. Colleges in Meghalaya  
(2020-21)**

District	Students			Lecturers			Student Lecturer Ratio
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	
East Khasi Hills	36	164	<b>200</b>	2	18	<b>20</b>	10:1
West Garo Hills	20	30	<b>50</b>	1	6	<b>7</b>	7:1

The students and lecturers strength in colleges in Meghalaya comprises of information from 2 colleges in East Khasi Hills & 1 college in West Garo Hills

**Source : Director of Higher and Technical Education, Shillong**

TABLE NO: 4.23 A

**District-wise students and Lecturers Strength by Gender in B.Ed. Colleges in Meghalaya  
(2021-22)**

District	Students			Lecturers			Student Lecturer Ratio
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	
East Khasi Hills	36	162	<b>198</b>	2	18	<b>20</b>	10:1
West Garo Hills	17	33	<b>50</b>	1	6	<b>7</b>	7:1

The students and lecturers strength in colleges in Meghalaya comprises of information from 2 colleges in East Khasi Hills & 1 college in West Garo Hills

**Source : Director of Higher and Technical Education , Shillong**

TABLE NO: 4.24

**District-wise students and Lecturers Strength by Gender in Polytechnic Institution in Meghalaya  
( 2020-21)**

Districts	Students			Lecturers			Student Lecturer Ratio
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	
East Khasi Hills	349	164	<b>513</b>	23	11	<b>34</b>	15:1
West Jaintia Hills	146	93	<b>239</b>	8	6	<b>14</b>	17:1
West Garo Hills	80	34	<b>114</b>	9	5	<b>14</b>	8:1

The student and lecturers strength in Polytechnic Institutions in Meghalaya comprises of information from 1 Polytechnic each in East Khasi Hills, West Jaintia Hills & West Garo Hills

**Source : Director of Higher and Technical Education , Shillong**



TABLE NO: 4.24 A

**District-wise students and Lecturers Strength by Gender in Polytechnic Institution in Meghalaya (2021-22)**

Districts	Students			Lecturers			Student Lecturer Ratio
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	
East Khasi Hills	323	190	<b>513</b>	23	11	<b>34</b>	15:1
West Jaintia Hills	139	95	<b>234</b>	9	6	<b>15</b>	15:01
West Garo Hills	66	32	<b>98</b>	9	5	<b>14</b>	7:1

The students and lecturers strength in Polytechnic Institutions in Meghalaya comprises of information from 1 Polytechnic each in East Khasi Hills, West Jaintia Hills & West Garo Hills

**Source : Director of Higher and Technical Education , Shillong**

TABLE NO: 4.25

**District-wise students and Lecturers Strength by Gender in Law Colleges in Meghalaya ( 2020-21)**

Districts	Students			Lecturers			Student Lecturer Ratio
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	
East Khasi Hills	39	46	<b>85</b>	4	11	<b>15</b>	6:1

The students and lecturers strength in Law Colleges in Meghalaya comprises of information from 1 Law College in East Khasi Hills.

**Source : Director of Higher and Technical Education , Shillong**

TABLE NO: 4.25 A

**District-wise students and Lecturers Strength by Gender in Law Colleges in Meghalaya ( 2021-22)**

Districts	Students			Lecturers			Student Lecturer Ratio
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	
East Khasi Hills	35	54	<b>89</b>	4	14	<b>18</b>	5:1

The students and lecturers strength in Law College in Meghalaya comprises of information from 1 Law College in East Khasi Hills.

**Source : Director of Higher and Technical Education , Shillong**



TABLE NO: 4.26

## Result of Different Examination at Degree Level for the Year 2021

Type Of Exam	Gender	No Of Appeared	No of passed	Pass%
<b>B.A</b>	Male	5416	4817	88.94
	Female	7729	7233	93.58
	<b>Total</b>	<b>13145</b>	<b>12050</b>	91.67
<b>B.SC</b>	Male	855	834	97.54
	Female	924	912	98.70
	<b>Total</b>	<b>1779</b>	<b>1746</b>	98.15
<b>B.COM</b>	Male	916	878	95.85
	Female	697	691	99.14
	<b>Total</b>	<b>1613</b>	<b>1569</b>	97.27
<b>B.ED</b>	Male	77	76	98.70
	Female	167	167	100.00
	<b>Total</b>	<b>244</b>	<b>243</b>	99.56
<b>LAW</b>	Male	65	25	38.46
	Female	69	31	44.93
	<b>Total</b>	<b>134</b>	<b>56</b>	41.79

The above information pertains to result of students pursuing different Undergraduate Courses in Colleges Affiliated with North Eastern Hills University, Shillong

Source : Director Of Higher And Technical Education , Shillong





## 5. ECONOMY AND EMPLOYMENT

### INTRODUCTION

There has been an increasing awareness to empower women and to bring about gender equality in all spheres of life be it social, political or

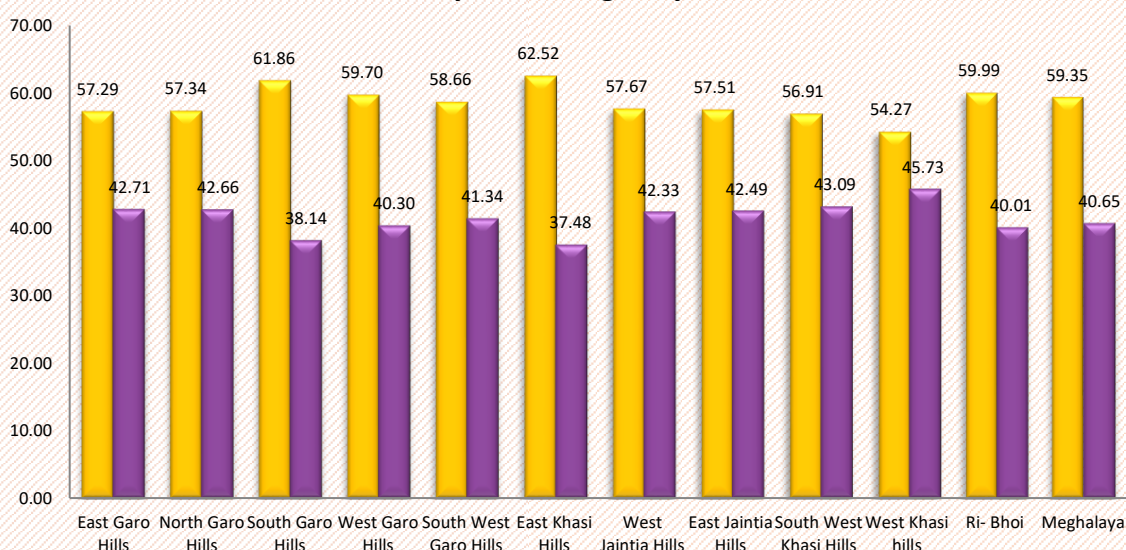
economic. This is sought as to improve basic human Fundamental rights and achieve basic health care and universal education. In most countries of the world, women remain economically disadvantaged whereas In Meghalaya women are granted enough freedom and opportunity however they are feeling overburdened with the responsibilities of managing the household, children and working in fields. All they need is a strong movement to make them aware of their part in the public domain and help them understand about how their participation in decision and policy making process can enhance their lives.

### FINDINGS

#### ❖ Total Workers

According to Census 2011 it was found that out of the Total Population, the working population of Meghalaya comprises of 59.35% males and 40.65 % females The District of West Khasi Hills (45.73%) and South West Khasi Hills (43.09%) have the highest female workers rate whereas the district of East Khasi Hills (37.48) and South Garo Hills (38.14) have the lowest female workers rate. (refer Table No. 5.1)

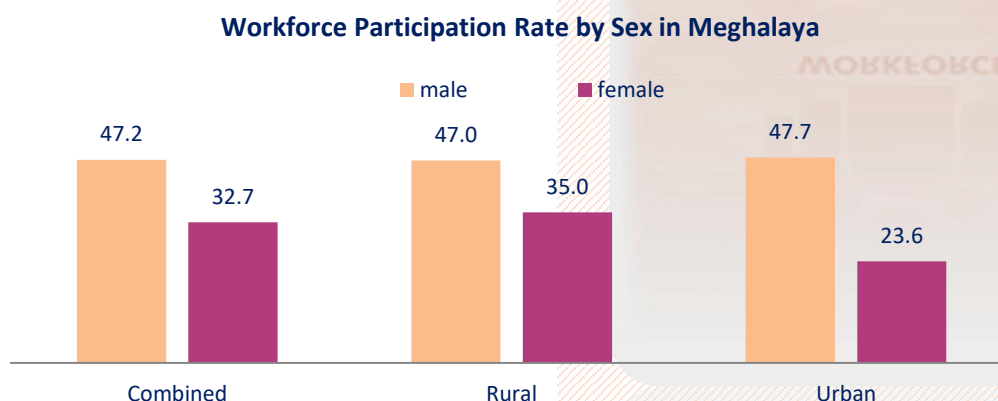
**Total Workers by sex in Meghalaya, census 2011**



### ❖ Work force Participation Rate

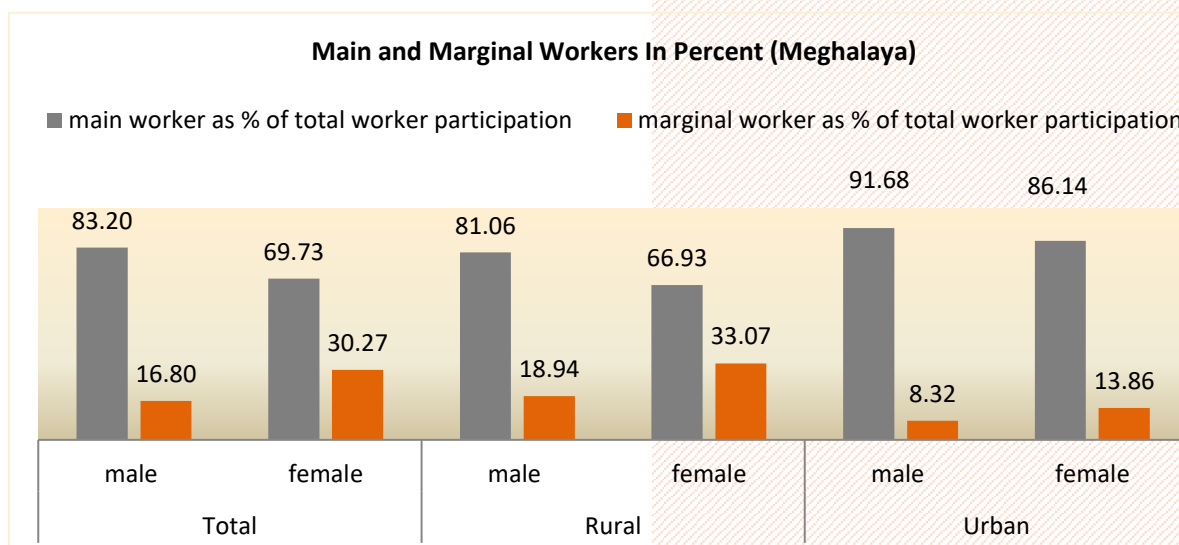
Census 2011, shows that the combined workforce participation rate of Meghalaya is 47.2% for males and 32.7% for females. The Gap between male (47.7%) and females (23.6%) Workforce

Participation rate in the urban areas is the Highest as compared to the workforce participation rate of males (47%) and Female (35%) in the rural areas. **(refer Table No. 5.2)**



### ❖ Main and Marginal Workers

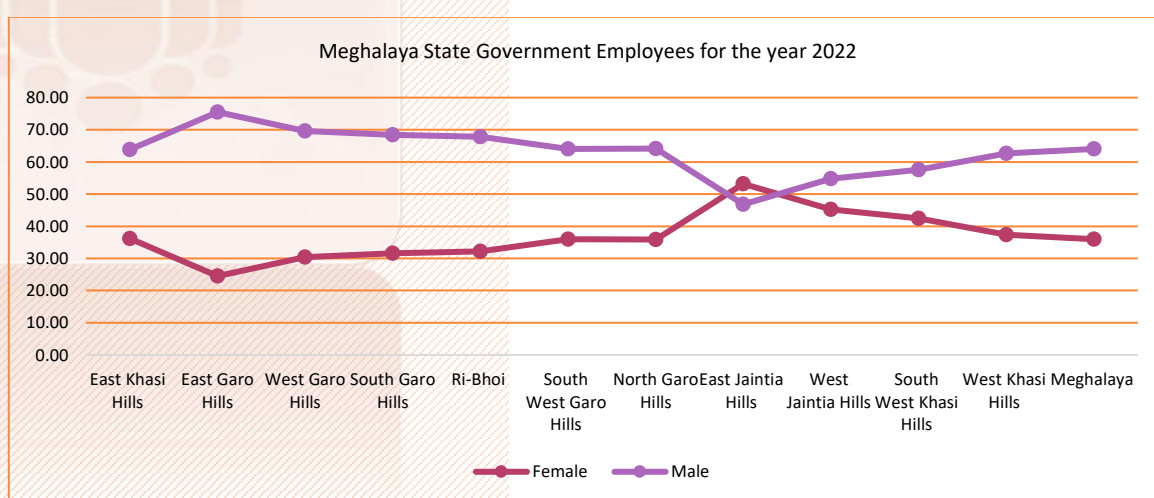
As per census 2011, the main female workers (combined) in the state constitute 69.73% of the total main workers population which is higher than the national level percentage of 59.6%, while the male workers (combined) constitute 83.20 which is slightly higher than the national level of 82.3%. In the Marginal Workers category the females (combined) constitute 30.27% while male marginal workers (combined) constitute 16.80%. The percentage Female marginal workers in the state is very low as compared to the national level which constitutes 40.4%. **(refer Table No. 5.3)**





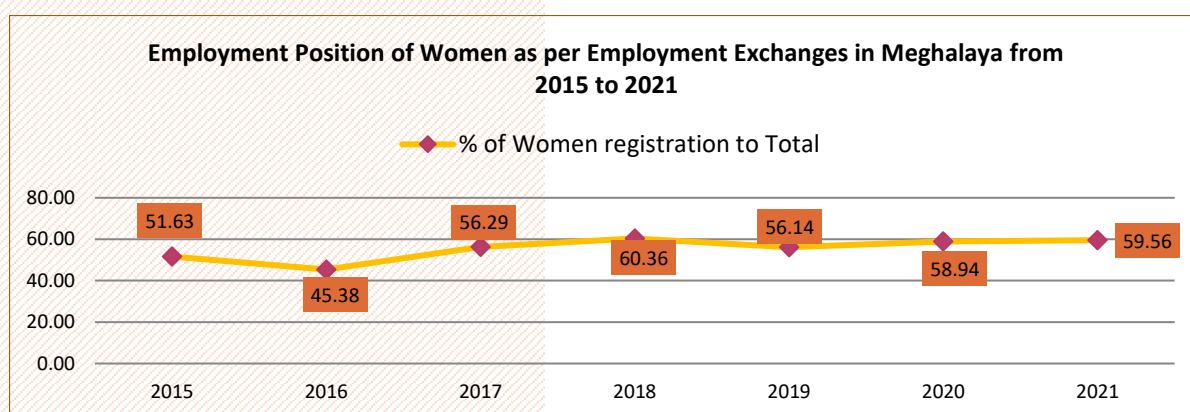
## ❖ Meghalaya State Government Employees

As per the figure of Meghalaya State Government Employee 2022, the number of women employees in the State government of Meghalaya constitutes only 36.00% as compared to the male's employees which constitute 64.00%. This widening Gap between male and female employee in the State Government Employment is evident in most districts except for East Jaintia Hills district which shows that female employees at 53.18% are more than male employees at 46.82 %. (refer Table No. 5.7)



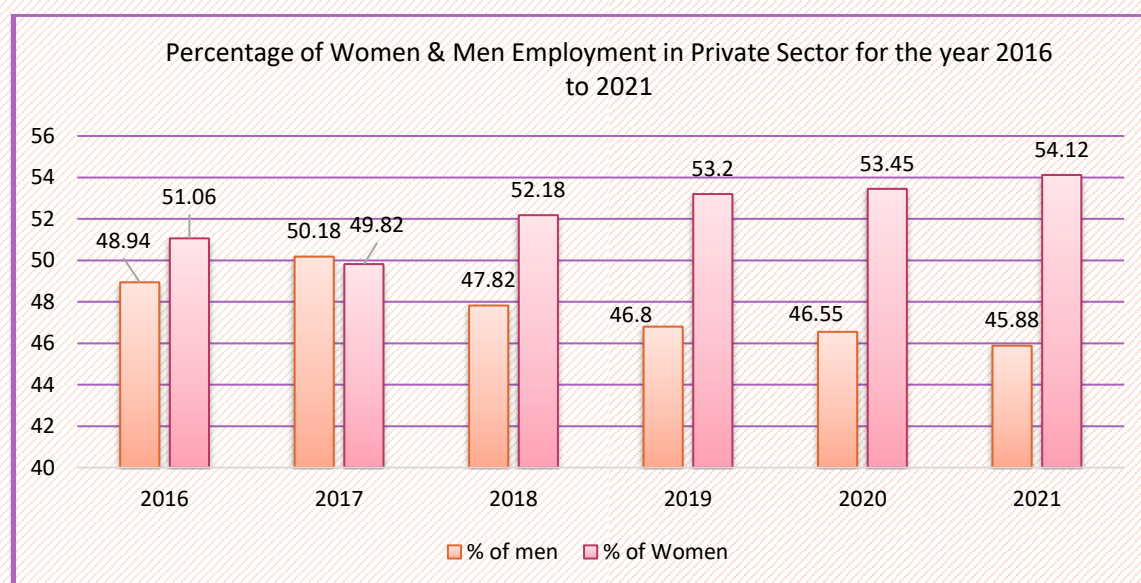
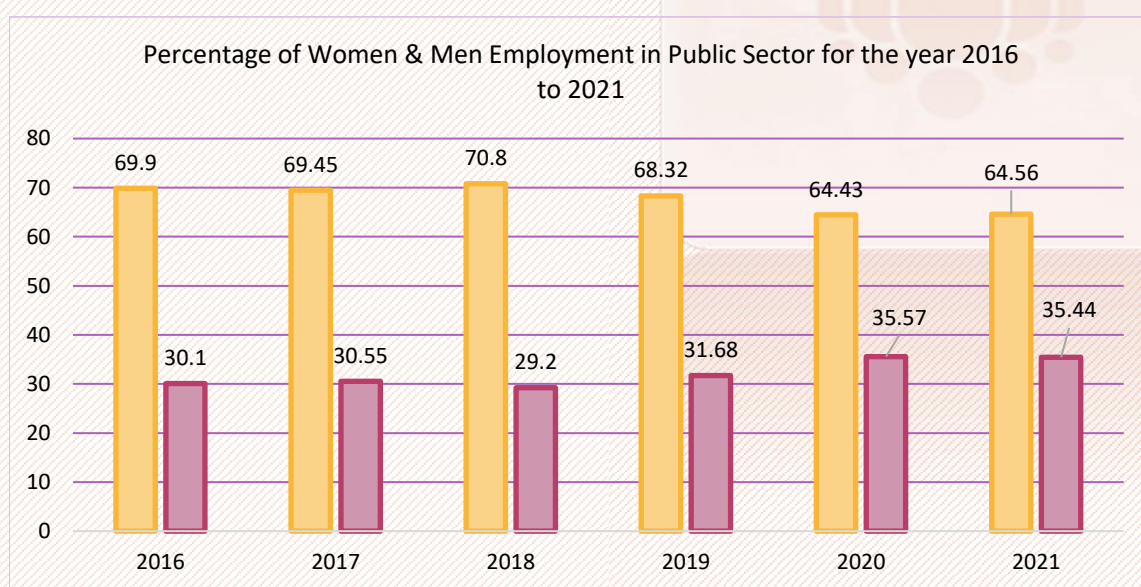
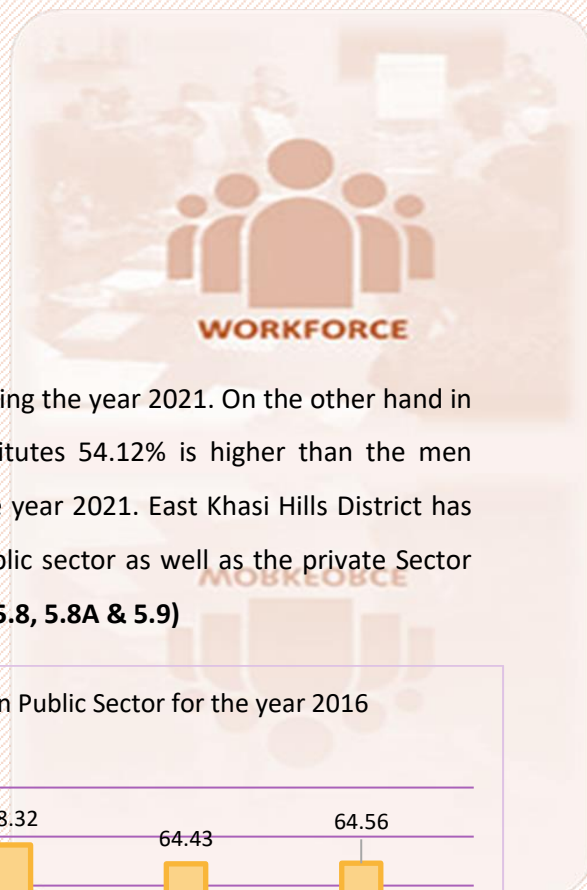
## ❖ Employment position of women

As per employment exchange report, 51.63% of the total registration in 2015 were women which has increased to 59.56% in 2021. Table 5.10, 5.10A shows that East Khasi Hills District has the highest number of women employment registration and South Garo Hills District has the lowest number of women employment registration during the Years 2020 & 2021. (refer Table No. 5.10& 5.10A)



### ❖ Sector Wise women employment

Women Participation in the organized sector has been growing steadily. However their employment in the public sector which constitutes 35.44% is still behind men employment which constitutes 64.56% during the year 2021. On the other hand in the Private Sector, women employment which constitutes 54.12% is higher than the men employment which constitutes just 45.88% during the year 2021. East Khasi Hills District has the maximum no of women employed both in the public sector as well as the private Sector with 34.99% and 63.69% respectively. (refer Table No. 5.8, 5.8A & 5.9)





**TABLE NO: 5.1**  
**District-wise Total Workers**

SL.NO	DISTRICT	Total workers Population			% Workers Population	
		TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE
1	East Garo Hills	58328	33414	24914	57.29	42.71
2	North Garo Hills	67745	38848	28897	57.34	42.66
3	South Garo Hills	53069	32826	20243	61.86	38.14
4	West Garo Hills	185000	110449	74551	59.70	40.30
5	South West Garo Hills	70693	41465	29228	58.66	41.34
6	East Khasi Hills	326786	204303	122483	62.52	37.48
7	West Jaintia Hills	108884	62788	46096	57.67	42.33
8	East Jaintia Hills	45296	26051	19245	57.51	42.49
9	South West Khasi Hills	39652	22564	17088	56.91	43.09
10	West Khasi Hills	123693	67130	56563	54.27	45.73
11	Ri- Bhoi	106473	63871	42602	59.99	40.01
<b>Meghalaya</b>		<b>1185619</b>	<b>703709</b>	<b>481910</b>	<b>59.35</b>	<b>40.65</b>

Source: Census 2011

**TABLE NO: 5.2**

**Workforce Participation Rate by sex in Meghalaya , Census 2011**

Categories	Combined			Rural			Urban		
	Person	Male	Female	Person	Male	Female	Person	Male	Female
Total workers population	1185619	703709	481910	973458	561812	411646	212161	141897	70264
Total Population	2966889	1491832	1475057	2371439	1194260	1177179	595450	297572	297878
Workforce Participation Rate	40.0	47.2	32.7	41.0	47.0	35.0	35.6	47.7	23.6

Source: Census 2011



**TABLE NO:5.3**  
**Main and Marginal Workers (In percentage)**

Name	Combined		Rural		Urban	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
<b>Main worker as % to total worker participation</b>						
Meghalaya	83.20	69.73	81.06	66.93	91.68	86.14
India	82.30	59.60	78.50	55.60	90.50	77.00
<b>Marginal worker as % to total worker participation</b>						
Meghalaya	16.80	30.27	18.94	33.07	8.32	13.86
India	17.70	40.40	21.50	44.40	9.50	23.00

**Source: Census 2011**

**TABLE NO:5.4**  
**Total Population, Main Workers, Census 2011**

Total/Rural /Urban	Person/Male/ Female	Total population	Mainworkers				Total Main Workers
			Cultivators	Agricultural Labourers	Workers in Household Industries	Other workers	
<b>Total</b>	<b>Person</b>	2966889	411270	114642	11969	383694	921575
	<b>Male</b>	1491832	243805	70460	6459	264796	585520
	<b>Female</b>	1475057	167465	44182	5510	118898	336055
<b>Rural</b>	<b>Person</b>	2371439	404202	111422	10712	204623	730959
	<b>Male</b>	1194260	239600	68258	5628	141944	455430
	<b>Female</b>	1177179	164602	43164	5084	62679	275529
<b>Urban</b>	<b>Person</b>	595450	7068	3220	1257	179071	190616
	<b>Male</b>	297572	4205	2202	831	122852	130090
	<b>Female</b>	297878	2863	1018	426	56219	60526

Contd ...



TABLE NO: 5.4A

Total Population, Marginal Workers, Total Workers and Non-Workers, 2011

Total/ Rural/ Urban	Person/ Male/Female	Total Population	Marginal Workers				Total marginal workers	Total Workers	Non-Workers
			Cultivators	Agricultural Labourers	Workers in Household Industries	Other Workers			
Total	Person	2966889	83405	83722	8519	88398	264044	1185619	1781270
	Male	1491832	33525	35882	2941	45841	118189	703709	788123
	Female	1475057	49880	47840	5578	42557	145855	481910	993147
Rural	Person	2371439	82118	80801	8042	71538	242499	973458	1397981
	Male	1194260	33016	34362	2719	36285	106382	561812	632448
	Female	1177179	49102	46439	5323	35253	136117	411646	765533
Urban	Person	595450	1287	2921	477	16860	21545	212161	383289
	Male	297572	509	1520	222	9556	11807	141897	155675
	Female	297878	778	1401	255	7304	9738	70264	227614

Source: Census 2011

TABLE NO: 5.5

District-wise Number Of Cultivators (Main + Marginal)

SL.NO	DISTRICT	Cultivators (Main+Marginal)		
		TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE
1	East Garo Hills	37609	20321	17288
2	North Garo Hills	39781	23369	16412
3	South Garo Hills	28145	16374	11771
4	West Garo Hills	89544	49846	39699
5	South West Garo Hills	31196	18453	12743
6	East Khasi Hills	76767	42021	34746
7	West Jaintia Hills	36597	22472	14125
8	East Jaintia Hills	14247	8444	5803
9	South West Khasi Hills	17951	9669	8282
10	West Khasi hills	67005	34751	32254
11	Ri- Bhoi	55833	31611	24222
Meghalaya		494675	277331	217345

Source: Census 2011



TABLE NO: 5.6

## District- Wise Agricultural Labourers (Main + Marginal)

SL.NO	DISTRICT	Agricultural Labourers (Main+Marginal)		
		TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE
1	East Garo Hills	7519	3296	4223
2	North Garo Hills	11727	5720	6007
3	South Garo Hills	5565	2757	2808
4	West Garo Hills	22472	11385	11087
5	South West Garo Hills	17253	7652	9601
6	East Khasi Hills	40889	24808	16081
7	West Jaintia Hills	25955	14081	11874
8	East Jaintia Hills	9811	5234	4577
9	South West Khasi Hills	9685	5437	4248
10	West Khasi hills	27499	14289	13210
11	Ri- Bhoi	19989	11683	8306
<b>Meghalaya</b>		<b>198364</b>	<b>106342</b>	<b>92022</b>

Source: Census 2011

TABLE NO:5.7

## Meghalaya State Government Employees for the year 2022

District	Male	Female	Total	Female employees as percentage to District Total
<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>5</b>
East Khasi Hills	15639	8873	<b>24512</b>	36.20
East Garo Hills	2757	895	<b>3652</b>	24.51
West Garo Hills	6258	2735	<b>8993</b>	30.41
South Garo Hills	1595	738	<b>2333</b>	31.63
Ri-Bhoi	2702	1283	<b>3985</b>	32.20
South West Garo Hills	1179	663	<b>1842</b>	35.99
North Garo Hills	1337	747	<b>2084</b>	35.84
East Jaintia Hills	752	854	<b>1606</b>	53.18
West Jaintia Hills	3203	2642	<b>5845</b>	45.20
South West Khasi Hills	768	567	<b>1335</b>	42.47
West Khasi Hills	2912	1737	<b>4649</b>	37.36
<b>Meghalaya</b>	<b>39102</b>	<b>21734</b>	<b>60836</b>	<b>36.00</b>

Source: Directorate of Economics and Statistics



TABLE NO:5.8

## District -wise Percentage of Women Employment in Meghalaya 2020

Sl. No	District	Public Sector			Private Sector			Total Employment		
		Total	Women	% of Women	Total	Women	% of Women	Total	Women	% of Women
1	East Khasi Hills	32124	11345	35.32	5095	3201	62.83	37219	14546	39.08
2	West Khasi Hills & South West Khasi Hills	3235	1107	34.22	485	280	57.73	3720	1387	37.28
3	Ri-Bhoi	540	160	29.63	20	2	10.00	560	162	28.93
4	West Jaintia Hills & East Jaintia Hills	10206	4563	44.71	2800	894	31.93	13006	5457	41.96
5	West Garo Hills & South West Garo Hills	3023	1089	36.02	338	215	63.61	3361	1304	38.80
6	East Garo Hills	5155	1090	21.14	676	280	41.42	5831	1370	23.50
7	South Garo Hills & North Garo Hills	1860	724	38.92	0	0	0.00	1860	724	38.92
<b>Meghalaya</b>		<b>56143</b>	<b>20078</b>	<b>35.76</b>	<b>9414</b>	<b>4872</b>	<b>51.75</b>	<b>65557</b>	<b>24950</b>	<b>38.06</b>

Source: Directorate of Employment &amp; Craftsmen Training, Meghalaya, Shillong

TABLE NO:5.8A

## District -wise Percentage of Women Employment in Meghalaya 2021

Sl. No	District	Public Sector			Private Sector			Total Employment		
		Total	Women	% of Women	Total	Women	% of Women	Total	Women	% of Women
1	East Khasi Hills	30616	10712	34.99	5252	3345	63.69	35868	14057	39.19
2	West Khasi Hills & South West Khasi Hills	3094	1013	32.74	428	236	55.14	3522	1249	35.46
3	Ri-Bhoi	510	153	30.00	20	2	10.00	530	155	29.25
4	West Jaintia Hills & East Jaintia Hills	9930	4531	45.63	2935	1171	39.90	12865	5702	44.32
5	West Garo Hills & South West Garo Hills	1854	676	36.46	112	66	58.93	1966	742	37.74
6	East Garo Hills	5181	1103	21.29	676	280	41.42	5857	1383	23.61
7	South Garo Hills & North Garo Hills	2389	799	33.44	0	0	0.00	2389	799	33.44
<b>Meghalaya</b>		<b>53574</b>	<b>18987</b>	<b>35.44</b>	<b>9423</b>	<b>5100</b>	<b>54.12</b>	<b>62997</b>	<b>24087</b>	<b>38.24</b>

Source: Directorate of Employment &amp; Craftsmen Training, Meghalaya, Shillong



TABLE NO: 5.9

Year-Wise and Sector-Wise Women Employment in Meghalaya for the year 2016 to 2021

Sl. No	Year	Public Sector			Private Sector			Total Employment		
		Total	Women	% of Women	Total	Women	% of Women	Total	Women	% of Women
1	2016	64602	19447	30.10	9182	4688	51.06	73784	24135	32.71
2	2017	65990	20158	30.55	9796	4880	49.82	75786	25038	33.04
3	2018	61177	17861	29.20	11403	5950	52.18	72580	23811	32.81
4	2019	56641	17943	31.68	9780	5203	53.20	66421	23146	34.85
5	2020	53135	18898	35.57	9170	4901	53.45	62305	23799	38.20
6	2021	48101	17527	35.44	9303	5052	54.12	57404	22579	38.24

Source: Directorate of Employment &amp; Craftsmen Training, Meghalaya, Shillong

TABLE NO:5.9A

Year-Wise and Sector-Wise percentage Women &amp; Men Employment in Meghalaya for the year 2016 to 2021

Sl. No	Year	Public Sector		Private Sector	
		% of men	% of Women	% of men	% of Women
1	2016	69.90	30.10	48.94	51.06
2	2017	69.45	30.55	50.18	49.82
3	2018	70.80	29.20	47.82	52.18
4	2019	68.32	31.68	46.80	53.20
5	2020	64.43	35.57	46.55	53.45
6	2021	64.56	35.44	45.88	54.12

Source: Directorate of Employment &amp; Craftsmen Training, Meghalaya, Shillong



TABLE NO:5.10

## District-Wise Women Employment Registrations, Placement and on Live Register for the year 2020

SL.No	District	Registration		Placement		On Live Register	
		Total	Women	Total	Women	Total	Women
1	East Khasi Hills	1058	644	20	10	6654	4039
2	West Khasi Hills	90	47	0	0	4094	2001
3	South West Khasi Hills	68	43	0	0	714	395
4	Eastern West Khasi Hills	52	35	0	0	1365	730
5	Ri-Bhoi	76	41	0	0	2141	777
6	West Jaintia Hills	539	339	0	0	3696	2816
7	East Jaintia Hills	261	148	0	0	3401	2035
8	West Garo Hills	69	32	0	0	2249	860
9	East Garo Hills	52	20	0	0	589	381
10	South Garo Hills	15	4	0	0	174	84
11	South West Garo Hills	23	11	0	0	902	151
12	North Garo Hills	23	7	0	0	155	60
<b>Meghalaya</b>		<b>2326</b>	<b>1371</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>26134</b>	<b>14329</b>

Source: Directorate of Employment &amp; Craftsmen Training, Meghalaya, Shillong



TABLE NO:5.10A

## District-Wise Women Employment Registrations, Placement and on Live Register for the year 2021

SL.No	District	Registration		Placement		On Live Register	
		Total	Women	Total	Women	Total	Women
1	East Khasi Hills	1590	969	4	1	5794	3531
2	West Khasi Hills	74	46	0	0	3908	1942
3	South West Khasi Hills	42	22	0	0	614	335
4	Eastern West Khasi Hills	116	74	0	0	1418	764
5	Ri-Bhoi	142	86	0	0	2260	845
6	West Jaintia Hills	791	502	0	0	3915	1502
7	East Jaintia Hills	1421	828	0	0	4111	2447
8	West Garo Hills	60	18	0	0	301	118
9	East Garo Hills	17	7	0	0	570	376
10	South Garo Hills	20	10	0	0	160	83
11	South West Garo Hills	24	5	0	0	98	33
12	North Garo Hills	25	7	0	0	149	53
Meghalaya		<b>4322</b>	<b>2574</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>23298</b>	<b>12029</b>

Source: Directorate of Employment &amp; Craftsmen Training, Meghalaya, Shillong

TABLE NO:5.11

## Employment Position of Women as per Employment Exchanges in Meghalaya from 2015 to 2021

SL.No	Item	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
I	<b>Registration</b>							
1)	<b>Total</b>	17729	9161	5685	3966	6363	2326	4322
2)	<b>Women</b>	9153	4157	3200	2394	3572	1371	2574
3)	<b>% of Women to Total</b>	51.63	45.38	56.29	60.36	56.14	58.94	59.56
II	<b>Placement</b>							
1)	<b>Total</b>	35	29	10	20	7	20	4
2)	<b>Women</b>	24	2	7	8	5	10	1
3)	<b>% of Women to Total</b>	68.57	6.90	70.00	40.00	71.43	50.00	25.00
III	<b>Live Register</b>							
1)	<b>Total</b>	46272	46012	43371	31614	29623	26134	23298
2)	<b>Women</b>	24369	23923	23585	17826	16317	14329	12029
3)	<b>% of Women to Total</b>	52.66	51.99	54.38	56.39	55.08	54.83	51.63

Source: Directorate of Employment &amp; Craftsmen Training, Meghalaya Shillong



## 6. PARTICIPATION IN DECISION MAKING

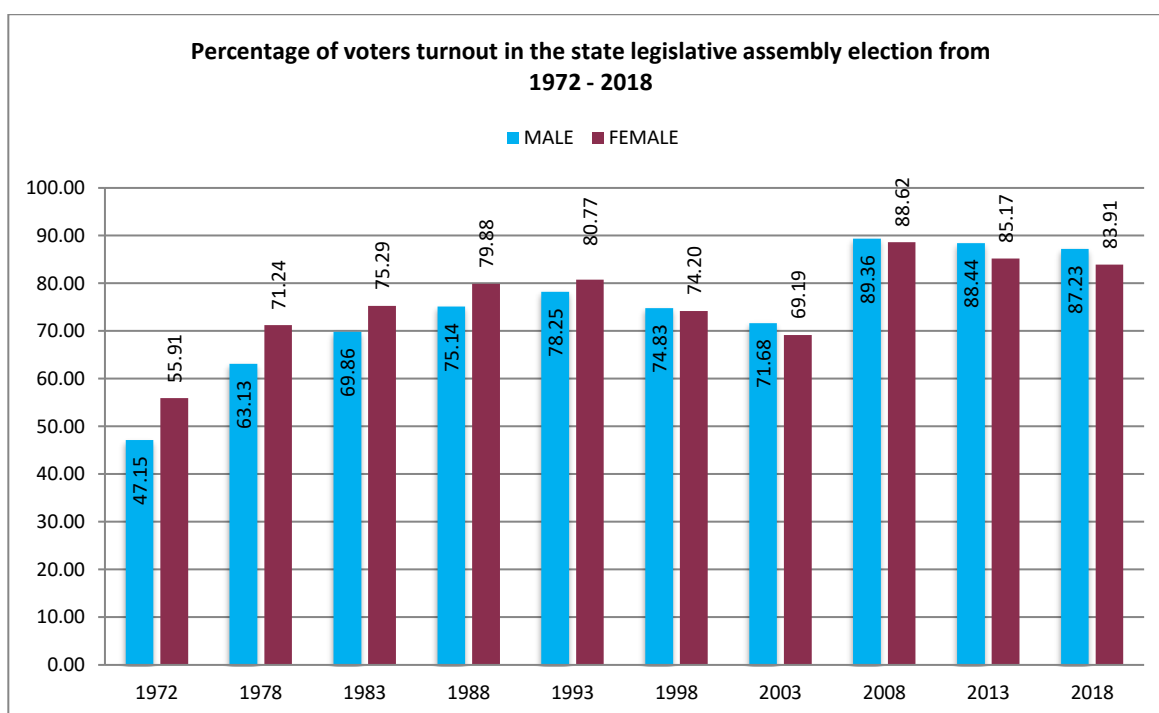
### INTRODUCTION

Meghalaya being a matriarchal Society, the women enjoy the benefit of having wealth and property being passed on from their mothers to their daughters, and descent through the mother's line. While girls elsewhere often face barriers to study and work, women in Meghalaya enjoy social mobility and there are no bars for them to achieve economic success. This has led to a surge in women headed households. However the traditional matrilineal society has always kept women out of the larger decision making process in Social Institution (Village council) and Political institutions. Men still holds influential position in politics and it is only the economic and domestic sphere that are left to women. Nonetheless this is slowly beginning to improve especially in Urban Localities where awareness and sense of pride for women representation have started taking shape.

### FINDINGS

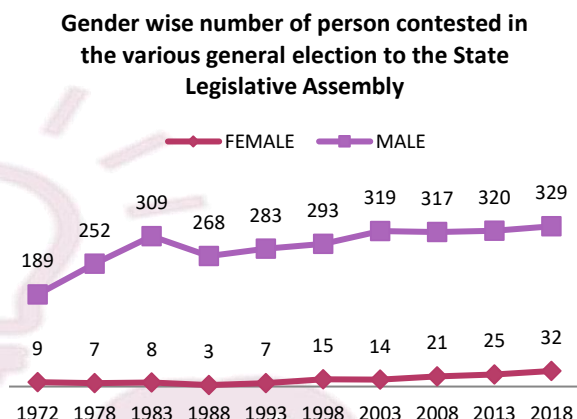
#### ❖ Women participation in the State Legislative Assembly Elections

Women participation in the State Legislative Assembly has always been encouraging as seen in the graph below with women voters' turnout being 55.91% in 1972 and increases to 83.91% in the 2018 general elections. Also it can be seen that women voter's turnout has increased drastically in the earlier State General Assembly elections. (refer Table no 6.1).



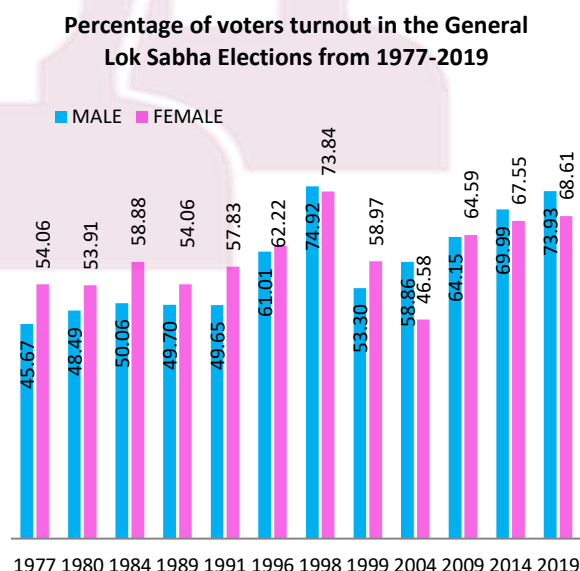


The participation of women in contesting the State Legislative Assembly has been very encouraging, with 9 female contesting the Assembly election in 1972 to 32 women contesting in the 2018 Assembly election. So far, a total of 17 women were elected to the State Legislative Assembly since 1972 to 2018. (refer Table No. 6.3)



#### ❖ General Lok Sabha Elections

Female Voters turnout in the General Lok Sabha Election in the years 1977 has been 54.06% as compared to the male voter's turnout of 45.67% and in the 2019 Lok Sabha Election Female turnout was 68.61% as compared to male turnout of 73.93%, this shows that there is still a strong participation of women voters in the Lok Sabha Election over the years. (refer Table No 6.4).



In regards to female contesting the General Lok Sabha Election, only one female candidate has been able to win the seat on two consecutive terms i.e. in 2009 and 2019 from Tura Constituency. However the number of times women contested in the General Lok Sabha is still less as compared to the male contestant. (refer Table No 6.6)

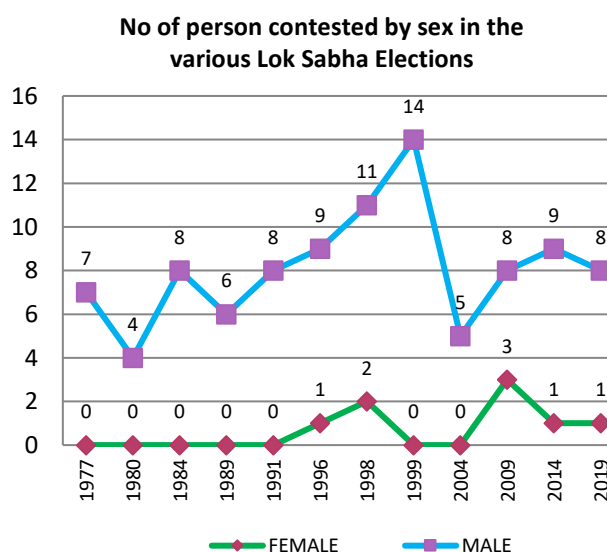


TABLE NO: 6.1

## Percentage of Voters Turnout in the State Legislative Assembly Election

General Election	Year	Male	Female
1st	1972	47.15	55.91
2nd	1978	63.13	71.24
3rd	1983	69.86	75.29
4th	1988	75.14	79.88
5th	1993	78.25	80.77
6th	1998	74.83	74.20
7th	2003	71.68	69.19
8th	2008	89.36	88.62
9th	2013	88.44	85.17
10th	2018	87.23	83.91

Source : Chief Electoral Officer , Meghalaya

TABLE NO: 6.2

## Total Electorate(Voters) and Percentage of Voting by Sex in Various General Election to State Legislative Assembly in Meghalaya Form 1972-2018

General Elections	Year	Total No Of Electors(Voters)			% Of Electors(Voters) Voted In Elections Out Of Total Electors		
		Female	Male	Total	Male	Female	Total
1st	1972	206896	211397	418293	47.15	55.91	51.58
2nd	1978	293510	292302	585812	63.13	71.24	67.18
3rd	1983	340707	341372	682079	69.86	75.29	72.58
4th	1988	402903	403838	806741	75.14	79.88	77.51
5th	1993	519456	527895	1047351	78.25	80.77	79.52
6th	1998	574564	582930	1157494	74.83	74.20	74.52
7th	2003	635797	645925	1281722	71.68	69.19	70.42
8th	2008	626711	606197	1232908	89.36	88.62	88.99
9th	2013	759608	744299	1503907	88.44	85.17	86.82
10th	2018	913700	898745	1812445	87.23	83.91	85.59

Source : Chief Electoral Officer , Meghalaya



TABLE NO: 6.3

**Number of Persons Contested and Elected by Sex in Various General Election to State Legislative Assembly  
From 1972- 2018**

General Election	Year	Total No of Seats	No of Contestants		Female		Male	
			Female	Male	No of Elected	% of Winning to Total Seats	No of Elected	% of Winning to Total Seats
1st	<b>1972</b>	60	9	189	0	0.00	60	100.00
2nd	<b>1978</b>	60	7	252	1	1.67	59	98.33
3rd	<b>1983</b>	60	8	309	0	0.00	60	100.00
4th	<b>1988</b>	60	3	268	2	3.33	58	96.67
5th	<b>1993</b>	60	7	283	1	1.67	59	98.33
6th	<b>1998</b>	60	15	293	3	5.00	57	95.00
7th	<b>2003</b>	60	14	319	2	3.33	58	96.67
8th	<b>2008</b>	60	21	317	1	1.67	59	98.33
9th	<b>2013</b>	60	25	320	4	6.67	56	93.33
10th	<b>2018</b>	59 (Williamnagar Seat Deferred)	32	329	3	5.08	56	94.92

Source : Chief Electoral Officer , Meghalaya

TABLE NO: 6.4

**Percentage of Voters Turnout in The General Lok Sabha Elections from 1977-2019**

Year	Male	Female
<b>1977</b>	45.67	54.06
<b>1980</b>	48.49	53.91
<b>1984</b>	50.06	58.88
<b>1989</b>	49.70	54.06
<b>1991</b>	49.65	57.83
<b>1996</b>	61.01	62.22
<b>1998</b>	74.92	73.84
<b>1999</b>	53.30	58.97
<b>2004</b>	58.86	46.58
<b>2009</b>	64.15	64.59
<b>2014</b>	69.99	67.55
<b>2019</b>	73.93	68.61

Source : Chief Electoral Officer , Meghalaya



TABLE NO: 6.5

**Total Electorate (Voters)& Percentage of Voting by Sex in Various General Election to the Lok Sabha in Meghalaya  
From 1977-2019**

Year	Total No of Electors(Voters)			% of Voters Who Voted in Elections Out of Total Electors		Total Voters Turn Out %
	Male	Female	Total	Female	Male	
1977	266278	264048	530326	54.06	45.67	49.88
1980	114253	111329	225582	53.91	48.49	51.23
1984	375608	375675	751283	58.88	50.06	54.47
1989	478816	459044	937860	54.06	49.70	51.92
1991	472892	469621	942513	57.83	49.65	53.75
1996	550148	542605	1092753	62.22	61.01	61.62
1998	583093	574401	1157494	73.84	74.92	74.38
1999	593594	584656	1178250	58.97	53.30	56.16
2004	648654	640720	1289374	46.58	58.86	52.68
2009	629436	648303	1277739	64.59	64.15	64.37
2014	777639	789602	1567241	67.55	69.99	68.78
2019	949622	965174	1914796	68.61	73.93	71.29

Source : Chief Electoral Officer , Meghalaya

TABLE NO: 6.6

**Number of Persons Contested and Elected by Voting by Sex In Various General Election to the Lok Sabha in  
Meghalaya from 1977-2019**

Year	Total No of Seats	No Of Contestants		Female		Male	
		Female	Male	No of Elected	% of Winning To Total Seats	No of Elected	% of Winning To Total Seats
1977	2	0	7	0	0.00	2	100.00
1980	2	0	4	0	0.00	2	100.00
1984	2	0	8	0	0.00	2	100.00
1989	2	0	6	0	0.00	2	100.00
1991	2	0	8	0	0.00	2	100.00
1996	2	1	9	0	0.00	2	100.00
1998	2	2	11	0	0.00	2	100.00
1999	2	0	14	0	0.00	2	100.00
2004	2	0	5	0	0.00	2	100.00
2009	2	3	8	1	50.00	1	50.00
2014	2	1	9	0	0.00	2	100.00
2019	2	1	8	1	50.00	1	50.00

Source : Chief Electoral Officer , Meghalaya



TABLE NO: 6.7

**Assembly Constituency-Wise Female Electorates Of Meghalaya During The General Election to the Meghalaya Legislative Assembly 2018**

SL.No	Assembly Constituency No And Name	Electors		
		Total	Female	% Of Female Electors To Total Electors
1	1-Nartiang (ST)	36701	18650	50.82
2	2-Jowai (ST)	34605	18317	52.93
3	3-Raliang (ST)	32206	16876	52.40
4	4-Mowkaiaiw (ST)	31011	15815	51.00
5	5-Sutnga Saipung (ST)	37957	19014	50.09
6	6-Khliehriat (ST)	38103	19734	51.79
7	7-Amlarem (ST)	32315	16522	51.13
8	8-Mawhati (ST)	31998	15655	48.92
9	9-Nongpoh (ST)	30730	15680	51.03
10	10-Jirang (ST)	35891	17483	48.71
11	11-Umsning (ST)	32111	15977	49.76
12	12-Umroi (ST)	26478	13277	50.14
13	13-Mawryngkneng (ST)	32140	16693	51.94
14	14-Pynthorumkhrah (GEN)	30843	16079	52.13
15	15-Mawlai (ST)	42664	23221	54.43
16	16-East Shillong (ST)	24169	12850	53.17
17	17-North Shillong (ST)	26655	13599	51.02
18	18-West Shillong (GEN)	25677	12983	50.56
19	19-South Shillong (GEN)	31641	15979	50.50
20	20-Mylliem (ST)	31795	17221	54.16
21	21-Nongthymmai (ST)	33794	17949	53.11
22	22-Nongkrem (ST)	32220	17098	53.07
23	23-Sohiong (ST)	28732	14615	50.87
24	24-Mawphlang (ST)	29484	15542	52.71
25	25-Mawsynram (ST)	31754	15997	50.38
26	26-Shella (ST)	29040	14547	50.09
27	27-Pynursla (ST)	33193	17183	51.77
28	28-Sohra (ST)	25297	13049	51.58
29	29-Mawkynrew (ST)	31164	15744	50.52

Contd...



SL.No	Assembly Constituency No and Name	Electors		
		Total	Female	% Of Female Electors To Total Electors
30	30-Mairang (ST)	34957	17770	50.83
31	31-Mawthadraishan (ST)	35636	18105	50.81
32	32-Nongstoin (ST)	35204	17821	50.62
33	33-Rambrai Jyrngam (ST)	32263	15878	49.21
34	34-Mawshynrut (ST)	33916	16556	48.81
35	35-Ranikor (ST)	29670	14487	48.83
36	36-Mawkyrwat (ST)	30552	15440	50.54
37	37-Kharkutta (ST)	37160	17867	48.08
38	38-Mendipathar (ST)	25825	12755	49.39
39	39-Resubelpara (ST)	25947	12839	49.48
40	40-Bajengdoba (ST)	28748	13892	48.32
41	41-Songsak (ST)	26687	12908	48.37
42	42-Rongjeng (ST)	29513	14390	48.76
43	43-William Nagar (ST)	32345	15632	48.33
44	44-Raksamgre (ST)	26605	13310	50.03
45	45-Tikrikilla (ST)	30813	15506	50.32
46	46-Phulbari (GEN)	26871	13209	49.16
47	47-Rajabala (GEN)	29286	14752	50.37
48	48-Selsella (ST)	30322	15177	50.05
49	49-Dadenggre (ST)	30162	14792	49.04
50	50-North Tura (ST)	30544	15072	49.35
51	51-South Tura (ST)	30197	15351	50.84
52	52-Rangsakona (ST)	31665	15946	50.36
53	53-Ampati (ST)	28545	14366	50.33
54	54-Mahendraganj (ST)	31022	15661	50.48
55	55-Salmanpara (ST)	26229	12847	48.98
56	56-Gambegre (ST)	26023	12794	49.16
57	57-Dalu (ST)	18606	9269	49.82
58	58-Rongara Siju (ST)	29495	14012	47.51
59	59-Chokpot (ST)	28031	13358	47.65
60	60-Baghmara (ST)	28956	14204	49.05
<b>Meghalaya</b>		<b>1842163</b>	<b>929315</b>	<b>50.45</b>

Source : Chief Electoral Officer , Meghalaya



TABLE NO: 6.8

## Woman Judges and Magistrates in Meghalaya From 2013-2021

SI No.	Year	District Judges		Senior Civil Judges		Junior Civil Judges	
		Total	Female	Total	Female	Total	Female
1	2013	4	2	5	3	17	10
2	2014	8	5	7	3	14	9
3	2015	8	5	7	3	14	9
4	2016	7	4	7	3	26	19
5	2017	11	6	11	6	18	14
6	2018	10	5	16	9	12	10
7	2019	15	7	13	8	21	15
8	2020	15	7	14	9	19	14
9	2021	18	9	14	9	19	14

Source : High Court Of Meghalaya



## 7. CRIMES, CONVICTION, IMPRISONMENT AND POLICE FORCE

### INTRODUCTION

In Meghalaya, a matrilineal society, People have huge respect for the women and the role that they play in society. Evil practices such as dowry, female infanticide which is found in other parts of the country is not found in the state of Meghalaya. This is due to the tradition and belief of the people that the daughter carries forth the lineage of the family.

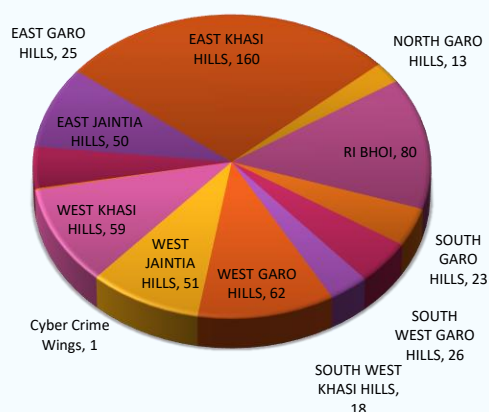
However crimes against women are on the rise and women are more unsafe from crimes such as rapes, molestation, kidnapping, abduction and cruelty by the husband or relatives.

### FINDINGS

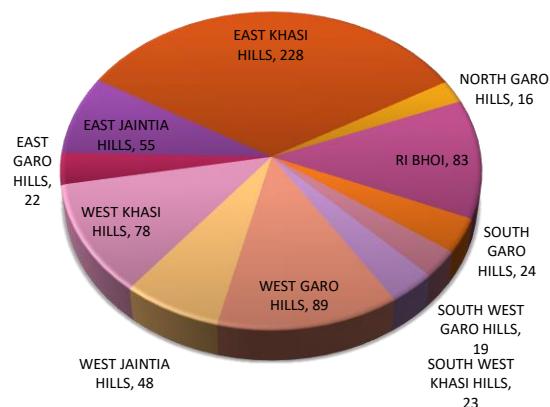
#### ❖ Crime against women

In 2021, a total of 685 crimes were registered against women as compared to 568 in the year 2020. There is an alarming increase in the number of crimes committed against women in the state from 237 no of cases in 2020 to 287 no of cases in 2021, even though it being a matrilineal society. Amongst the Districts, East Khasi Hills District has the highest no of crimes (228 no of cases) registered against women, followed by West Garo Hills (89 no of cases). Under various Crimes head, Molestation and rape recorded the maximum crimes committed against women in the state of Meghalaya. (refer Table No. 7.1 & 7.2).

**DISTRICT WISE TOTAL CRIMES REGISTERED AGAINST WOMEN IN MEGHALAYA DURING THE YEAR 2020**



**DISTRICT WISE TOTAL CRIMES REGISTERED AGAINST WOMEN IN MEGHALAYA DURING THE YEAR 2021**

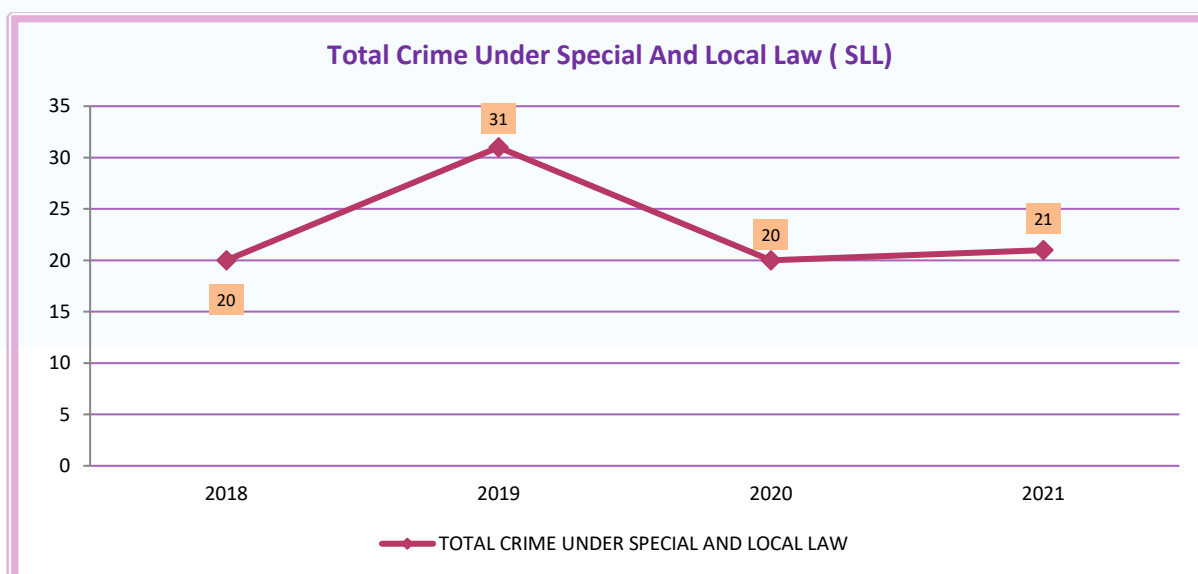
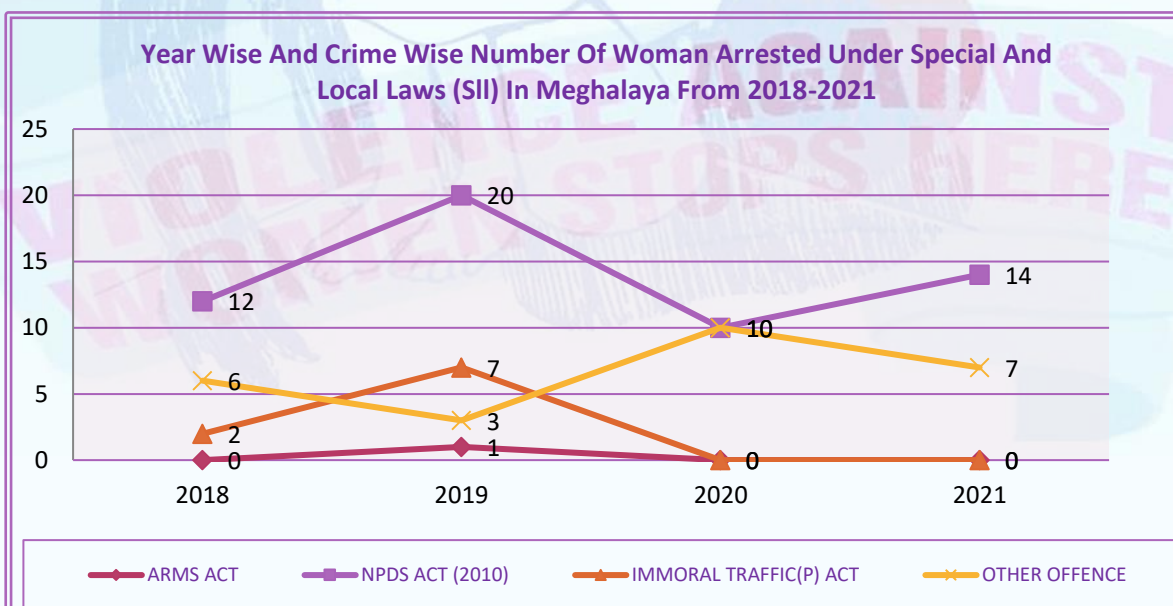






❖ **Women arrested under Special and Local laws**

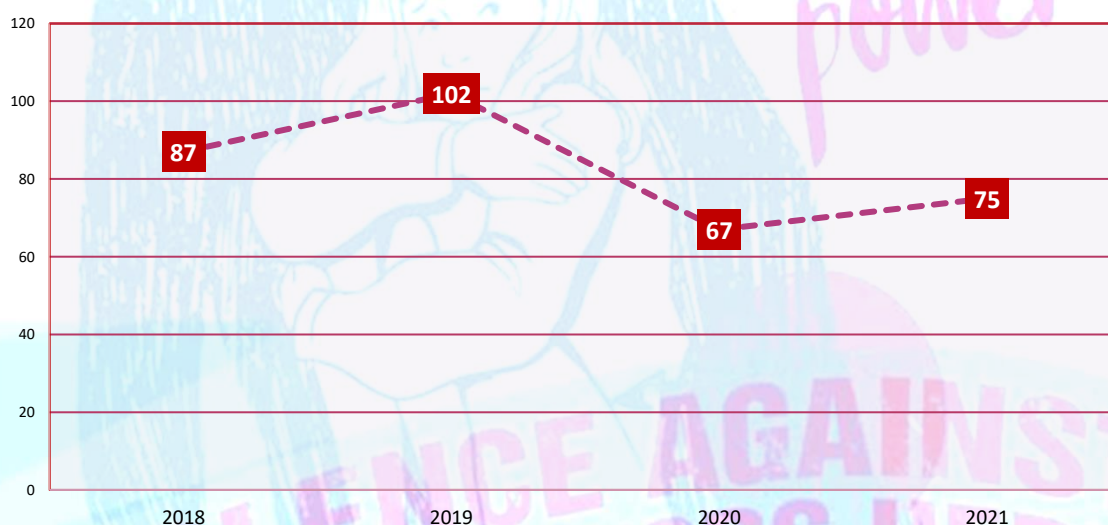
In 2021, 21 women were arrested under the Special and Local Laws as compared to 20 and 31 women arrested in the year 2020 and 2019 respectively. Under this, majority of the women were arrested under NPDS Act(2010). (refer Table No. 7.3)



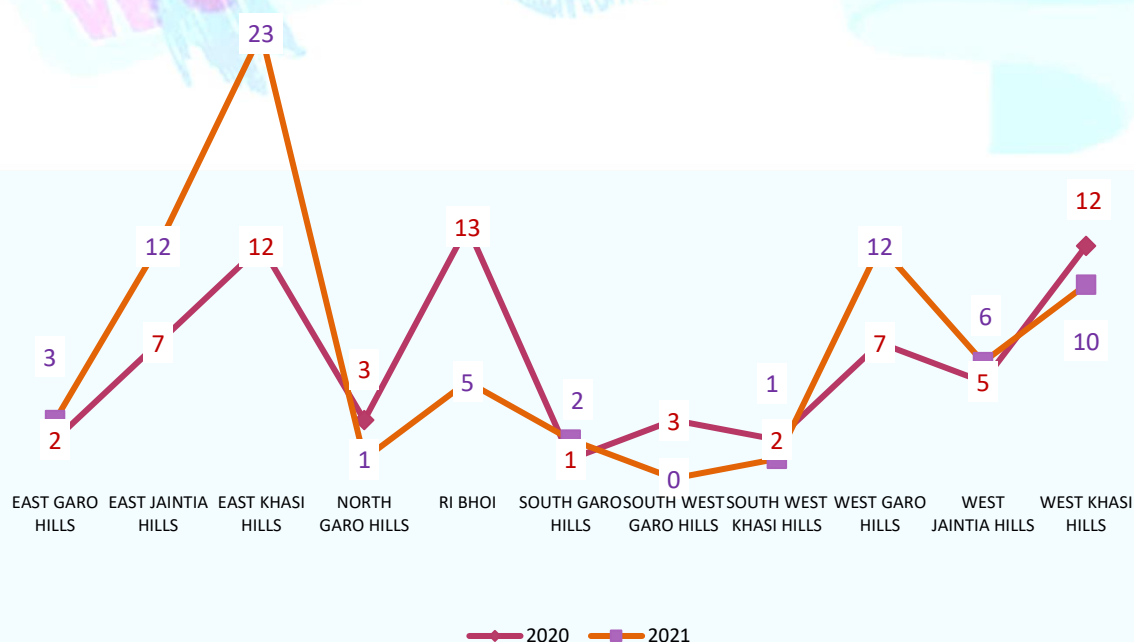
## ❖ Rape cases

In 2021, 75 rape cases were registered in Meghalaya with East Khasi Hills District having the highest cases (23 cases) followed by East Jaintia Hills and West Garo Hills (12 cases each). And among the victims of rape, majority of women were in the age group of 18-30 years followed by women in the age group of 30-45 years. (refer Table No.7.5 & 7.6)

Year wise rape cases against women



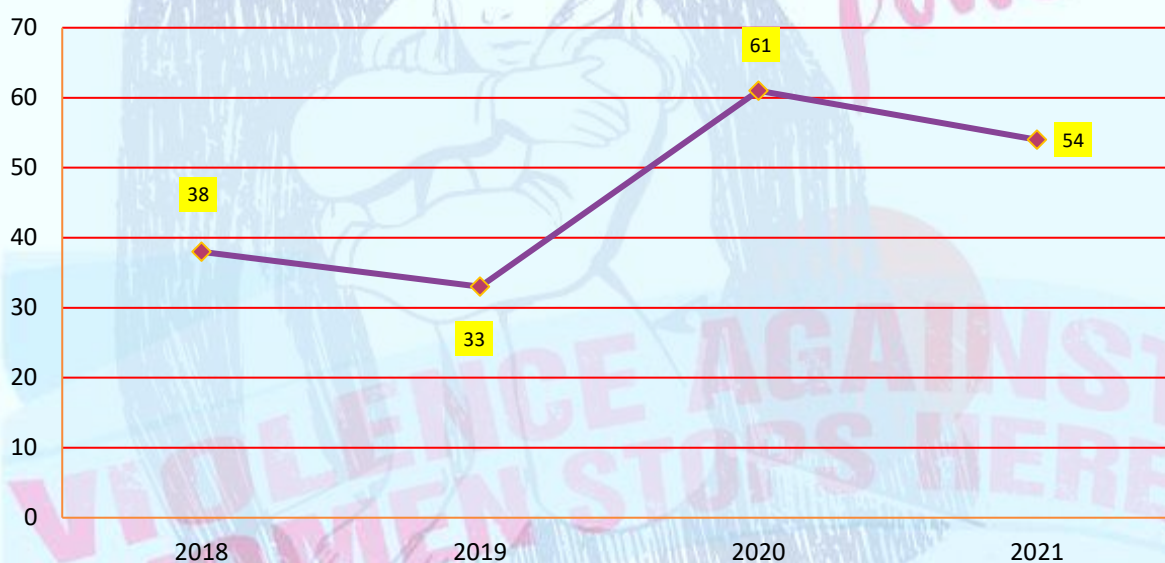
District Wise And Year Wise Rape Cases Against Women In Meghalaya From 2020- 2021



## ❖ Suicides cases

Women suicide has also been on the rise with 38 cases of women suicide recorded in the year 2018, 33 cases in the year 2019, 61 cases in the year 2020 and 54 cases in the year 2021. During the year 2021 East Khasi Hills District has the maximum cases of suicide with 12 cases followed by South West Garo Hills with 9 cases. (refer table 7.7 & 7.8)

Women Suicide Deaths In Meghalaya From 2018 - 2021



District Wise Women Suicide Deaths In Meghalaya From 2020 - 2021

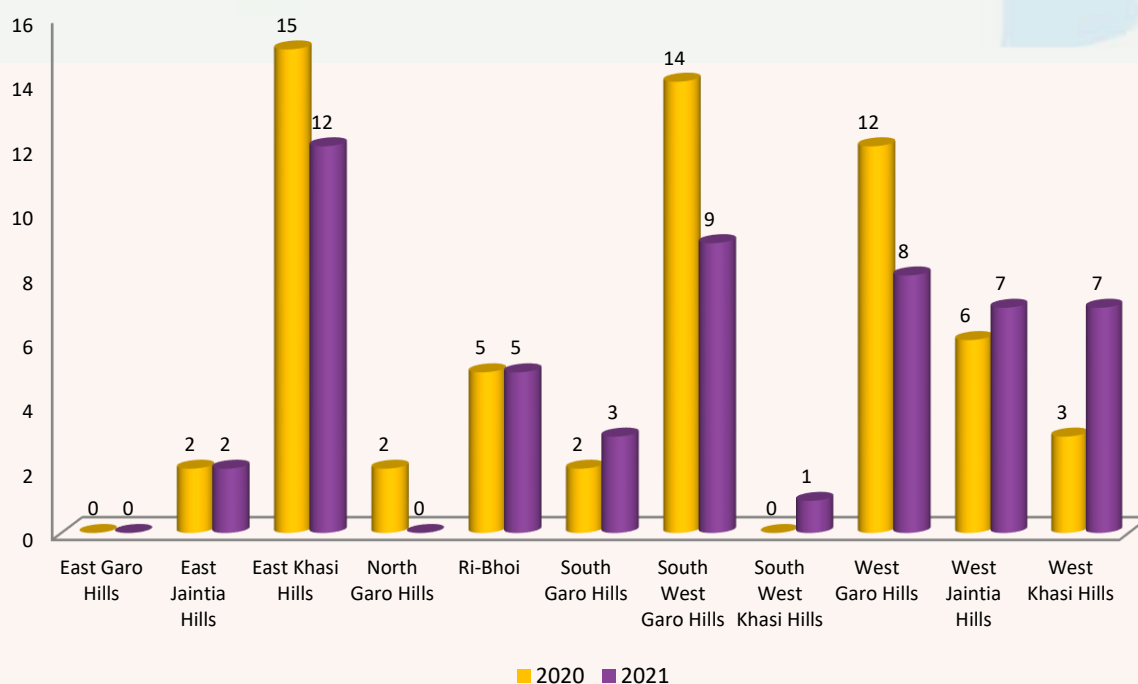


TABLE NO: 7.1

## Year Wise and District-wise Total Crimes Registered Against Women in Meghalaya From 2018-2021

SL NO	DISTRICT	YEAR			
		2018	2019	2020	2021
1	East Garo Hills	9	22	25	22
2	East Jaintia Hills	45	25	50	55
3	East Khasi Hills	173	194	160	228
4	North Garo Hills	36	27	13	16
5	Ri Bhoi	77	86	80	83
6	South Garo Hills	12	14	23	24
7	South West Garo Hills	18	23	26	19
8	South West Khasi Hills	18	15	18	23
9	West Garo Hills	53	67	62	89
10	West Jaintia Hills	77	46	51	48
11	West Khasi Hills	50	39	59	78
12	CCW (Cyber Crime Wing)	3	0	1	0
Total		571	558	568	685

Source -Office of the Inspector General of Police :CID

TABLE NO: 7.2

## Year Wise and Head Wise Number of Crimes Committed Against Women in Meghalaya from 2018-2021

SL NO	CRIME HEADS	YEAR			
		2018	2019	2020	2021
1	Rape cases	87	102	67	75
2	Molestation	95	96	86	92
3	Kidnapping and Abduction	58	71	29	42
4	Insult to modesty of women	16	18	16	24
5	Eve teasing	0	0	0	0
6	Dowry murder	0	0	0	0
7	Dowry Deaths	1	3	1	0
8	Cruelty By Husband/ Relatives	18	23	17	21
9	Abetment of Suicide of women	0	0	0	1
10	Murder	4	6	2	0
11	Dowry prohibition act	0	1	0	0
12	Importation of girls below 18 years	0	0	0	0
13	Importation of girls below 18-21 years	0	0	0	0
14	Indecent representation of women Act	0	0	0	0
15	Bigamy	0	0	0	0
16	Other IPC crimes	23	16	19	32
Total		302	336	237	287

Source -Office of the Inspector General of Police :CID



TABLE NO: 7.3

Year Wise And Crime Wise Number of Woman Arrested Under Special And Local Laws (SLL) In Meghalaya From 2018-2021

SL NO	Crimes	YEARS							
		2018		2019		2020		2021	
		Total	Female	Total	Female	Total	Female	Total	Female
1	Arms Act	23	0	36	1	7	0	46	0
2	NPDS Act (2010)	152	12	143	20	149	10	89	14
3	Explosive Acts	0	0	9	0	8	0	14	0
4	Gambling Act	10	0	12	0	9	0	0	0
5	Excise Act	1	0	1	0	3	0	1	0
6	Customs Act	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7	Prohibition Act	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8	A.S.I.T In Women And Girls Act	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9	Immoral Traffic(P) Act	6	2	19	7	0	0	4	0
10	Other Offence	343	6	519	3	616	10	496	7
<b>Total Crime Under SLL</b>		<b>535</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>739</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>792</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>650</b>	<b>21</b>

Source -Office of the Inspector General of Police :CID

TABLE NO: 7.4

Year Wise and Head Wise Number of Woman Arrested Under Different IPC Crimes In Meghalaya From 2018-2021

SL NO	Crime Heads	Years							
		2018		2019		2020		2021	
		Total	Female	Total	Female	Total	Female	Total	Female
1	Murder	108	3	156	25	160	10	112	7
2	Dowry Deaths	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
3	Assault on Women with Intent to Outrage her Modesty	64	0	176	0	51	2	74	0
4	Kidnapping and Abduction	73	0	235	0	60	1	102	4
5	Rape	85	0	97	0	53	0	74	0
6	Riots	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0
7	Theft	238	2	529	0	228	2	130	0
8	Burglary	98	0	181	1	65	0	38	0
9	Robbery	47	1	150	1	23	0	43	1
10	Dacoity	14	0	160	1	24	0	33	0
11	Forgery, Cheating & Fraud	75	1	200	2	52	0	47	1
12	Other IPC crimes	899	17	1673	31	589	10	519	5
<b>Total Cognizable IPC crimes</b>		<b>1703</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>3557</b>	<b>61</b>	<b>1306</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>1175</b>	<b>18</b>

Source -Office of the Inspector General of Police :CID



TABLE NO: 7.5

## District-wise and Year Wise Rape Cases Against Women In Meghalaya From- 2018- 2021

SI No	Districts	Year			
		2018	2019	2020	2021
1	East Garo Hills	0	1	2	3
2	East Jaintia Hills	5	8	7	12
3	East Khasi Hills	7	14	12	23
4	North Garo Hills	0	3	3	1
5	Ri Bhoi	40	45	13	5
6	South Garo Hills	3	3	1	2
7	South West Garo Hills	3	8	3	0
8	South West Khasi Hills	1	1	2	1
9	West Garo Hills	7	5	7	12
10	West Jaintia Hills	13	8	5	6
11	West Khasi Hills	8	6	12	10
<b>Meghalaya</b>		<b>87</b>	<b>102</b>	<b>67</b>	<b>75</b>

Source -Office of the Inspector General of Police :CID

TABLE NO: 7.6

## Age Group Wise Rape Case Victims (Women) In Meghalaya from The Year 2018-2021

SI No	Age	No Of Victims During The Year			
		2018	2019	2020	2021
1	Below 6 years	0	1	0	0
2	6 to 12 years	4	3	0	0
3	12 to 16 years	6	9	1	0
4	16 to 18 years	15	7	0	1
5	18 to 30 years	49	59	45	47
6	30 to 45 years	14	19	18	24
7	45 to 60 years	1	3	2	2
8	60 years and above	0	1	1	1
<b>Total</b>		<b>89</b>	<b>102</b>	<b>67</b>	<b>75</b>

Source -Office of the Inspector General of Police :CID



**TABLE NO: 7.7****Year Wise Incidence of Suicide Deaths in Meghalaya 2018-2021**

SL.No.	Years	Female	Male	Total
1	2018	38	151	189
2	2019	33	165	198
3	2020	61	163	224
4	2021	54	172	226

Source -Office of the Inspector General of Police :CID

**TABLE NO: 7.8****District-wise Women Suicide Deaths in Meghalaya from 2018 - 2021**

Sl. No.	Districts	2018	2019	2020	2021
1	East Garo Hills	0	0	0	0
2	East Jaintia Hills	0	0	2	2
3	East Khasi Hills	10	15	15	12
4	North Garo Hills	2	1	2	0
5	Ri-Bhoi	8	3	5	5
6	South Garo Hills	1	0	2	3
7	South West Garo Hills	5	6	14	9
8	South West Khasi Hills	0	0	0	1
9	West Garo Hills	7	1	12	8
10	West Jaintia Hills	1	5	6	7
11	West Khasi Hills	4	2	3	7
<b>Meghalaya</b>		<b>38</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>61</b>	<b>54</b>

Source : Office of the Inspector General of Police, CID

**TABLE NO. 7.9****Year Wise Incidence of Accidental Deaths in Meghalaya from 2018-2021 Due to Natural Causes**

SL.No.	Years	Female	Male	Total
1	2018	2	16	18
2	2019	0	12	12
3	2020	23	33	56
4	2021	3	13	16

Source : Office of the Inspector General of Police, CID





TABLE NO. 7.9 A

**Year Wise Incidence of Accidental Deaths In Meghalaya from 2018-2021 Due To Un-Natural Causes**

SL.No.	YEARS	FEMALE	MALE	TOTAL
1	2018	57	334	391
2	2019	42	284	326
3	2020	45	308	353
4	2021	45	316	361

Source : Office of the Inspector General of Police, CID

TABLE NO: 7.10

**Rank Wise Female Police Force In Meghalaya 2021**

SL NO	RANK	2021	
		TOTAL	FEMALE
<b>A</b>	<b>GAZETTED OFFICERS</b>		
1	Director General of Police	1	0
2	Addl. Director General of Police	1	1
3	Inspector General of Police	6	0
4	Dy. Inspector General of Police	4	0
5	Director (MPRO)	0	0
6	SSPs/SPs/Cos/Principal/AIGs	40	4
7	Addl. SPs/2ICs	21	1
8	Addl. SP (Communication)	0	0
9	ASPs/SDPOs/DySPs/ASCOMs/Asstt Prin.	70	10
10	Dy. SP (Communication)	0	1
11	DFSO	0	0
<b>B</b>	<b>UN-ARMED BRANCH</b>		
12	UB Inspector	134	12
13	UB Sub Inspector	650	92
14	Head Constable	413	35
15	UB Constable	2379	264
<b>C</b>	<b>Armed branch district + BATTALIONS</b>		
16	AB Inspector	52	0
17	AB Sub Inspectors	263	0
18	AB Asstt. Sub-Inspector	53	0
19	Havildar	1160	0
20	Naik	174	0
21	Lance Naik	237	0
22	AB/BN Constable + BN WPC	6032	342
<b>D</b>	<b>MPRO + SIGNALS OF INDIAN RESERVE BATTALIONS</b>		
23	Inspector (Comnn.)	9	0
24	Sub-Inspector (Comnn.)	40	2
25	Asstt. Sub-Inspector	117	8
26	Operators	432	26
27	GD Constable	17	0

Source : Office of the Inspector General of Police, CID





TABLE NO: 7.11

Year wise and age wise classification ( 16 years above) of number of women convicts and remand prisoners and period of remand in Meghalaya as on 2019-2021

SI No	Age Wise Classification of Prisoners	As On 31.12.2019	As On 31.12.2020	As On 31.12.2021
		Female	Female	Female
Number of convicts				
1	16 to 21 years	0	0	0
2	21 to 40 years	1	1	2
3	40 to 65 years	1	1	2
4	65 years and Above	0	0	0
Total		2	2	4
Number of under trials				
1	16 to 21 years	0	0	0
2	21 to 40 years	24	12	22
3	40 to 65 years	2	1	2
4	65 years and Above	1	0	0
Total		27	13	24
Remand period of Under Trials ( NO of under Trials)				
1	Upto 1 month	4	2	3
2	1 to 6 months	10	3	5
3	6 to 12 months	9	5	11
4	1 to 5 years	4	3	3
5	5 to 10 years	0	0	0
6	10 years and above	0	0	0
Meghalaya		27	13	22

Source: Inspector General of Prisons & Correctional Services, Meghalaya, Shillong

TABLE NO: 7.12

Prison Wise Consolidated Lock Up Report of Women In Meghalaya As On 31.12.2021

SI No	Category of Prison	No of Prison	Total Capacity	Convicts	Under Trials	Detenues	Civils	Grand Total
1	District Jails	5	55	4	22	0	0	26
Meghalaya		5	55	4	22	0	0	26

Source: Inspector General of Prisons & Correctional Services, Meghalaya, Shillong



**TABLE NO: 7.13**  
**Particulars of Education, Employment and Marital Status of Women Prisoners in Meghalaya 2021**

SI No	Particulars	As on 31.12.2021
		Female
<b>A</b>	<b><i>Status of prisoners</i></b>	
1	No of prisoners as on starting of the year	15
2	No of prisoners admitted during the year	39
3	No of prisoners released	30
4	No of prisoners remaining as ending of the year	26
<b>B</b>	<b><i>Category</i></b>	
1	Physically handicapped	0
2	Lunatics	0
3	Foreign Nationals	2
<b>C</b>	<b><i>Employment</i></b>	
1	Employed	5
2	Unemployed	26
<b>D</b>	<b><i>Marital Status</i></b>	
1	Married	21
2	Unmarried	5
<b>E</b>	<b><i>Education</i></b>	
1	Primary	13
2	Secondary	5
3	Hr Secondary	1
4	Graduate	0
5	Post-Graduation	0
6	Professional course	0
7	Technical Education	0
8	Illiterates	7

**Source: Inspector General of Prisons & Correctional Services, Meghalaya, Shillong**

## 8. MISCELLANEOUS

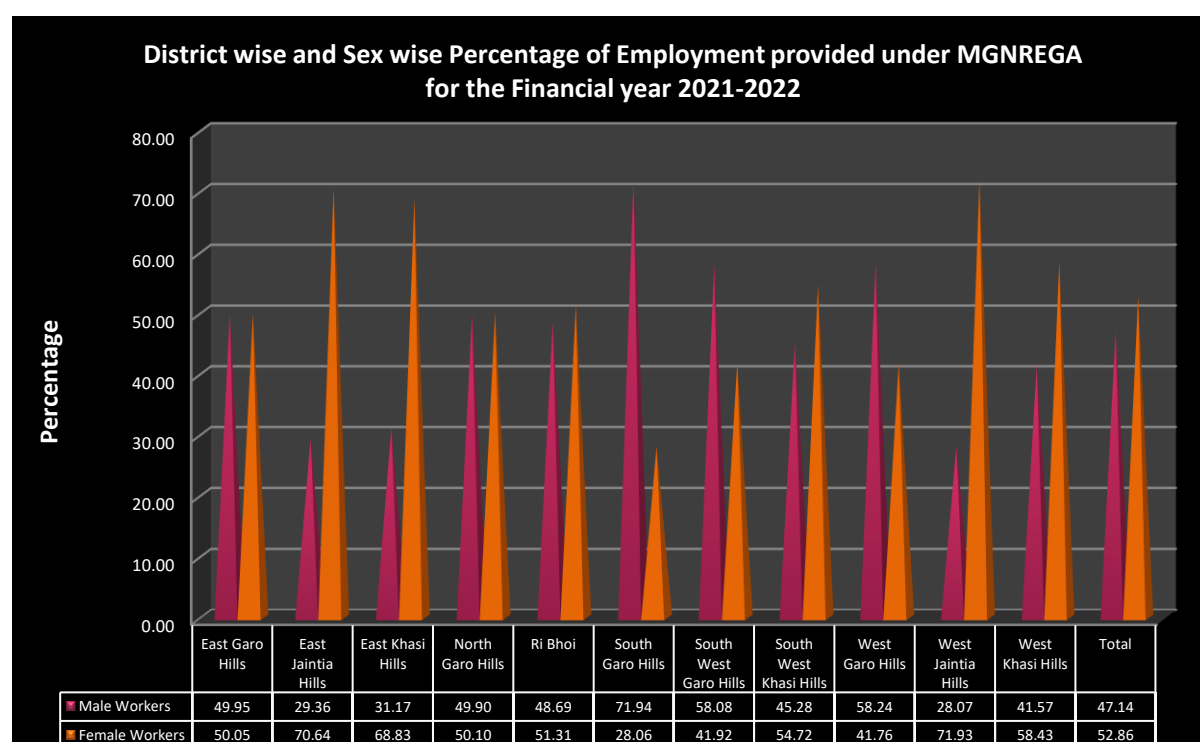
### INTRODUCTION

This chapter includes topics about Schemes, Policy and other aspects which are not highlighted in the other previous Chapters, but which are important for the upliftment of women's right and welfare. In this chapter we will focus on women employment under various schemes provided by the government and also women participation in various other activities.

#### ❖ MGNREGA

The Government of India has passed the National Rural Employment Guarantee Act, 2005 in September 2005. The Act gives legal guarantee of a hundred days of wage employment in a financial year for a rural household whose adult members are willing to do unskilled manual work. Implementation of the Act calls for the formulation of National Rural Employment Guarantee Schemes by the State Government. The State has notified the Scheme under the Act, known as the Meghalaya Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme on July 28, 2006. As per instruction by the GOI, the State in 2011 had created a society namely the State Rural Employment Society (SRES) headed by the Mission Director to oversee the overall implementation of the scheme.

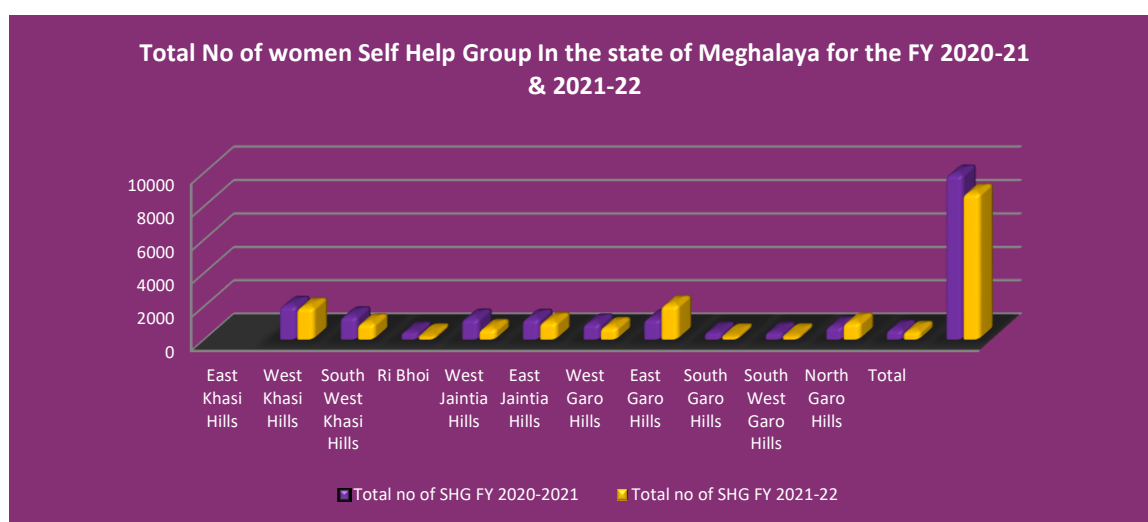
As per the District-wise no of employment provided under MGNREGA, during the year 2021-22 female workers constitute about 52.85% of total Workers whereas male workers constitute just 47.14%. Among the districts West Jaintia Hills has the largest percentage of women workers (71.93%) as compared to male workers (28.07%) under MGNREGA. (refer Table No. 8.1A)



#### ❖ NATIONAL RURAL LIVELIHOOD MISSION (MEGHALAYA STATE RURAL LIVELIHOOD SOCIETY)

N.R.L.M. is a scheme launched by the Government of India in 2011. The mission of the scheme is to reduce poverty by building strong institutions for the poor particularly organizing women into Self Help Groups (SHGs) so as to enable the poor households to access gainful self-employment and skilled wage employment opportunities to improve their livelihoods on a sustainable basis. For implementation of the scheme, an autonomous society in the name of Meghalaya State Rural Livelihood Society (MSRLS) headed by the Chief Executive Officer was created in 2012.

As Indicated by the Graph Below the total No of women Self Help Group in the state has declined from 9784 SHG in the FY 2020-21 to 8663 Self Help Group in the FY 2021-22. Also in the Financial Year 2021-22, West Garo Hills District has the highest no of women SHG (1971 SHG) followed by East Khasi Hills District (1828 SHG) while East Garo Hills District has the least no of SHG with just 163 SHG. (refer Table No. 8.3 & 8.3A).



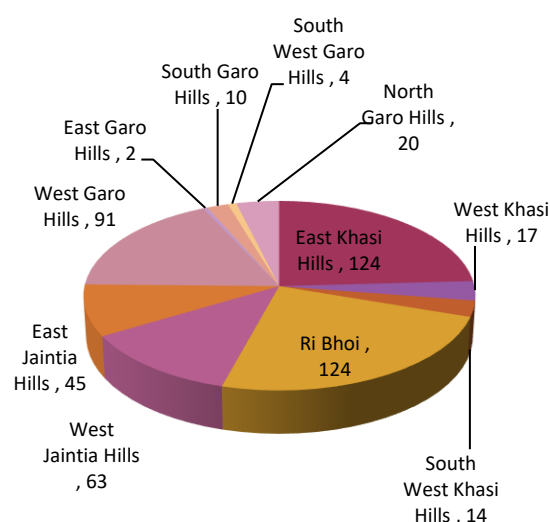
#### ❖ Schemes for Adolescent girls

The Schemes for Adolescent Girls aims to improve the health of adolescent Girls and facilitate an easier transition into womanhood. This scheme focuses on the following points for the benefit of adolescent girls (aged 11-18 years)

- Nutrition and health Education
- IFA supplementary and de-worming intervention
- Home based skill training and vocational training
- Life Skill counseling
- Supplementary nutrition
- ARSH ( adolescent reproductive and sexual health)

During the year 2019-20 there were a total of 1461 beneficiaries under this scheme which decreased to 775 beneficiaries in 2020-21 and further decrease to 514 beneficiaries during the year 2021-22. Amongst the Districts, East Khasi Hills District and Ri-Bhoi District has the maximum beneficiaries with 124 each followed by west Jaintia Hills with 63 beneficiaries (refer Table No 8.8, 8.8A, & 8.8B).

**Beneficiaries under the Scheme for Adolescent Girls (S.AG) during the year 2021-22**



#### ❖ Anganwadi Service ( ICDS)

ICDS is a unique early childhood development programme aimed at addressing health, nutrition and development needs of young children, pregnant and nursing mothers. It is designed to promote holistic development of children under 6 years of age through trained caregivers, with basic services at the community level. There are 5895 Anganwadi Centres in the state, these being the focal points for effective delivery service.

During the year 2021-22 the total beneficiaries under the Anganwadi services in Meghalaya are 555860 as compared to 518335 during the year 2020-21, East Khasi Hills District has the highest no of beneficiaries with 20.30% followed by West Garo Hills District with 15.36% beneficiaries under this scheme. Meanwhile South West Khasi Hills District has the lowest beneficiaries with only 4.20%. (refer Table No.8.8, 8.8A, & 8.8B).

**Anganwadi Services (ICDS) during the year 2021-22**

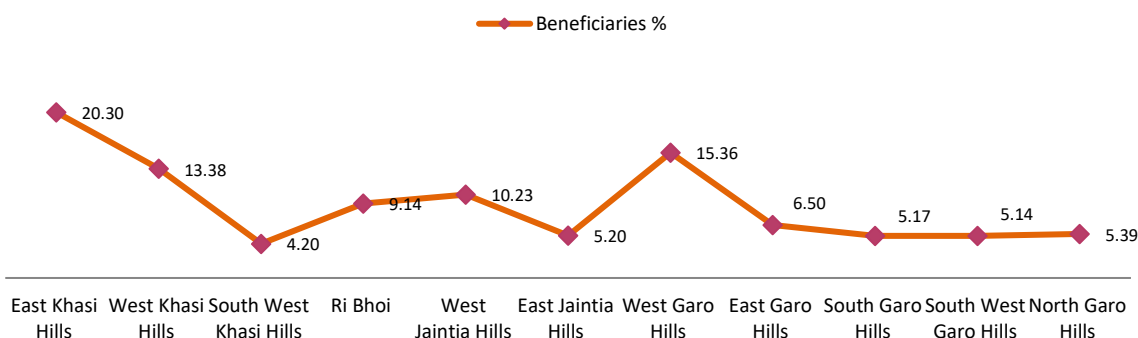


TABLE NO: 8.1

**Achievements Programme of Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act (MGNREGA)  
Under Community And Rural Development Department, District-wise , For The Year 2020-21**

Sl. No	District Name	Achievements under MGNREGA			
		Employment provided (nos)			
		Total Households	Male Workers	Female Workers	Total Workers
1	East Garo Hills	30137	31991	31870	63861
2	East Jaintia Hills	26114	7951	19509	27460
3	East Khasi Hills	89950	29583	69548	99131
4	North Garo Hills	39505	39543	39774	79317
5	Ri Bhoi	49876	40586	46589	87175
6	South Garo Hills	37066	27398	10418	37816
7	South West Garo Hills	40848	31165	24239	55404
8	South West Khasi Hills	22918	14300	16477	30777
9	West Garo Hills	99519	75265	56607	131872
10	West Jaintia Hills	45918	18068	41498	59566
11	West Khasi Hills*	54564	32637	47410	80047
12	Eastern West Khasi Hills	-	-	-	-
<b>Meghalaya</b>		<b>536415</b>	<b>348487</b>	<b>403939</b>	<b>752426</b>

Source : Mission Director ,State Rural Employment Society, Meghalaya

TABLE NO:8.1 A

**Achievements Programme of Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act (MGNREGA)  
Under Community And Rural Development Department, District-wise , for The Year 2021-22**

Sl. No	District Name	Achievements under MGNREGA			
		Employment provided (nos)			
		Total Households	Male Workers	Female Workers	Total Workers
1	East Garo Hills	31059	33541	33602	67143
2	East Jaintia Hills	26068	8289	19943	28232
3	East Khasi Hills	85409	30090	66457	96547
4	North Garo Hills	40165	39763	39921	79684
5	Ri Bhoi	43430	35809	37733	73542
6	South Garo Hills	37936	27617	10770	38387
7	South West Garo Hills	42668	34145	24642	58787
8	South West Khasi Hills	23708	15362	18561	33923
9	West Garo Hills	104737	78437	56235	134672
10	West Jaintia Hills	44989	15565	39893	55458
11	West Khasi Hills	53790	33372	46901	80273
<b>Meghalaya</b>		<b>533959</b>	<b>351990</b>	<b>394658</b>	<b>746648</b>

\*Data is inclusive of Eastern West Khasi Hills District as both Mairang and Mawthadraishan C&RD Blocks are yet to be shifted in the NREGA

Source : Mission Director ,State Rural Employment Society, Meghalaya





**TABLE 8.2**  
**Annual Performance Report Under The Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Scheme (MGNREGA)**  
**Employment Generation During Financial Year 2019-20**

SI No	Districts	No. of household issued Job Card (till the reporting month)			No. of household demanded employment	No. of Household Offered employment	No. of household working under MGNREGA	Person days generated (in lakhs)				Person-days generated	No. of household completed 100 days	No. of disabled beneficiaries (individual)
		SCs	STs	Others				SC	ST	Others	Women			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
1	East Garo Hills	23	30335	473	29299	29299	29232	0.02143	27.59791	0.4296	12.5871	2804894	22525	37
2	East Jaintia Hills	2	31235	54	23984	23984	23409	0.00032	13.08188	0.02542	9.38618	1310762	1116	49
3	East Khasi Hills	229	97931	1370	81460	81460	79818	0.1514	58.54651	0.78158	42.04478	5947949	25358	478
4	North Garo Hills	23	39468	521	38897	38897	38897	0.02252	37.51256	0.48664	17.40491	3802172	33561	14
5	Ri Bhoi	460	55700	1946	45271	45271	43954	0.11283	23.1244	0.61293	11.93105	2385016	5110	65
6	South Garo Hills	215	37981	1232	34501	34501	34496	0.18385	31.64693	0.95843	8.78094	3278921	27896	115
7	South West Garo Hills	773	33363	8691	42365	42365	41388	0.24418	19.33749	2.65014	8.73436	2223181	3193	161
8	South West Khasi Hills	0	23128	77	21264	21264	21136	0	15.86027	0.04431	8.40525	1590458	5541	242
9	West Garo Hills	2166	75203	28821	100086	100087	99233	1.25673	56.26739	19.42088	29.1269	7694500	36404	105
10	West Jaintia Hills	149	53428	93	41688	41689	40803	0.05794	25.05588	0.06444	18.37277	2517826	9369	146
11	West Khasi Hills	0	65369	49	53975	53973	53207	0	34.63309	0.03275	20.23798	3466584	10463	271
12	Eastern West Khasi Hills	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Meghalaya</b>		<b>4040</b>	<b>543141</b>	<b>43327</b>	<b>512790</b>	<b>512790</b>	<b>505573</b>	<b>2.0512</b>	<b>342.66431</b>	<b>25.50712</b>	<b>187.01222</b>	<b>37022263</b>	<b>180536</b>	<b>1683</b>

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**TABLE : 8.2A**  
**Employment Generation During Financial Year 2020-21**

SI No	Districts	No. of household issued Job Card(till the reporting month)			No. of household demanded employment	No. of Household Offered employment	No. of household working under MGNREGA	Person days generated (in lakhs)				Person-days generated	No. of household completed 100 days	No. of disabled beneficiaries (individual)
		SC	ST	Others				SC	ST	Others	Women			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
1	East Garo Hills	23	31840	550	30201	30201	30137	0.02076	28.49247	0.47132	13.29401	2898455	24655	28
2	East Jaintia Hills	2	32637	64	26334	26334	26114	0.0002	14.35981	0.03201	10.33851	1439202	683	62
3	East Khasi Hills	231	104203	1598	91518	91518	89950	0.15711	62.40703	0.96916	45.34849	6353330	28800	634
4	North Garo Hills	28	40390	520	39515	39515	39505	0.02459	36.53739	0.4652	16.8393	3702718	25324	17
5	Ri Bhoi	384	57180	1941	50765	50765	49876	0.15955	30.48879	0.85643	16.32249	3150477	10746	94
6	South Garo Hills	194	39934	1456	37092	37092	37066	0.15921	33.74448	1.07265	9.51879	3497634	28070	139
7	South West Garo Hills	763	34390	8801	42105	42105	40848	0.36642	22.84939	2.80715	9.93198	2602296	7171	180
8	South West Khasi Hills	1	23947	147	23067	23063	22918	0.00039	17.32042	0.07259	9.83226	1739340	7846	297
9	West Garo Hills	2169	77540	29551	100887	100887	99519	1.00312	51.6779	16.59671	26.19946	6927773	23974	114
10	West Jaintia Hills	169	56792	119	46690	46707	45918	0.05918	25.55509	0.06701	18.70714	2568128	7273	208
11	West Khasi Hills	0	68474	82	55222	55222	54564	0	34.86319	0.04154	20.77001	3490473	9827	306
12	Eastern West Khasi Hills	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Meghalaya</b>		<b>3964</b>	<b>567327</b>	<b>44829</b>	<b>543396</b>	<b>543409</b>	<b>536415</b>	<b>1.95053</b>	<b>358.29596</b>	<b>23.45177</b>	<b>197.10244</b>	<b>38369826</b>	<b>174369</b>	<b>2079</b>

Source : Mission Director, State Rural Employment Society, Meghalaya







**TABLE 8.2B**  
**Employment Generation During Financial Year 2021-22**

SI No	Districts	No. of household issued Job Card (till the reporting month)			No. of household demanded employment	No. of Household Offered employment	No. of household working under MGNREGA	Person days generated (in lakhs)				Person-days generated	No. of household completed 100 days	No. of disabled beneficiaries (individual)
		SC	ST	Others				SC	ST	Others	Women			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
1	East Garo Hills	22	32424	546	31129	31137	31059	0.01877	28.63198	0.46832	13.76265	2911907	22617	35
2	East Jaintia Hills	2	33661	73	26370	26370	26068	0.00075	13.26857	0.03224	9.79717	1330156	642	85
3	East Khasi Hills	245	107490	1663	88659	88660	85409	0.14521	55.03808	0.89818	41.26693	5608147	17739	689
4	North Garo Hills	35	41351	552	40189	40170	40165	0.03182	38.59837	0.50956	18.28484	3913975	30144	15
5	Ri Bhoi	387	58166	1959	44585	44584	43430	0.10022	20.47712	0.63297	10.78252	2121031	4384	92
6	South Garo Hills	200	41762	1418	37994	37945	37936	0.15749	35.20375	1.13362	10.18763	3649486	31116	212
7	South West Garo Hills	740	34933	8869	44099	44099	42668	0.498	26.95937	4.0983	12.08344	3155567	15014	234
8	South West Khasi Hills	0	24632	17	23868	23866	23708	0.00022	18.95141	0.01095	10.80442	1896258	7919	342
9	West Garo Hills	2235	79032	30382	106041	106029	104737	1.68334	64.76441	26.04632	35.23126	9249407	56738	110
10	West Jaintia Hills	152	58317	132	45854	45853	44989	0.06022	21.65587	0.05674	16.36776	2177283	4406	184
11	West Khasi Hills	0	70377	97	54572	54569	53790	0	33.44302	0.05477	20.35113	3349779	10679	323
12	Eastern West Khasi Hills	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	<b>Meghalaya</b>	<b>4018</b>	<b>582145</b>	<b>45708</b>	<b>543360</b>	<b>543282</b>	<b>533959</b>	<b>2.69604</b>	<b>356.99195</b>	<b>33.94197</b>	<b>198.91975</b>	<b>39362996</b>	<b>201398</b>	<b>2321</b>

Source : Mission Director, State Rural Employment Society, Meghalaya

TABLE: 8.3

District-wise No and Activities of Women Self Help Group Under Meghalaya State Rural Livelihood Mission(MSRLM) During 2020-2021

Sl no	District	Total no of SHG FY 2020-2021	Bank Credit Linkages		Revolving Funds		Community support funds	
			No of SHG accessed to Bank Credit	Bank credit to SHG ( Rs in Lakhs)	No of SHG covered	Amount utilized (Rs in Lakhs)	No of SHG covered	Amount utilized (Rs in Lakhs )
1	East Khasi Hills	1919	226	243.18	1139	170.85	230	142.48
2	West Khasi Hills	1294	1147	1296.09	1162	174.3	470	430.94
3	South West Khasi Hills	365	137	175.44	394	59.10	191	108.21
4	Ri Bhoi	1158	652	726.63	1111	166.65	325	147.02
5	West Jaintia Hills	1144	710	699.89	1115	167.25	513	315.88
6	East Jaintia Hills	871	192	172.97	1010	151.50	232	135.17
7	West Garo Hills	1141	263	235.85	751	112.65	110	60.21
8	East Garo Hills	354	101	65.93	756	113.40	222	118.69
9	South Garo Hills	335	72	61.07	431	64.65	266	1676.60
10	South West Garo Hills	698	4	1.91	895	134.25	262	137.20
11	North Garo Hills	505	38	19.00	836	125.40	49	26.50
<b>Meghalaya</b>		<b>9784</b>	<b>3542</b>	<b>3697.96</b>	<b>9600</b>	<b>1440.00</b>	<b>2870</b>	<b>3298.90</b>

Source : Chief Operating Officer Meghalaya State Rural Livelihood Society





TABLE: 8.3 A

District-wise No and activities of Women Self Help Group under Meghalaya State Rural Livelihood Mission (MSRLM) during 2021-2022

Sl no	District	Total no of SHG FY 2021-22	Bank Credit Linkages		Revolving Funds		Community support funds	
			No of SHG accessed to Bank Credit	Bank credit to SHG (Rs in Lakhs)	No of SHG covered	Amount utilized (Rs in Lakhs)	No of SHG covered	Amount utilized (Rs in Lakhs)
1	East Khasi Hills	1828	577	578.35	1829	274.35	116	111.44
2	West Khasi Hills	869	1177	1396.41	932	139.8	209	144.4
3	South West Khasi Hills	169	309	419.66	150	22.5	139	47.51
4	Ri Bhoi	541	871	1096.52	602	90.3	46	22.6
5	West Jaintia Hills	950	770	787.74	1052	157.8	27	13.5
6	East Jaintia Hills	660	389	402.51	686	102.9	282	154.88
7	West Garo Hills	1971	766	785.14	1515	227.25	71	38.7
8	East Garo Hills	163	261	176.4	278	41.7	134	68.75
9	South Garo Hills	183	267	248.46	238	35.7	47	35.82
10	South West Garo Hills	925	173	186.72	875	130.98	67	32.5
11	North Garo Hills	404	89	66.92	548	82.2	5	5
Meghalaya		8663	5649	6144.83	8705	1305.48	1143	675.1

Source : Chief Operating Officer, Meghalaya State Rural Livelihood Society

TABLE NO: 8.4

**District-Wise and Gender-wise work and wage earning under Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (MGNREGS) in Meghalaya during 2019-20**

SL.No	District	Work Force				Wage Earning			
		Male Registered	Female Registered	Male Working	Female Working	Male Wage (in Rs)	Female Wage (in Rs)	Male Average (Col.7/5)	Female average (Col.8/6)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
1	East Khasi Hills	57376	91816	27119	61490	5071253	11498630	187	187
2	West Khasi Hills	66307	74901	31980	45641	5980260	8534867	187	187
3	South West Khasi Hills	20606	23384	14359	15020	2685133	2808740	187	187
4	Ri-Bhoi	56169	61129	34228	37396	6400636	6993052	187	187
5	West Jaintia Hills	36840	55632	15819	36723	2958153	6867201	187	187
6	East Jaintia Hills	17849	27572	7079	17401	1323773	3253987	187	187
7	West Garo Hills	108743	111822	78577	60552	14693899	11323224	187	187
8	East Garo Hills	36231	36264	30733	30635	5747071	5728745	187	187
9	South Garo Hills	41002	40268	25919	9772	4846853	1827364	187	187
10	South West Garo Hills	46655	50374	31790	24564	5944730	4593468	187	187
11	North Garo Hills	50919	50175	39079	39180	7307773	7326660	187	187
<b>Meghalaya</b>		<b>538697</b>	<b>623337</b>	<b>336682</b>	<b>378374</b>	<b>62959534</b>	<b>70755938</b>	<b>187</b>	<b>187</b>

Source: Mission Director, State Rural Employment Society, Meghalaya





TABLE NO: 8.4 A

District-Wise and Gender-wise work and wage earning under Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (MGNREGS) in Meghalaya during 2020-21

SL.No	District	Work Force				Wage Earning			
		Male Registered	Female Registered	Male Working	Female Working	Male Wage (in Rs)	Female Wage (in Rs)	Male Average (Col.7/5)	Female average (Col.8/6)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
1	East Khasi Hills	58003	97399	29583	69548	6005349	14118244	203	203
2	West Khasi Hills	67348	77355	32637	47410	6625311	9624230	203	203
3	South West Khasi Hills	21408	24594	14300	16477	2902900	3344831	203	203
4	Ri-Bhoi	57137	62823	40586	46589	8238958	9457567	203	203
5	West Jaintia Hills	37917	58367	18068	41498	3667804	8424094	203	203
6	East Jaintia Hills	18567	28814	7951	19509	1614053	3960327	203	203
7	West Garo Hills	111737	115622	75265	56607	15278795	11491221	203	203
8	East Garo Hills	39033	38844	31991	31870	6494173	6469610	203	203
9	South garo Hills	43257	42411	27398	10418	5561794	2114854	203	203
10	South West Garo Hills	48042	51812	31165	24239	6326495	4920517	203	203
11	North Garo Hills	52021	51305	39543	39774	8027229	8074122	203	203
<b>MEGHALAYA</b>		<b>554470</b>	<b>649346</b>	<b>348487</b>	<b>403939</b>	<b>70742861</b>	<b>81999617</b>	<b>203</b>	<b>203</b>

Source: Mission Director, State Rural Employment Society, Meghalaya

TABLE NO: 8.4 B

**District-Wise and Gender-wise work and wage earning under Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (MGNREGS) in Meghalaya during 2021-22**

Sl.No	District	Work Force				Wage Earning			
		Male Registered	Female Registered	Male Working	Female Working	Male Wage (in Rs)	Female Wage (in Rs)	Male Average (Col.7/5)	Female average (Col.8/6)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
1	East Khasi Hills	58457	100133	25876	66457	5847976	15019282	226	226
2	West Khasi Hills	68314	78923	30725	46902	6943850	10599852	226	226
3	South West Khasi Hills	21356	25203	15072	18561	3406272	4194786	226	226
4	Ri-Bhoi	58404	64596	33282	37733	7521732	8527658	226	226
5	West Jaintia Hills	38448	60205	14373	39893	3248298	9015818	226	226
6	East Jaintia Hills	18983	29810	7926	19943	1791276	4507118	226	226
7	West Garo Hills	114398	118560	76479	56235	17284254	12709110	226	226
8	East Garo Hills	40385	39967	33319	33602	7530094	7594052	226	226
9	South garo Hills	44587	44107	27599	10778	6237374	2435828	226	226
10	South West Garo Hills	48681	52481	32052	24642	7243752	5569092	226	226
11	North Garo Hills	52935	52399	39754	39921	8984404	9022146	226	226
<b>MEGHALAYA</b>		<b>564948</b>	<b>666384</b>	<b>336457</b>	<b>394667</b>	<b>76039282</b>	<b>89194742</b>	<b>226</b>	<b>226</b>

Source: Mission Director, State Rural Employment Society, Meghalaya



TABLE NO:8.5

State wise Distribution of Land Holdings by major size groups & gender  
as per Census of Land Holdings 2015-16

(Number in '000 )

(Area in '000 ha.)

Size Class		Meghalaya			India		
		MALE	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
Marginal	Number	74	48	123	85383	14716	100251
	Area	35	21	56	32659	5214	37923
Small	Number	41	19	60	22303	3469	25809
	Area	55	24	80	31286	4813	36151
Semi-medium	Number	29	11	40	12318	1645	13993
	Area	81	28	109	33182	4353	37619
Medium	Number	7	2	9	4995	543	5561
	Area	40	11	51	28586	3078	31810
Large	Number	Neg.	Neg.	Neg.	753	66	838
	Area	3	1	4	12071	1035	14314
All Size Groups	Number	152	80	232	125751	20439	146454
	Area	214	84	300	137784	18493	157817

Source: Agriculture census 2015-16

1. Total may not tally due to rounding off.
2. Neg. = negligible (i.e. less than 500 units/hectares).
3. Institutional holdings are added under 'T' (total).

TABLE NO: - 8.6

Number of Fishermen Population Engaged in Fisheries Activities, 2020-21 & 2021-22

State	Sector	Activities	Gender	Total no. of Population	
				2020-21	2021-22
MEGHALAYA	Inland	Full Time	Male	1925	1532
			Female	710	622
		Part Time	Male	3775	3603
			Female	2638	2539
		Occasional	Male	5480	5023
			Female	1461	1362
		Unspecified	Male	401	329
			Female	57	12
Grand Total			Male	11581	10487
			Female	4866	4535

Source: Directorate Of Fisheries



TABLE NO: 8.7

## District-Wise AAY and PHH Beneficiaries for the year 2021-22

SL.No	District	AAY		PHH		Total	
		Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	East Khasi Hills	47227	50139	221402	223314	268629	273453
2	West Khasi Hills	5108	5817	100460	97747	105568	103564
3	South West Khasi Hills	3852	4107	35641	34963	39493	39070
4	Ri-Bhoi	5670	5995	94114	90038	99784	96033
5	West Jaintia Hills	9664	10045	91179	92182	100843	102227
6	East Jaintia Hills	5009	5385	41614	43214	46623	48572
7	West Garo Hills	24494	25934	151961	148098	176455	174032
8	East Garo Hills	7593	7408	48486	46159	56079	53567
9	South Garo Hills	7451	7129	47469	45258	54920	52387
10	South West Garo Hills	17936	18151	47168	45462	65104	63613
11	North Garo Hills	8503	8399	54994	53233	63497	61632
<b>MEGHALAYA</b>		<b>142507</b>	<b>148482</b>	<b>934488</b>	<b>919688</b>	<b>1076995</b>	<b>1068150</b>

Source: Directorate of Food &amp; Civil Supplies Meghalaya, Shillong

TABLE NO: 8.8

## District -Wise No. of Beneficiaries under the Department of Social Welfare for the year 2019-20

Sl. No.	District	Name of Schemes			
		<i>Scheme for Adolescent Girls (S.AG)</i>	<i>Anganwadi Services (ICDS)</i>	<i>Scholarship to Handicapped Students</i>	
		<i>Beneficiaries</i>	<i>Beneficiaries</i>	<i>Beneficiaries</i>	
				<i>Male</i>	<i>Female</i>
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	East Khasi Hills	344	111247	186	251
2	West Khasi Hills	30	65087	172	142
3	South West Khasi Hills	62	21951	59	41
4	Ri Bhoi	181	44266	30	25
5	West Jaintia Hills	239	57606	133	134
6	East Jaintia Hills	135	27741	0	1
7	West Garo Hills	304	79840	102	111
8	East Garo Hills	38	33039	20	13
9	South Garo Hills	44	22862	23	24
10	South West Garo Hills	34	28717	13	11
11	North Garo Hills	50	25826	10	11
	<b>Meghalaya</b>	<b>1461</b>	<b>518182</b>	<b>748</b>	<b>764</b>

Source: Department of Social Welfare, Meghalaya, Shillong.





TABLE NO:8.8A

District -Wise No. of Beneficiaries under the Department of Social Welfare for the year 2020-21

Sl. No.	District	Name of Schemes			
		Scheme for Adolescent Girls (S.AG)	Anganwadi Services (ICDS)	Scholarship to Handicapped Students	
		Beneficiaries	Beneficiaries	Beneficiaries	
				Male	Female
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	East Khasi Hills	180	111139	139	95
2	West Khasi Hills	10	65127	73	77
3	South West Khasi Hills	19	22372	11	22
4	Ri Bhoi	128	44065	25	20
5	West Jaintia Hills	105	56269	106	55
6	East Jaintia Hills	74	27349	0	0
7	West Garo Hills	142	78993	77	70
8	East Garo Hills	28	34566	13	14
9	South Garo Hills	14	23530	20	10
10	South West Garo Hills	12	28557	9	8
11	North Garo Hills	63	26368	8	4
<b>Meghalaya</b>		<b>775</b>	<b>518335</b>	<b>481</b>	<b>375</b>

Source: Directorate of Social Welfare, Meghalaya, Shillong.

TABLE NO:8.8B

District -Wise No. of Beneficiaries under the Department of Social Welfare for the year 2021-22

Sl. No.	District	Name of Schemes			
		Scheme for Adolescent Girls (S.AG)	Anganwadi Services (ICDS)	Scholarship to Handicapped Students	
		Beneficiaries	Beneficiaries	Beneficiaries	
				Male	Female
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	East Khasi Hills	124	112825	136	78
2	West Khasi Hills	17	74392	136	94
3	South West Khasi Hills	14	23336	62	24
4	Ri Bhoi	124	50810	16	14
5	West Jaintia Hills	63	56859	41	32
6	East Jaintia Hills	45	28925	55	120
7	West Garo Hills	91	85356	83	90
8	East Garo Hills	2	36112	17	7
9	South Garo Hills	10	28711	24	13
10	South West Garo Hills	4	28577	15	10
11	North Garo Hills	20	29957	12	4
<b>Meghalaya</b>		<b>514</b>	<b>555860</b>	<b>597</b>	<b>486</b>

Source: Directorate of Social Welfare, Meghalaya, Shillong.



TABLE NO:8.9

## District Statistics of Institution for Disabled People in Meghalaya 2020-21 &amp; 2021-22.

Sl.No	Name of the District	Name of Institutions	Intake capacity	Enrolment				No. of Teachers			
				2020-21		2021-22		2020-21		2021-22	
				Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	East Khasi Hills	(1) Jyoti Sroat School,Laitum khrah,Shillong	250	139	97	125	71	5	19	5	20
		(2) Asha Rehabilitation Centre,Happy Valley,Shillong.	35	21	10	18	12	2	3	2	3
		(3) School & Centre for the Hearing Handicapped children,Laitumkhrah,Shillong	60	27	31	32	28	2	7	2	7
		(4) Bethany Society,Laitumkhrah,Shillong.	150	5	6	40	41	9	10	14	17
2	West Garo Hills	Monfort Centre for Education,Danakgre,Tura	0	109	83	94	107	8	45	14	39
Meghalaya			495	301	227	309	259	26	84	37	86

Source: Directorate of Social Welfare, Meghalaya, Shillong.





TABLE NO:8.9 A

## District Statistics of Institution for Juvenile Reforms 2020-21 &amp; 2021-22.

SL.No	Name of the District	Name of Institutions	Intake capacity	Enrolment				No. of Teachers			
				2020-21		2021-22		2020-21		2021-22	
				Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
2	East Khasi Hills	Observation Home Boys	100	56	0	15	0	1	0	1	0
		Observation Home Girls	50	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1
		Special Unit for Children with special needs, Boys	10	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
		Special Unit for Children with special needs, Girls	10	0	1	0	2	0	1	0	1
		Place of safety Home, Boys	50	39	0	35	0	0	0	0	0
		Place of safety Home, Girls	50	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
		Special Home ,Girls	50	2	0	4	0	0	1	0	1
		Special Home ,Boys	50	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	West Garo Hills	Observation Home Girls	26	14	0	36	0	1	0	1	0

Source: Directorate of Social Welfare, Meghalaya, Shillong.

**TABLE NO: 8.10**  
**Social Welfare Scheme, Women Empowerment Programme, Women and Child Welfare 2020-2021.**

In Nos

SL.No	Particulars	Reference year	Units ( No)	East Khasi Hills	Ri Bhoi	West Khasi Hills	South West Khasi Hills	East Jaintia Hills	West Jaintia Hills	West Garo Hills	South West Garo Hills	North Garo Hills	East Garo Hills	South Garo Hills	Eastern West Khasi Hills
<b>Women and child Welfare 2020-21</b>															
1	Integrated Child Development Project	2020-21	41	9	3	4	2	2	3	7	2	2	3	4	2
2	Anganwadi Centre	2020-21	5893	1285	519	306	241	231	427	1059	421	390	405	330	279
3	Beneficiary of pre School Education	2020-21	222115	52719	20573	10145	10095	12880	25265	35033	11996	10727	14716	10368	7598
4	Male	2020-21	111943	26499	10438	5168	5260	6519	12875	17673	6108	5358	7403	4759	3883
5	Female	2020-21	110172	26220	10135	4977	4835	6361	12390	17360	5888	5369	7313	5609	3715
6	Other Informatio														
a	Chief Minister's Social Assistant Scheme for persons with disabilities	2020-21	13205	3140	1046	463	524	523	1299	2834	839	773	685	542	537
b	Chief Minister's Social Assistant Scheme for Infirm	2020-21	62709	10098	4070	2256	1781	1794	3356	13106	8207	6934	6696	2196	2215
c	Chief Minister Social Assistant Scheme for Single Mother	2020-21	34273	8135	3029	1358	849	1684	1788	6676	2786	2929	2506	1536	997
d	Wedding Assistance for orphaned girls	2020-21	19	0	0	2	0	2	0	7	0	0	0	8	0
e	Token Relief Grants to Persons with disabilities	2020-21	43	0	5	0	0	0	8	0	0	10	10	10	0
f	Scholarship to Students with disabilities	2020-21	856	234	45	150	33	0	161	147	17	12	27	30	0

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SL.No	Particulars	Reference year	Units (No)	East Khasi Hills	Ri Bhoi	West Khasi Hills	South West Khasi Hills	East Jaintia Hills	West Jaintia Hills	West Garo Hills	South West Garo Hills	North Garo Hills	East Garo Hills	South Garo Hills	Eastern West Khasi Hills
g	Implementation of Disability Act, 1995 (Book Grants, Uniform Grant, Conveyance Allowance & Unemployment Allowance).	2020-21	1507	518	94	220	13	96	26	348	55	24	19	94	0
h	Assistant to person with disabilities for vocational training/self-employment	2020-21	56	0	5	8	0	0	8	0	5	10	10	10	0
i	Medical treatment to the Aged	2020-21	342	15	18	24	18	160	3	0	0	0	95	9	0
j	International Day of older Persons	2020-21	1100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	0
k	Grant in aid to voluntary organisation working in the field of child welfare	2020-21	825	120	5	47	0	27	248	55	63	121	0	139	0
l	Grant in aid to voluntary organisation for setting up training centres for women and care of their children	2020-21	2410	640	256	22	0	150	536	47	351	250	85	73	0
m	Grant in aid to voluntary organisation working for welfare of persons with disabilities welfare	2020-21	1108	135	206	478	164	0	113	0	0	0	12	0	0
n	Grant in aid to voluntary organisation for care of destitute, widows, aged and infirm women	2020-21	250	250	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
o	Grant in aid to voluntary organisation for protective homes and anti-Drug Campaign	2020-21	2616	425	500	71	300	0	800	0	0	220	300	0	0

Source: Directorate of Social Welfare, Meghalaya, Shillong

**TABLE NO :8.10A**  
**Social Welfare Scheme, Women Empowerment Programme, Women and Child Welfare 2021-2022.**

In Nos.

SL.No	Particulars	Reference year	Units ( No)	East Khasi Hills	Ri Bhoi	West Khasi Hills	South West Khasi Hills	East Jaintia Hills	West Jaintia Hills	West Garo Hills	South West Garo Hills	North Garo Hills	East Garo Hills	South Garo Hills	Eastern West Khasi Hills
<b>Women and child Welfare 2021-22</b>															
1	Integrated Child Development Project	2021-22	41	9	3	2	2	2	3	7	2	2	3	4	2
2	Anganwadi Centre	2021-22	5895	1286	520	305	241	232	427	1059	421	390	405	330	279
3	Beneficiary of pre School Education	2021-22	230759	51284	20964	14170	10111	12634	24361	34830	11931	11282	14394	9946	14852
4	Male	2021-22	117289	25979	10590	7181	5252	6434	12337	17671	6136	5697	7307	4990	7715
5	Female	2021-22	113470	25305	10374	6989	4859	6200	12024	17159	5795	5585	7087	4956	7137
6	Other Information														
a	Chief Minister's Social Assistant Scheme for persons with disabilities	2021-22	13205	3140	1046	463	524	523	1299	2834	839	773	685	542	537
b	Chief Minister's Social Assistant Scheme for Infirm	2021-22	63132	10131	4070	2256	1781	1794	3356	13398	8287	6934	6696	2214	2215
c	Chief Minister Social Assistant Scheme for Single Mother	2021-22	34539	8190	3029	1358	849	1684	1788	6801	2856	2929	2506	1552	997
d	Wedding Assistance for orphaned girls	2021-22	4	0	1	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
e	Token Relief Grants to Persons with disabilities	2021-22	37	0	5	8	0	0	8	0	0	0	6	10	0
f	Scholarship to Students with disabilities	2021-22	1083	214	30	230	86	11	237	173	25	16	24	37	0

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SL.No	Particulars	Reference year	Units (No)	East Khasi Hills	Ri Bhoi	West Khasi Hills	South West Khasi Hills	East Jaintia Hills	West Jaintia Hills	West Garo Hills	South West Garo Hills	North Garo Hills	East Garo Hills	South Garo Hills	Eastern West Khasi Hills
g	Implementation of Disability Act, 1995 (Book Grants, Uniform Grant, Conveyance Allowance & Unemployment Allowance).	2021-22	1699	419	74	246	35	94	47	526	74	55	19	110	0
h	Assistant to person with disabilities for vocational training/self-employment	2021-22	73	10	5	8	0	10	0	0	10	10	10	10	0
i	Medical treatment to the Aged	2021-22	631	12	20	37	119	218	15	16	0	4	38	152	
j	International Day of older Persons	2021-22	1100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	0
k	Grant in aid to voluntary organisation working in the field of child welfare	2021-22	2801	25	0	31	1045	50	1110	90	164	0	0	286	0
l	Grant in aid to voluntary organisation for setting up training centres for women and care of their children	2021-22	2500	510	30	39	350	126	377	15	351	500	170	32	0
m	Grant in aid to voluntary organisation working for welfare of persons with disabilities welfare	2021-22	1587	220	220	801	166	0	100	50	30	0	0	0	0
n	Grant in aid to voluntary organisation for care of destitute, widows, aged and infirm women	2021-22	400	50	0	0	200	150	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
o	Grant in aid to voluntary organisation for protective homes and anti-Drug Campaign	2021-22	4093	658	0	0	930	50	1450	0	0	240	665	100	0

Source: Directorate of Social Welfare, Meghalaya, Shillong

**TABLE NO: 8.11**  
**District -Wise Physical Achievement Under National Social Assistance Programme in Meghalaya**  
**During 2020-21 & 2021-22.**

(Nos)

Districts	2020-2021	2021-2022
	Indira Gandhi National widow Pension Scheme (Nos)	Indira Gandhi National widow Pension Scheme (Nos)
East Garo Hills	410	410
East Jaintia Hills	276	280
East Khasi Hills	2427	2353
North Garo Hills	202	206
Ri Bhoi	1456	1368
South Garo Hills	281	324
South West Garo Hills	179	203
South West Khasi Hills	371	371
West Garo Hills	1034	1048
West Jaintia Hills	351	357
West Khasi Hills	865	878
Eastern West Khasi Hills	0	0
<b>Meghalaya</b>	<b>7852</b>	<b>7798</b>

N.B Achievement of West Khasi Hills is inclusive of Eastern West Khasi Hills District as the Eastern West Khasi Hills is yet to be incorporated in the MIS

**Source: Directorate of Community & Rural Development, Meghalaya, Shillong.**

**TABLE NO: 8.12**  
**Case Registered at Meghalaya State Commission For Women**

Sl no	Nature of Case	April 2015- March 2016	April 2016- March 2017	April 2017- March 2018	April 2018- March 2019	April 2019- March 2020	April 2020- March 2021	April 2021- March 2022
1	Assault	0	0	5	5	8	5	3
2	Attempted rape	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
3	Cyber Crime	0	3	3	3	4	0	2
4	Domestic Violence including maintenance	64	100	87	107	109	77	48
5	Harassment	4	6	8	15	6	4	3
6	Kidnapping	0	0	0	1	1	1	1
7	other complaints	22	25	22	18	35	28	13
8	Rape	0	5	6	4	9	3	0
9	Rape and murder	1	6	0	1	1	1	0
10	Molestation	0	0	0	0	4	1	0
11	Suicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12	Murder	0	3	1	2	1	4	1
13	Missing	1	1	3	2	0	2	0
14	Sexual harassment	3	2	4	0	0	1	0
15	Sexual harassment at work Place	0	0	0	0	0	1	2
16	Suo Moto Case ( Death of a woman)	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
17	Trafficking	0	1	0	1	0	0	0
18	Threatened	0	0	0	2	3	0	2
<b>Total</b>		<b>95</b>	<b>152</b>	<b>139</b>	<b>161</b>	<b>182</b>	<b>130</b>	<b>75</b>

**Source : Meghalaya State Commission For Women**







TABLE NO: 8.13

District-wise Progress under EDUCATION LOAN Report of Meghalaya during the FY 2021-2022 &amp; (Out Standing) O/S as on date 31-12-2021

(Amount in Rs.Lakhs)

SI No.	District Name	Sanctioned No	of which girl student Sanctioned No	Sanctioned Amt	of which girl student Sanctioned Amt	Disb. Number	of which girl student Disb No	Disb. Amt	of which girl student Disb Amt	OS No	of which girl student OS No	OS amt	of which girl student OS Amt
1	East Garo Hills	8	5	9.84	6.58	14	7	32.39	11.45	41	14	103.27	26.06
2	East Jaintia Hills	0	0	0	0	3	3	10.41	10.41	40	21	115.64	49.12
3	East Khasi Hills	172	72	1386.27	468.91	716	338	3853.24	1315.25	2280	1211	10418	4258.67
4	North Garo Hills	0	0	0	0	2	1	5.49	2.88	10	3	37.72	15.61
5	Ri-Bhoi	18	7	34.31	20.24	84	52	269.58	165.55	284	197	904.66	562.32
6	South Garo Hills	2	1	6.91	3.87	4	2	13.72	3.14	6	3	21.82	8.05
7	South West Garo Hills	3	3	9	9	3	3	4.2	4.2	5	5	8.66	8.66
8	South West Khasi Hills	5	4	8.45	4.61	20	11	36.9	17.67	54	36	110.32	63.61
9	West Garo Hills	23	15	39.91	25.98	73	37	278.46	95.33	212	101	687.11	278.67
10	West Jaintia Hills	17	9	29.11	20.98	41	25	85.54	56.89	185	121	509.85	315.47
11	West Khasi Hills	7	3	14.86	7.27	64	39	190.56	114.69	273	177	706.71	447.34
	<b>Total</b>	<b>255</b>	<b>119</b>	<b>1538.66</b>	<b>567.44</b>	<b>1024</b>	<b>518</b>	<b>4780.49</b>	<b>1797.46</b>	<b>3390</b>	<b>1889</b>	<b>13623.8</b>	<b>6033.58</b>

Source :State level Bankers Committee Meetings

**TABLE NO: 8.14**  
**District-wise progress under Finance to WOMEN Report of Meghalaya during the FY 2021-2022 & O/S as on date 31-12-2021**

(Amount Rs. In Lakhs)					
Sl No.	District Name	O/S No.	O/S Amt.	CY Disb No.	CY Disb Amt.
1	East Garo Hills	4340	6448.39	1339	2645.03
2	East Jaintia Hills	1877	4193.96	671	1180.36
3	East Khasi Hills	58928	129490.95	14567	34881.95
4	North Garo Hills	2972	4736.63	671	1706.41
5	Ri-Bhoi	25999	33925.77	5036	8771.05
6	South Garo Hills	1130	2793.13	329	1261.22
7	South West Garo Hills	3758	4991.48	807	1628.99
8	South West Khasi Hills	1989	2876.95	606	1223.42
9	West Garo Hills	14911	29745.87	3813	9736.54
10	West Jaintia Hills	8902	16047.44	2111	4560.2
11	West Khasi Hills	10053	11288.39	2762	3268.85
<b>Grand</b>	<b>Total</b>	<b>134859</b>	<b>246538.96</b>	<b>32712</b>	<b>70864.02</b>

**Source :State level Bankers Committee Meetings**





TABLE NO: 8.15

District-wise progress under Pradhan Mantri Jan-Dhan Yojana (PMJDY) report of Meghalaya as on date 31-12-2021

(Amount Rs. in Lakhs)

SI No.	District Name	Rural No	Urban No	Male No	Female No	Total PMJDY No.	No of Zero Balance A/c	Amt Deposits held in the A/c	No of Rupay Card Issued	No of Rupay Card Activated	No of Aadhaar Seeded
1	East Garo Hills	18991	7292	10363	15920	26283	1409	690.8	25511	16923	509
2	East Jaintia Hills	34965	1578	14163	22380	36543	1139	2696.95	18656	10304	1036
3	East Khasi Hills	88278	49472	56687	81063	137750	7171	15737.81	75285	42049	13257
4	North Garo Hills	39117	3706	18291	24532	42823	692	887.11	41277	30266	350
5	Ri-Bhoi	45916	8849	21760	33005	54765	2263	4461.22	35908	15954	3204
6	South Garo Hills	12480	3304	6316	9468	15784	435	476.89	12648	8762	42
7	South West Garo Hills	39519	3553	19676	23396	43072	1036	1527.5	37547	23402	1029
8	South West Khasi Hills	18282	1380	7098	12564	19662	1797	2317.29	12813	10201	202
9	West Garo Hills	140796	18492	66841	92447	159288	6307	8490.92	143191	82176	8431
10	West Jaintia Hills	48721	15016	22010	41700	63710	2289	6050.33	35726	15589	2223
11	West Khasi Hills	64484	7385	30473	41396	71869	2482	4749.98	30701	11680	4638
<b>Meghalaya</b>		<b>551549</b>	<b>120027</b>	<b>273678</b>	<b>397871</b>	<b>671549</b>	<b>27020</b>	<b>48086.8</b>	<b>469263</b>	<b>267306</b>	<b>34921</b>

Source :State level Bankers Committee Meetings



TABLE NO: 8.16

District-wise Stand Up India (SUI) report of Meghalaya during the FY2021-2022 &amp; O/S as on date 31-12-2021

(Amount Rs. in Lakhs)

Sl No.	District Name	Current Year No. of Female Account	Current Year Sum of Female Amount	Current Year No. of Male Account to SC	Current Year Sum of Male Amount to SC	Current Year No. of Male Account to ST	Current Year Sum of Male Amount to ST	Total Current Year SUI Disb No.	Total Current Year SUI Disb Amount	SUI O/S No.	SUI O/S Amt.	SUI NPA No.	SUI NPA Amt.	SUI NPA Amt. %
1	East Garo Hills	0	0	1	10.12	0	0	1	10.12	1	9.9	0	0	0
2	East Jaintia Hills	3	31	1	10	1	10	5	51	14	335.5	0	0	0
3	East Khasi Hills	46	517.06	14	218	27	499.23	87	1234.29	211	2894	7	60.77	2.1
4	North Garo Hills	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5	Ri-Bhoi	15	121.26	2	20	2	24	19	165.26	49	865.8	4	59.9	6.92
6	South Garo Hills	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	5.42	0	0	0
7	South West Garo Hills	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	51.72	0	0	0
8	South West Khasi Hills	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	9.47	0	0	0
9	West Garo Hills	5	72.03	1	23.82	4	0	10	95.85	13	225.1	4	49.22	21.87
10	West Jaintia Hills	9	305.06	2	21	13	492.62	24	818.68	109	1842	3	53.35	2.9
11	West Khasi Hills	4	81.06	0	0	0	0	4	81.06	7	95	0	0	0
<b>Meghalaya</b>		<b>82</b>	<b>1127.47</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>302.94</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>1025.85</b>	<b>150</b>	<b>2456.26</b>	<b>409</b>	<b>6333</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>223.2</b>	<b>3.52</b>

Source :State level Bankers Committee Meetings

